May 7, 1761. NUMB. 1689.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *March* 3, 1761.

Weſtminſter, March 3.

HIS Majeſty gave the Royal Aſſent to ſeveral public, and 23 private Acts; after which His Majeſty was pleaſed to make the following Moſt Gracious Speech.

My LORDS *and* GENTLEMEN,

UPON granting new Commiſſions to the Judges, the preſent State of their Offices fell naturally under Conſideration.

In Conſequence of the Act paſſed in the Reign of my late glorious Predeceſſor King WILLIAM the Third, for ſettling the Succeſſion to the Crown in my Family, their Commiſſions have been made during their good Behaviour; but, notwithſtanding that wiſe Proviſion, their Offices have determined upon the Demiſe of the Crown, or at the Expiration of ſix Months afterwards, in every Inſtance of that Nature which has happened.

I look upon the Independency and Uprightneſs of the Judges of the Land, as eſſential to the impartial Adminiſtration of Juſtice, as one of the beſt Securities to the Rights and Liberties of my loving Subjects; and as moſt conducive to the Honour of the Crown; and I come now to recommend this intereſting Object to the Conſideration of Parliament, in order that ſuch further Proviſion may be made, for ſecuring the Judges in the Enjoyment of their Offices, during their good Behaviour, notwithſtanding any ſuch Demiſe, as ſhall be moſt expedient.

GENTLEMEN *of the* HOUSE *of* COMMONS,

I muſt deſire of you in particular, that I may be enabled to grant and eſtabliſh upon the Judges ſuch Salaries, as I ſhall think proper, ſo as to be abſolutely ſecured to them, during the Continuance of their Commiſſions.

My LORDS *and* GENTLEMEN,

I have nothing to add, but my Thanks for the great Unanimity and Application, with which you have carried on the public Buſineſs, and to deſire you to proceed with the ſame good Diſpoſition, and with ſuch Diſpatch, that this Seſſion may be ſoon brought to a happy Concluſion.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold at the New-Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet *(Price Two Shillings)* the following LAWS, viz.

An ACT *to enable the Owners and Poſſeſſors of the Meadow at the Weſt Side of the Mouth of* Darby Creek, *by the River* Delaware, *in the Townſhip of* Ridley, *in* Cheſter *County, to keep the Banks, Dams, Sluices and Flood-gates in Repair for ever, and to raiſe a Fund to defray the Expence thereof.*

An ACT *to enable the Owners and Poſſeſſors of the Northern Diſtrict of* Kingſeſs *Meadow Land, in the County of* Philadelphia, *to keep the Banks, Dams, Sluices, and Flood-gates in Repair, and to raiſe a Fund to defray the Expence thereof.*

An ACT *for regulating Waggoners, Carters, Draymen and Porters within the City of* Philadelphia, *and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.*

An ACT *to regulate the Aſſize of Bread.*

An ACT *to enable* Thomas Yorke, James Child, Daniel Rundle, Peter Chevalier, *and* Enoch Story, *or any three of them, to ſell the Provincial Ship of War.*

An ACT *to enable certain Truſtees to ſell Lands in the County of* Philadelphia, *in Truſt, for the Uſe of the Miniſter of* Oxford *Church, and to receive the voluntary Donations of the Inhabitants, and with the Monies ariſing therefrom to purchaſe other Lands, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſe.*

An ACT *for laying a Duty on* Negroes *and* Mulattoe *Slaves, imported into this Province.*

An ACT *for making the River* Schuylkill *navigable, and for the Preſervation of the Fiſh in the ſaid River.*

An ACT *for the Preſervation of Fiſh in the Rivers* Delaware, Saſquehannah, *and the* Lehigh, *commonly called the Weſtern Branch of* Delaware.

An ACT *for raiſing, paying and cloathing, Three Hundred Men, properly officered, for relieving the ſeveral Forts and Poſts, within the Communication to* Pittſburgh, *and for continuing an Act for regulating the Officers and Soldiers in the Pay of this Province.*

A SUPPLEMENT *to an Act, intituled, "An Act "for laying a Duty on Negroes and Mulattoe Slaves, import- "into this Province."*

A SUPPLEMENT *to an Act, intituled, "An Act to "prevent the Exportation of bad or unmerchantable Staves, "Heading, Boards and Timber."*

THE Managers of the GERMANTOWN SCHOOL LOTTERY, having ſent Part of their Tickets into other Governments for Sale, the Advice of which they have been diſappointed of, and cannot poſſibly have in leſs than two or three Weeks, therefore are obliged to poſtpone the Drawing till the 8th of next Month, when it will be certainly drawn at Philadelphia, without further Delay; in the mean Time the few Tickets yet unſold may be purchaſed of the Managers, at their reſpective Dwelling-houſes, and of David Hall, William Bradford, and William Dunlap, Printers, in Philadelphia.

Be it publickly known to all Manner of Perſons,

THAT I gave unto Uncle Uncles, in Maryland, three Hundred Pound Bonds; but I will pay none of them, leſt any Perſon may be deceived as well as I; for he pretended to ſell me a Plantation in Maryland, a great Part of which belonged to another Man. Witneſs my Hand this 24th Day of April, 1761.

¶ JACOB HOOFMAN.

Wilmington STAGE BOAT.

WHEREAS the Subſcriber having provided himſelf with a convenient Stage Boat, propoſes to carry Goods and Paſſengers once every Week to and from Wilmington; to leave Philadelphia on Wedneſdays, and return from Wilmington on Saturdays to the Crooked Billet Wharff, where Goods will be received, and taken proper Care of, by the Publick's humble Servant,

JACOB RUSH.

N. B. She has good Accommodations for Paſſengers. ¶

To be ſold by publick Vendue, on the Premiſes, by

JOHN ASHMEAD,

On Saturday, the 16th Day of May inſtant,

ABOUT 80 Acres of Land, divided into Lots of about 6 Acres each, three of which are Wood Land; the Whole beautifully ſituated on a high Hill, on the Weſt Side of Germantown, overlooking the Town, and on a Road leading from thence to Vandeering's Mill and the Falls of Schuylkill. Alſo 2 Lots, now in the Tenure or Occupation of Thomas Carvel, one of 3, the other of one and an Half Acres; on both of which is a young Orchard, fenced and ditched in: And one other Lot, of three and an Half Acres, now in the Tenure of Samuel M'Call, ſenior; which ſaid Lot is now advertiſed in the Pennſylvania Journal, to be ſold by ſaid M'Call, under a Rent of Six Shillings per Acre; of which all Perſons inclining to purchaſe are hereby cautioned to beware, as the ſaid M'Call has no legal Title thereto.

A Plan of the Whole to be ſeen at the London Coffee-Houſe, and at the ſaid John Aſhmead's, at the Houſe of Benjamin Mifflin, near the Drawbridge.

N. B. Said Mifflin has two lots yet to diſpoſe of, on and near Schuylkill; one about 39 Acres, and the other about 18 Acres.

HENRY MILLER, Printer,

In Second-ſtreet, the ſecond Houſe from Race-ſtreet, next Door to Mr. *Paris*'s, at the Sign of the *Indian* and *Tobacco Pipe*;

PERFORMS, in a neat and correct Manner, all Sorts of PRINTING-WORK, at the moſt reaſonable Rates. *Engliſh and German* ADVERTISEMENTS done by him moſt expeditiouſly.

He TRANSLATES *Engliſh, German, French, Dutch,* &c.

He has not only for many Years exerciſed the Art of Printing in the beſt Printing-houſes in *England, Scotland* and *Ireland, Germany, France* and *Holland*; but alſo 18 Years ago worked at *Benjamin Franklin*'s Eſq; and 7, 8, and 9 Years ago, at Meſſieurs *Hall*'s and *Bradford*'s, at *Philadelphia*, and *Chriſtopher Sowr*'s, deceaſed, at *Germantown*.

N. B. To avoid Miſtakes, pleaſe to diſtinguiſh between *Peter Miller*, the Writer, and *Henry Miller*, the Printer; and to take particular Notice of the above Direction, and my Sign, with the Name on it.

Henrich Miller,
Buchdrücker,

in der Zweyten-ſtraſſe, im zweyten Hauſe von der Rees-ſtraſſe, neben Hrn. Paris, zum Indianer und Tabackspfeiffe;

VERfertiget allerhand Buchdrucker-Arbeit, ſehr zierlich, correct, und um einen billigen Preis. Engliſch und Deutſche Bekanntmachungen krigt man bey ihm am geſchwindeſten und beſten gemacht.

Er überſetzt Engliſch, Deutſch, Franzöſiſch, Holländiſch, ꝛc.

Er hat nicht nur die Buchdruckerkunſt viel Jahre in den beſten Druckereyen in Deutſchland, England, Schottland, Irland, Frankreich und Holland getrieben; ſondern ſchon vor 18 Jahren bey Benjamin Franklin, Eſq. und vor 7, 8 und 9 Jahren bey den Herren Hall und Bradford zu Philadelphia, und dem verſtorbenen Hrn. Chriſtoph Saur zu Germantown, gearbeitet.

NB. Irrung zu vermeiden, beliebe man Peter Müller den Schreiber von Henrich Miller dem Buchdrucker zu unterſcheiden; und obige Anzeige, nebſt meinem Schilde mit dem Namen darauf, wohl zu merken.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, &c. and to be ſold cheap, for caſh or ſhort credit, by

GARRETT MEADE,

At his ſtore in Walnut-ſtreet, next door to Mr. James Claypoole's,

OZenbrigs, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheeting, 7-8ths and yd. wd. Iriſh linen, brown roles, buckram, 10 and 11 nail, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and yd. and 3-8ths check, thickſets, pillow fuſtians, ſuperfine dyed jeans, clouting diaper, counterpanes, dowlas, dyed Ruſſia drabs, brown holland, ſhaloons of all colours, croſs-barred camblets, worſted damaſks, calimancoes, ſaggathies, ſuperfine broadcloths, breeches patterns, nankeens, bags of baſket buttons, plain and figured gartering, ſtock and Dreſden tape, ſtriped cotton ditto, cocoa ſtick, bone and ivory fans, coloured thread, baladines, beſt ſilk laces, ſewing ſilk of all colours, 8, 10 and 12-qr. cotton laces, wire waiſtcoat and ſhirt buttons, a neat aſſortment of broad and narrow figured ribbons, nonſopretties, wax ear-rings and necklaces, gauze caps, ſtriped cotton hollands, damaſk tablecloths, India, culgee, kenting and muſlin handkerchiefs, blue and white Scotch ditto, minionet and Sileſia flowered lawns, demy cambricks, yd. wd. and 7-8ths clear lawns, long lawns, a great variey of dark ground chints, printed calicoes and cottons, yd. ell and 6-qr. wide muſlins, India taffeties, grograms, cotton romals, black ſattin, blue Engliſk damaſk, ſtriped luteſtrings, black paduaſoys, mens and womens cotton, thread and ſilk hoſe, Cyprus and flowered gauze, womens white kid mitts and gloves, lined with ſattin, and flouriſhed, ſattin bonnets, Leghorn hats, ſilver paper ditto, mens and boys felt hats, pins and needles of all ſorts, an aſſortment of hard ware, beſt London ſteel, playing cards, large peſt, fools cap and pott paper, ſealing wax and Homan's ink powder, childrens Morocco leather ſhoes, china well ſorted in cheſts, metzitintoes and fancy'd paintings, neatly framed. He has alſo to ſell, double and ſingle refined loaf ſugar, high proof Barbados rum, and a few barrels of old cane juice ſhrub.

JOHN BARTLETT,

At his OFFICE, oppoſite Meſſieurs Scott and M'Michael's, and next Door to Mr. William Turner's Store,

DRAWS Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Bonds, Powers of Attorney, Bills of Lading, Bills of Sale, Articles of Agreement, &c. Merchants, Dealers and Shop-keepers Books carefully poſted, and Accounts drawn out.

WHERE alſo may be had, BLANKS of all Sorts, INK-POWDER, &c. &c. Tbc. 2 M.

To be SOLD, for Current Money, Sterling, or Bills of Exchange, the following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, Maryland, viz.

ONE Tract called Turkey Thicket, containing 100 Acres, on which there is a fine large Bottom for Meadow Ground. One other Tract of Land called Locuſt Thicket, containing 190 odd Acres, on which there may be made 20 or 30 Acres of good Meadow. Both Tracts lying on Manocoſy River, 12 Miles from Frederick-Town, and a good Waggon Road to each.

Whoever is inclinable to purchaſe, may ſee the Premiſes by applying to Nathaniel Wickham, jun. living near them; and the Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subſcriber, in Prince George's County. GEORGE GORDON. ¶

Juſt imported in the Ship Fanny, and other Veſſels from London, and to be ſold, on the moſt reaſonable Terms, by

JOHN SEARSON,

At his Store in Third-ſtreet, next Door but one to the Corner Houſe of Market-ſtreet,

A NEAT aſſortment of European and India goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, among which are, Iriſh linen and checks, boxes of china and glaſs ware, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves and mace, ſilver watches, Weſton's ſnuff, cutlery, muſlins, cambricks and lawns, tea-kettles, diaper tablecloths, taffeties, pictures painted on glaſs, of Wolfe, Pitt, the Elements, Harvey, Rural Pieces, &c. book tea cheſts, an aſſortment of pewter, womens chip, ſilver paper and ſattin hats, ſaggathies, nankeens, calimancoes, camblets, tammies, durants, bibles, teſtaments, Dilworth's ſpelling books, ink-powder, ſealing-wax, quills, paper, &c. &c. &c. ‡

At GIBSON's *Ribbon Warehouſe,*

At Captain Henderſon's, in Front-ſtreet, over the Drawbridge, and next Door to Mr. Samuel M'Call's, for Caſh or ſhort Credit,

PLAIN and figured ribbons of all ſorts, ferrits, Briſtol and baladine laces, ſcarlet cloth cloaks, ſcarlet cloth cardinals trimmed, duffil do. figured mode cardinals trimmed, white figured mode flights, polanees, plain ſattin hats, trimmed mode do. trimmed ſattin do. trimmed perſian do. ſattin bonnets trimmed, mantua do. coloured ſattin Brunſwick do. flounced paper hats, ſattin and velvet muffs, ſquirrel muffs and tippets mixed, all ſquirrel do. ſorted colours, ſilk mitts trimmed, black lace, blond do. coloured garland do. ſewing ſilks, mens black and white ſilk ſtockings, double laced ruffles, treble do. laced handkerchiefs, ditto with blond, flounced ſilk do. ſetts of ſtomachers and knots, rich compleat do. egrets, dreſſed caps, fly do. ditto with lappets, cambricks, lawns, minionets. Tbctf.

April 22, 1761.

WHEREAS ſundry Notices and Advertiſements have been given to all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Robert Hartſhorne, Eſq; late of the City of Burlington, deceaſed, upon Book, or for Bills of Coſt and Attorney's Fees, to come in and ſettle and diſcharge the ſame, which Notices have, in a Manner, been diſregarded; this is therefore once more to requeſt all Perſons that are indebted to ſaid Eſtate as above to diſcharge and ſettle their Accounts with me on or before the firſt Day of July next enſuing the Date hereof, otherwiſe they may depend upon their Accounts being put into a Lawyer's Hands, for the immediate Recovery thereof. HANNAH HARTSHORNE, Adminiſtratrix. ¶

Juſt imported in the laſt Veſſels from London and Liverpool, and to be ſold cheap, for ready Money or ſhort Credit, by

BENJAMIN MORGAN,

At his Store, in Water-ſtreet, oppoſite Thomas Clifford's,

A NEAT Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon. Tbc. 6 W.

LATELY came to the Plantation of the Subſcriber, in Manor Townſhip, Lancaſter County, A grey Mare, between 14 and 15 Hands high, a natural Trotter, branded on the near Buttock I C, but very imperfect, with a Slit in her near Ear, about 14 or 15 Years of Age. The Owner proving his Property, and paying Expences, may have her again. ARTHUR ORR. ¶

TO be ſold, by publick Vendue, at the Dwelling-houſe of William Long, in Earl Townſhip, Lancaſter County, on the Horſe-ſhoe Road, on Friday, the 22d Day of May inſtant, A great Number of good Horſes, Mares, Stallions, Waggons, Gears, and Sheep. Where Attendance, and ſix Months Credit, will be given by ROBERT LONG. ¶

Caſſel, Jan. 22. Notwithſtanding the Badneſs of the Seaſon, the Marſhal Duke is continually in Motion, in order to render the Retaking of Gottingen more difficult to the Enemy. He has diſpoſed the Cantonments in ſuch a Manner, that the Army may re-aſſemble in five or ſix Days, if there ſhould be Occaſion to march up to the Enemy; but the Rains which have ſucceſſively followed ſlight Froſts, have ſpoiled the Roads to ſuch a Degree, that we need not be in any Pain about Gottingen. The Rumour of Prince Ferdinand's quitting the Command of the Army appears to be groundleſs. The Marſhal Duke finds it very difficult to procure Subſiſtence; but Prince Ferdinand's Army fares much worſe. The Hanoverians ſome Weeks have no freſh Meat. The Engliſh Soldiers complain that the Seamen, who have much higher Pay, are ſtill better victualled; Cheeſe, Beer, Hay and Straw, in ſhort, every Thing muſt come to them from England.

Prague, Jan. 18. There is no other ſuſpenſion of arms concluded between the generals Laudohn and Goltz, in Sileſia, than that he who firſt deſigns to act, ſhall give the other 24 hours notice.

Leipſic, Jan. 19. Notwithſtanding what has been ſaid, our magiſtrates and merchants, who had been arreſted by orders from his Pruſſian majeſty, are not yet releaſed; and as ſeveral merchants had abſented themſelves, and have refuſed to obey a ſummons, requiring their return, their book-keepers, and ſome of their domeſtics, have been cloſely confined. Though the public have lately been amuſed with a rumour of peace, yet every thing is preparing for a vigorous campaign: It is certain that his Pruſſian majeſty neglects no means for having on foot more numerous armies than he has had ſince the commencement of the war.

It is aſſured that Prince Henry, who is ſtill at Glogau, is again to command the army deſtined to act in Sileſia, and will open the campaign very early, that he may, by that means, be able to ſecond the operations of the King his brother, according as circumſtances may require. Recruits are daily arriving here, who are exerciſed twice a day.

Frontiers of Saxony, Jan. 21. General Seidlitz, and ſeveral other principal officers, are, by order of his Pruſſian Majeſty, repaired to Leipſic, which gives room to conjecture, that that monarch is meditating ſome grand enterprize; mean time it is certain, that the Pruſſians in Thuringia are in continual motion, in order to prevent the French from penetrating further on that ſide.

Hanover, Jan. 27. We have this day received advice, that the allied troops are poſted before Gottingen, and that 15,000 Pruſſians are arrived in that neighbourhood.

Paris, Jan. 20. *From the meaſures that are taking for the next campaign, it ſeems impoſſible that the enemy can ward off the blows that are meditating againſt them. But amidſt theſe projects, we know not what to think of the conduct of Spain. Our court are juſtly afraid, that they ſhall be obliged to divide their forces, and ſend ſome troops next ſpring towards Italy. The king of Spain, inſtead of poſtponing the adjuſting the affairs of that country, as we hoped, till a general peace, ſeems determined to avail himſelf of our preſent embarraſſment. Our court is well informed, that he is augmenting his forces by ſea and land, and that he is endeavouring to gain England to favour his deſign againſt the Auſtrian claims in Italy. This affair gives the more vexation and anxiety in the preſent ſituation of affairs, as the court were in expectation, by continuing the war a little longer, to be able to dictate peace on their own terms; well knowing, that the firſt reverſe of fortune would totally depreſs thoſe who are ſo much elevated by their ſucceſs.*

Coſlin, Jan. 31. General Werner is preparing to attack the Ruſſians, if they advance.

We learn from Mecklenbourg, that three battalions of Pruſſian infantry, and ſeven ſquadrons, had lately paſſed the Recknitz, in order to diſlodge the Swedes from that quarter.

Dingelſtadt, in the country of Eichsfeld, Jan. 31. We have juſt been viſited by a numerous detachment of the Allies under general Luckner, who has taken away all the horſes and carriages in our neighbourhood, and ſent them to Nordhauſen. The French are now doing the ſame thing in the county of Hohenſtein, and take hoſtages for ſecuring the Payment of the contributions they impoſe.

Cronach, Feb. 1. A few days ago major-general Wurtzburg ſtruck a fine ſtroke in his line, having made priſoners 1800 Pruſſian troops, who were about undertaking a general forage, and taken all their waggons and baggage. Hitherto we have no other particulars.

Francfort, Feb. 2. In the expedition which the French undertook a few days ago in the neighbourhood of Lipſtadt, they made near 900 priſoners, excluſive of 25 officers. The whole battalion of the Britiſh legion, which was at Stadtberg, with 13 officers, and one piece of cannon, fell into their hands. An Engliſh major, who commanded there, was killed, as he was defending himſelf in his chamber.

LONDON, January 27.

The Triton, Hardy, from Maryland to London, is taken and carried into Bayonne.

The Duke, -------, and the Hicks, Smith, both from Maryland, are arrived at Whitehaven.

Jan. 28. Letters from Breſlau of the 12th inſtant import, that an exchange of Pruſſian and Auſtrian priſoners, who amount to above 50,000 on both ſides, will certainly take place in that city next March.

By advices from all parts, the belligerant powers expect to have a bloody campaign open very early, in preparing for which all parties ſeem to have fixed their whole attention.

The Nancy and Molly, Kingſbay, from Maryland to London, is taken and carried into St. Malo's.

Jan. 29. The Prince Frederick, Robinſon, from Maryland to London, is taken and carried into St. Malo's.

Feb. 2. The large Dutch ſhip, mentioned in Saturday's papers, being on ſhore on the Goodwin Sands, was a Dutch man of war of 26 guns, and is loſt; but all the officers and crew are ſaved.

Admiralty-office, Jan. 30. Capt. Elphinſton, commander of his Majeſty's ſhip the Richmond, of 32 guns, and 220 men, being on a cruize upon the coaſt of Flanders, received intelligence, the 23d inſtant, of a French frigate, which had the day before taken and ranſomed the Dorothy and Eſther, William Benſon, maſter; capt. Elphinſton immediately went in queſt of her, and fell in with her about eleven o'clock the ſame night. She bore down upon the Richmond for a ſhort time after being in ſight; but then ſuddenly hawling her wind, endeavoured to get away. Capt. Elphinſton purſued, and came up with her about half paſt ten o'clock the next morning, when they began to engage, ſtanding towards the land; and at half paſt twelve both ſhips ran aſhore along-ſide of each other, ſtill continuing the engagement for a ſhort time, when the enemy fled from their quarters. The Richmond ſoon afterwards got on float, and being drove by the tide a little to leeward, the enemy quitted their ſhip, and eſcaped; but the ſhip is entirely deſtroyed. The French frigate was called the Felicite, and carried 32 guns; was bound to Martinico, with a cargo valued at 30,000 l. ſterling. Her conſort, the Harmonie, another French frigate, of the ſame force and value, was loſt coming out of Dunkirk. Capt. Dennell, commander of the Felicite, was killed in the engagement; and near 100 others of the enemy were killed or wounded. The Richmond had only three men killed, and 13 wounded.

Feb. 3. His Majeſty's ſhip the Loo, commanded by captain Penny, in a late cruize to the weſtward, retook, on the 23d of November, the Ruby brigantine, of Whitby, from Maryland bound to London, which had been taken the day before by a Bayonne privateer.

His Majeſty's ſhip the Monmouth, commanded by capt. Storr, is lately arrived at Plymouth from a cruize in the bay, in which ſhe retook the ſhip volunteer, from Virginia, laden with tobacco; and the ſnow Molly, from Carolina, laden with tar, turpentine, and rice; which had been taken by two Bayonne privateers.

Feb. 5. The Sarah, Perry, is arrived at Briſtol in ſix weeks from Virginia.

Feb. 9. The ------, Cooke, from Liverpool to Virginia, is taken and ranſomed for 2050 l. The ranſomer is arrived at Breſt.

Admiralty-Office, February 7.

Copy of a letter from capt. Alexander Hood, commander of his Majeſty's ſhip the Minerva, of 32 guns, and 220 men, to Mr. Cleveland, dated at Spithead the 3d of Feb. 1761.

I beg you will be pleaſed to acquaint the right hon. the Lords commiſſioners of the admiralty, that on the 23d of January, at day light, in the morning, being in the lat. of 45, 22 N. Cape Pines bearing S. by E. diſtant 30 leagues, I ſaw and gave chaſe to a large ſhip, ſteering to the weſtward, which I ſoon diſcovered to be an enemy of two decks. At twenty minutes after ten, with a freſh gale eaſterly, and a great ſea, I began a cloſe engagement with her; at eleven her main and fore-top-maſt went away, and ſoon after, ſhe came on board us on the ſtarboard bow, and then fell along-ſide; but the ſea ſoon parted us, when the enemy fell aſtern: About a quarter after eleven, the Minerva's bowſprit went away, and the foremaſt ſoon followed it: Theſe were very unfortunate accidents, and I almoſt deſpaired of being able to attack the enemy again; however, I cut the wreck away as ſoon as poſſible; and, about one o'clock, cleared the ſhip of it, by the loſs of one man, and the ſheet anchor. I then wore the ſhip, and ſtood for the enemy, who was then about three leagues to leeward of me. At four o'clock I came up cloſe to the enemy, and renewed the attack. About a quarter before five ſhe ſtruck, when poſſeſſion was taken of the Warwick, of 34 guns, but pierced for 60, the ſame as when ſhe belonged to his late Majeſty, commanded by M. le Veger de Belair, who has a King's commiſſion to rank as capt. of a fireſhip, having on board 295 men, 74 of which are a detachment of King's troops from the company of Beſſon, with two other officers, and four Paſſengers; the latter were deſtined for Pondicherry. She ſailed from Rochfort the 20th of January, and was bound to the iſle of France and Bourbon, loaded with proviſions, ammunition, and ſtores; and, by the account given, the enemy had 14 killed, and 32 wounded. In his Majeſty's ſhip, the numbers are, Mr. George Edwards, boatſwain, and 13 killed; and Mr. John Darracott, gunner, and 33 wounded: The former died on the 27th, and two ſeamen. I have given my thanks to the officers and crew of his Majeſty's ſhip for their firm and ſpirited behaviour; and I have great pleaſure in acquainting their Lordſhips with it. At nine o'clock the main-maſt of the Minerva went away; at eleven the mizen-maſt followed it. If the Edgar is arrived, capt. Drake muſt have acquainted their Lordſhips, that I took, on the 8th of January, the Ecureuil privateer, belonging to Bayonne, of 14 guns, and 122 men.

Feb. 10. On Friday laſt arrived at Weymouth, the Boſcawen, Webſter, from New-York, with priſoners for Havre de Grace.

Extract of a letter from Paris, Jan. 23.

"The ſhips which lately got out of the Villaine are happily arrived at Breſt.

"The Courageux, of 74 guns, is ſailed from that port, with ſeveral frigates, having on board 500 royal grenadiers; but we know not the deſtination of this ſmall ſquadron."

We learn, that though Colonel Crauford is going ſecond in command under General Hodgſon, and the place of their deſtination confidently believed to be the Weſt-Indies, his regiment of royal volunteers are to remain in England.

Feb. 11. The Politicians at the Hague, having loſt all Hopes of Peace, are now amuſing themſelves with Plans of a War in Italy, another in the North, and a third with the Turks.

Affairs in Sweden are in ſo tickliſh, as well as ſo tempeſtuous a ſtate, that ſome of the wiſeſt and moſt wealthy of the nobility have declined the office of ſenator, when propoſed by that body, and authenticated by the choice of the king.

They write from Warſaw, that the court are exceedingly alarmed, on diſcovering that the principal nobility of Poland are taking all poſſible precautions to elevate a Piaſt, or one of their own body, to the throne, upon the firſt vacancy.

Eight of the 20 gun frigates that are now almoſt compleated in the King's yards, it is ſaid, will be launched the beginning of next month. They are intended to look after the French privateers.

Several independent companies, draughts from the regiments, &c. are ordered to march to Portſmouth.

Feb. 12. On Friday laſt captain Elphinſton, of the Richmond man of war, who deſtroyed the Felicite frigate, had the honour to be introduced to his Majeſty, and met with a moſt gracious reception.

Feb. 14. *By letters from Torgau, of the 21ſt ult. we are told, that the number of recruits that had joined their reſpective regiments in that city, and its neighbourhood, were amazing; that every private houſe was crowded with ſoldiers, little houſes having 6 or 7, and large ones from 16 to 26; and that it was the ſame both at Leipſic and Eulenbourg.*

"*The Pruſſian infantry (ſay theſe letters) is already conſiderably augmented, and the cavalry is quite complete; thoſe that wanted horſes being all remounted. They make a fine appearance; and we may venture to affirm, that his Pruſſian Majeſty never yet took the Field with ſuch a numerous army as he will have the next campaign.*"

We hear that admiral Pocock will ſoon relieve admiral Hawke in the chief command of the ſquadron in the Bay of Quiberon.

The laſt letters from Siena bring an account, that prince Henry of Pruſſia was at Glogau with his army, preparing to take the field early in the ſpring, being all in high ſpirits, and anxious to revenge their country's cauſe againſt the Ruſſians, who have committed great cruelties in Brandenburgh and Pomerania.

We may form a judgment of the immenſe trade the Dutch have acquired during the war, from the following liſt of the fleet which ſailed from the Texel the 26th ult. which conſiſted of 72 ſail for France, 20 for Liſbon, 22 for Cadiz, 30 for the Streights, 10 for England, 8 for Coracoa, 17 for Euſtatia, 17 for Surinam, and 10 for Eaſt-India, all under convoy of men of war.

Certain advice has been received that the Pruſſians, amounting to 15,000, have joined the allies near Gottingen; and we are informed that prince Ferdinand, with their aſſiſtance, is determined to attack Gottingen on four ſides at once.

Feb. 17. We now hear that the right hon. Mr. Legge is to be created a peer, by the title of Lord Stawel.

The right hon. Mr. ſecretary Pitt is ſo much indiſpoſed, that he could not attend the houſe of commons yeſterday; therefore ſome buſineſs of conſequence that was expected to have come on, was poſtponed.

It is ſaid that the number of priſoners in the different goals in England, amounts, at the leaſt computation, to near 60,000.

In the midſt of the talk of peace, there never were in this kingdom ſuch vaſt preparations for carrying on the maritime war as at preſent; for in the ſeveral dock yards, the men are ſo cloſely employed, as hardly to afford them a ſufficient time to reſt.

Some veſſels will ſhortly ſail for the iſland of Jamaica, with warlike ſtores, recruits, and a draught of men for one or more marching regiments.

Tranſports are getting ready, with the utmoſt expedition, for embarking the troops going to Germany.

We are well informed, that there is ſomething of a very intereſting nature to be communicated to-day to the two honourable houſes of Parliament.

Feb. 21. The laſt letters from Hamburgh aſſert, that the Duke of Mecklenburg had changed his party, and was returned from Lubeck to his capital, Schwerin. It is ſaid his troops are to enter into the ſervice of Great-Britain: Notwithſtanding which, the Pruſſian general, Prince Frederick, of Wurtemberg, with his troops, were at Roſtock the 21ſt ult. where he kept a grand court, waiting for the preſcribed contributions, of which the Duke and the quality are to pay two thirds, and the citizens and farmers the other one third of one million of rixdollars.

Letters yeſterday by the Groyne mail, brought an account, that two French Eaſt India ſhips (one from China) were arrived there in 110 days from the iſle of Bourbon. They were ſeveral days on the coaſt, had buried many of their people, and the reſt were ſo ſickly, that an Engliſh frigate might have taken them both.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, Feb. 6.

"Thirty millions of piaſters, which have been ſent hither from Spain, for the ſupport of the preſent war, are now converting into French coin at the mint.

"Beſides the powerful armies which we ſhall have this year in Germany, our naval forces are likely to be employed. We have ſtill thirty ſhips of the line in our ports, and there is much talk of equipping them in the ſpring.

"Since Marſhal Belleiſle's death, Meſſ. de Choiſeuil and Berrier have been charged with all the buſineſs in the war department."

The maſter of a veſſel, who was taken and carried into Bayonne, is juſt come home in a cartel ſhip from thence, and ſays, that there are belonging to that port and St. Juan de Luz, ſixty ſail of privateers, and when he came away, there were near forty of them at ſea, ſome of which cruiſe to the weſtward of the Weſtern-Iſlands: He further ſays, that ſeveral Spaniards and Portugueſe were come there to purchaſe Engliſh veſſels; but that an order was come from court not to ſell any of them but to their own people.

The Aſſiſtance man of war, of 50 guns, and the Aldborough of 20, are appointed convoy to the trade bound to Virginia and Maryland, and are to ſail the 10th of April. The ſaid Men of war are to bring the trade home.

We are informed that a late petition from a reſpectable body to a great perſonage, has been rejected.

From Leghorn they write, that the Grand Signior is firmly determined to employ force to recover his ſhip of war that was carried into Malta; and that the Catholic King hath reſolved to oppoſe the Infidels with 30 ſhips of the line.

Feb. 24. By the laſt letters from Gibraltar, three French men of war from Toulon, were expected to paſs the Streights, laden with ſtores for ſome of their diſtant ſettlements.

A letter from Ratiſbon ſays, it is rumoured there that the Pruſſians had entered Bohemia, where they committed great exceſſes.

A letter from the head-quarters of the Allied army, at Niedenſein, in Heſſa, dated February 16, has theſe words. "We have now got into the country we ſo long envied the French, who enjoyed much better winter quarters than we; and three magazines of forage are already fallen into our hands, the largeſt whereof is at Fritzlar; though that taken at Rothenthal, by the much lamented General Briedenbach (who afterwards fell in an unſucceſsful attempt upon Marpurg) was no inconſiderable one."

The garriſon of Fritzlar, including the two battalions of Waldeck and Wildungen, was ſaid to amount to 17 or 1800 men.

Two reports were ſpread yeſterday in reſpect to affairs in Germany; one of which was, that the allies had cut off the communication between Marſhal Broglio's army and the French magazines: The other, that the French had made ſuch diſpoſitions of their troops, that the army of the allies would be obliged either to come to action, or to retire towards the French territories. Whether either of theſe reports hath any foundation, is yet uncertain, as no mails are yet arrived; but the account of ſome important tranſaction may probably be ſoon expected, as the armies were within a ſmall diſtance of each other.

On Saturday night a letter came from the ſecretary of the admiralty to Lloyd's coffee-houſe, to acquaint the merchants that the convoy for the Leeward-Iſlands was to remain at Spithead till the 10th inſtant, and then to ſail.

Feb. 28. Advices from Paris and Vienna agree, that the court of Madrid inſiſts upon a ſettlement in Italy for the Infant Don Lewis, and a better eſtabliſhment for Don Philip, and alſo upon an indemnification for the King of Sardinia's claims. It was thought the marriage of the Arch-duke Joſeph with the Princeſs of Parma, might have contributed to the getting theſe matters referred to the future congreſs; but it ſeems Spain is too urgent about

them, and will not let ſlip the preſent opportunity, when the houſe of Auſtria can make no oppoſition; and thus, to gain her favourite point, Sileſia, ſhe runs the riſk of loſing the Netherlands and ſome of her Italian dominions at leaſt, and probably will never recover Sileſia.

One of the French King's ſhips, called the Protee, of 64 guns, is lent to the merchants, and fitted out, which ſhip, together with a frigate, are cruizing 80 or 100 leagues to the weſtward. Some of our men of war are under ſailing orders, to go in ſearch of them.

March 5. We hear that according to a new plan of operations for the campaign in the ſpring, the allied army, including the Britiſh troops, is to conſiſt of 130,000 men; part of which will be appointed to cover the electorate of Hanover from the deſigns of the French under M. Broglio, and the reſt to act with vigour againſt the main army of France, in an enterprize of great importance.

Tueſday the board of ordnance met at their office, and made a contract with divers operators in tin plates for preparing, with all poſſible expedition, a conſiderable number of pontoons, and other neceſſary utenſils of tin, for the ſervice of the grand expedition.

It is reported that the Marquis of Granby, in a late ſkirmiſh with the enemy, was in great danger of being taken by a party of the enemy who was in ambuſcade; but being diſcovered, a ſmall number of his guard put them to flight, and made 14 priſoners.

Some private letters from Hamburgh mention, that the Grand Princeſs of Ruſſia has been lately delivered of a Prince, and that the reſort of the grandees to the court of the Grand Duke is more frequent, and more numerous than ever.

Many letters from Holland, by the laſt mail, mention, that as the French have a deſign to form a powerful army next campaign on the Lower Rhine, the interior provinces of that Republick, that are moſt expoſed on the land ſide, are ſoliciting, with great earneſtneſs, the union of the reſt of the provinces, to make an augmentation of their land forces.

The opinions of people are much divided about the part of the world againſt which the preſent armament is deſigned.---Some think the Weſt; whilſt others think the Eaſt; thoſe who are of the latter opinion, give for a reaſon, an Admiral lately returned from that Part of the world, declining the command, as he is not in the beſt ſtate of health, owing to the badneſs of the climate; however, be it againſt either, warm work is expected, a prodigious quantity of pairs of ſheets being bought up, in order to be ſent with it.

When the Houſe of Lords addreſſed His Majeſty for His moſt gracious Speech from the Throne, He was pleaſed to make the following Anſwer.

"*My Lords, I thank you for this very dutiful, grateful, and unanimous Addreſs. I am very glad, that what I have laid before you gives you ſo much Satisfaction.*"

March 6. Letters from Hamburgh obſerve, that if the Aſſurances which the Czarina hath lately given the Empreſs Queen, that ſhe would augment her Army next Summer to 100,000 Men, if neceſſary, to act with more Vigour than ever, have no more Reality than all the preceding, the Houſe of Auſtria will be pretty much embarraſſed, as no Dependence is to be placed on the Swedes. Notwithſtanding the unwearied Pains taken by the French and Auſtrian Miniſters at Stockholm, and the Aſſurances given by ſeveral Senators, that the Swediſh Army ſhould be augmented to 30,000 effective Men, the Queen had gained over many of the Franco-Auſtrian Party. Add to this, that not only the Suſpenſion of Arms lately concluded between the Swedes and the Pruſſians, had put a Stop to the raiſing of the Recruits intended to fill up the Regiments; but that a Declaration has alſo been made to the two Miniſters abovementioned, that if their Courts did not augment their Subſidies to Sweden one Third, the Miniſtry, to prevent the overturning of the Conſtitution, would be obliged to make a ſeparate Peace with the King of Pruſſia.

The Ships of War fitting out in Spain, by an Order of the King, dated the 6th of January laſt, are, 35 Line of Battle Ships, four Frigates, four Bombs, three Fire Ships, two Hoſpital, and two Proviſion Ships.

They write from the Hague, that the Count d'Affry had declared, in a Conference to the States General, 'That the King his Maſter being obliged, in the preſent Conjuncture, to keep a powerful Army on the Lower Rhine, to prevent the Deſigns of the Allies in that Quarter; his Majeſty has thought proper to apprize their High Mightineſſes of it, that it might not ſurpriſe them; and at the ſame Time to aſſure them, the ſole Intention of this Army was to defeat the Deſigns of the Enemy on the Country of Cleves: That his Majeſty would give Orders to the Troops of this Army, to pay the utmoſt Reſpect to the Territory of the States General, and not to enter them under any Pretext whatſoever, on Pain of being ſeverely puniſhed.

The Magiſtrates and Body of Merchants of Leipſic have engaged to pay the King of Pruſſia 550,000 Crowns in April, and the ſame in September next.

The Halifax Packet Boat, Captain Boulderſon, which is arrived at Dartmouth, with the Mail from New-York, in her Paſſage fell in with four French Privateers, but got clear from them after ſome Hours Chace. The next Day ſhe fell in with two more, one of whom ordered her to bring to, and fired ſeveral Times at her, but being only within random Shot, ſhe received no Damage; and tho' they chaced her ſeveral Hours, yet ſhe happily eſcaped them. Soon after ſhe met with two more Ships, which proved to be Engliſh Frigates; and having acquainted the Captains with what had happened, they immediately went in Purſuit of the Privateers.

Laſt Friday the Audry, Lawrence, of and from New-York for London, arrived at Plymouth: She had been taken by a French Privateer, but four of the Crew roſe upon the Frenchmen that were on board, and brought her into Plymouth; for which gallant Action, we hear, the Inſurers in London made them a Preſent of an 8th Part of the Veſſel and Cargo.

March 7. A Mail will be made up and diſpatched from the Poſt-Office the 14th Inſtant, for New-York, by the Halifax Packet Boat, Captain Boulderſon.

ANNAPOLIS *(in Maryland)* APRIL 16.

On Tueſday, the 7th of this Inſtant, a very unhappy and tragical Scene was acted at the Plantation of Mr. John Booth, in St. Mary's County. Mr. Booth had but juſt left Home, in order to ſettle Accounts with the Sheriff, when a Negroe Man, which he had bought laſt Summer, attacked a Negroe Wench, and beat her Head to Pieces with a Maul, and would have killed a Negroe Boy, but he ſaved himſelf by running; when he had killed the Negroe Woman, he went into the Houſe, and murdered his Miſtreſs, beating her Head to Pieces, and with an Axe ſplit the Head of a little Boy, about three Years old, his Maſter's Son, as he lay ſleeping in Bed. He immediately went away, and is ſuppoſed to have put an End to his own wretched Life. Mrs. Booth, and the Negroe Wench, were both advanced in their Pregnancy.

BOSTON, April 27.

On Tueſday Morning laſt a Veſſel arrived at Marblehead from Bilboa in 29 Days, and by her a Gentleman at Bilboa writes to his Friend as follows, viz.

"By Letters from Germany we hear that the King of Pruſſia is come down to Heſſe Caſſel, and that he was within three Miles of the French Army, ſo we hourly expect Advice of ſome great Stroke given by the grand FREDERICK, which wiſh may come ſo as to give you Advice by this Veſſel, and that I may have the Honour of handing you the firſt pleaſing News of it, which is heartily wiſhed for by Sir, Yours, &c."

It is ſaid the above Account came by Expreſs to Bilboa, a few Hours before this Veſſel ſailed from thence.

We have Advice that Captain Thompſon, in a Snow from this Place, bound to the Weſt-Indies, was lately caſt away at Marawini; the Veſſel loſt, and Part of the Cargo, but the People ſaved.

Laſt Thurſday Night, being very thick and ſtormy, Capt. Moore, in a Brig from Philadelphia, laden with Salt, coming into this Port, ran upon the Spit of Sand near the Light-houſe, but it is thought ſhe will be got off again without much Damage.

NEW-YORK, APRIL 29.

Captain Finglaſs, from London, ſailed from Spithead the 12th of March, in Company with Captain Ouchterlony, for this Port, Captain Hooper for Boſton, and ſeveral others for Carolina and Virginia, under Convoy of his Majeſty's Ship Succeſs, Captain Hamilton, of 20 Guns, bound for South-Carolina: He parted with Captain Ouchterlony about five Weeks ago, all well on board; and laſt Week, to the Weſtward of Bermuda, he ſpoke with three Letter of Marque Brigs from Virginia, bound to the Weſt-Indies.

Captain Finglaſs ſays, that the Day before he ſailed from Spithead, the Admirals Hawke and Hardy arrived there from Quiberon-Bay, and brought in with them ſeveral Prizes, ſome of them Privateer Ships, ſeveral Lug-ſail Cruizers, and a Sloop from Martinico with Sugars: That the Channel was very well cleared of French Privateers, Numbers of them having been lately taken by our Frigates: That the Fleet was ſtill at Spithead, and the Troops in their Quarters in different Parts of England.

Thurſday the 16th Inſtant was ſent in here, by the Privateer Brig Mars, Captain M'Gillycuddy, the Snow La Fortune, Captain Chriſt, taken the 16th of March, from the Grenades, bound for Marſeilles, in Old France. Her Cargo conſiſts of Sugar and Coffee, and is eſteemed a valuable Prize.

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 7.

In a late Letter from London, by Captain Lane, there is the following Paragraph.

"The Grand Expedition, which had been laid aſide for ſome Time paſt, is now going forward again; the young King continues to give great Satisfaction; the War is ſtill to be puſhed on in Germany; the Parliament is to be diſſolved the 19th of March; the ſame Unanimity continues; and as the French ſeem obſtinate, we are reſolved to ſee them out, rather than give up the Advantages we have gained."

At a General Meeting of the Contributors to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, the 4th Inſtant, the following Members of that Corporation were choſen Managers for the enſuing Year, viz. Iſrael Pemberton, John Reynell, Evan Morgan, Iſaac Jones, Joſeph Richardſon, Merchant, Iſaac Greenleafe, James Pemberton, John Meaſe, Thomas Gordon, Jacob Lewis, Samuel Rhoades, John Smith; and Hugh Roberts, Treaſurer.

"The extraordinary Account of the Loſs of the Schooner Delight, John Byrne Maſter, at Egg-Harbour, was falſe in every Circumſtance, except the Loſs of both Veſſel and Cargoe. The Perſon who brought the Account firſt, was one of the Villains who plundered that Veſſel: In order to give ſome Colour of Juſtice to their Proceedings, they alledged that ſhe had been run away with, and on this Pretence apprehended the Captain for Piracy, and the Murder of Thomas Wallace (the Owner) who they ſaid was real Maſter, and had been killed by the Mate, who, with the People's Conſent, aſſumed the Command. The Captain is now in Philadelphia, with the Gentleman he was conſigned to, who deſires this may be inſerted, in Juſtice to him."

The Tranſports, from New-York, left Sandy Hook on Sunday laſt. And we hear the Fowey Man of War was to ſail for England this Day.

The Captains Fortin and Noarth, from this Port, are arrived at Charles Town, South Carolina.

Captain Todd, from South Carolina for this Place, was loſt on the North Carolina Coaſt.

The Captains Smith, Carpenter and Waſhington, are arrived at Jamaica from this Harbour.

Captain Montgomery was taken on his Paſſage from this Port to Guadaloupe, and carried to St. Thomas's.

*** The greateſt Part of the Tickets in the preſent ACADEMY LOTTERY being diſpoſed of, thro' the extraordinary Encouragement given to it by many worthy Friends of the Inſtitution, both in this and the neighbouring Provinces, who have taken and engaged for large Quantities of the Tickets, the Public will take Notice that the DRAWING will begin June 15, being three Weeks ſooner than propoſed by the Scheme.

N. B. In the ſix higheſt Prizes of this Lottery are no leſs than 5250 Pieces, among which is one of TWO THOUSAND, and yet the remaining Part of the Lottery ſtill RICH, there being 8 Prizes of 200 Pieces, and 15 of 150 Pieces immediately following, and on the whole not two Blanks to a Prize, which makes it one of the moſt advantageous Schemes yet offered.

The Managers of the LOTTERY for paving the North End of Second-ſtreet, having diſpoſed of the greateſt Part of the Tickets, are in Hopes that they will be able to draw the Lottery at the appointed Time, the 18th of this inſtant May.---The few remaining Tickets on Hand, are ſtill ſelling at the Dwelling-houſes of the reſpective Managers, at David Hall's, William Dunlap's, and at the London Coffee-Houſe.

*** A Catalogue of the Numbers that were fortunate in Mr. DUNLAP's Lottery, is now in the Preſs, and will be publiſhed with all poſſible Speed: The Prizes of ſuch as may pleaſe to call, will begin to be delivered on Monday next.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop New King, J. Murray, and Sloop Sophy, W. Farr, from N. Providence. Snow Knuttsford, R. Williams, Liverpool. Ship Fanny, R. Lane, London. Ship William and Mary, G. Nicholſon, Barbados. Sloop Amherſt, S. Higgs, Turks-Iſland. Schooner Leopard, T. Church, Halifax. Sloop American, J. Horton, Falmouth, N. England. Snow Tulip, A. Craig, Lewes on Delaware. Sloop Martha and Hannah, W. Killgore, New-York.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Rachel, J. Wood, and Brig Two Siſters, G. Smith, for Newfoundland. Sloop Mary, V. Whitman, and Sloop Speedwell, J. Tupper, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Pitt, G. Bridges, and Brig Hanover Packet, M. Miller, Jamaica. Sloop Lovy, N. Shiverick, Boſton. Schooner Rye, J. Gillmore, Piſcataqua. Sloop John and Jane, J. Gyles, Guadaloupe. Sloop Sophy, W. Farr, Quebec. Ship Young Samuel, W. Singleton, Barbados. Sloop Wolfe, T. Smith, St. Chriſtophers. Sloop Mary, R. Tucker, Bermuda.

CLEARED. Brig Friendſhip, J. Titcomb, Sloop Rachel, J. Wood, and Sloop Elizabeth, J. Mitchell, to Newfoundland. Sloop Neptune, C. Venner, Sloop Abigail, W. Brewer, and Sloop Dolphin, J. Greenman, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Suſannah, T. Albertſon, New-York. Sloop Little William, J. Dupleſſis, St. Chriſtophers. Brig Spy, A. Marſhall, S. Carolina. Brig Charming Becky, E. Yorke, Jamaica. Sloop Betſy and Nancy, W. Warner, Virginia.

Philadelphia, April 30, 1761.

ON Friday, the 8th Day of May next, the Fiſhing Company of FORT ST. DAVIDS, are deſired to give their Attendance at the Falls of Schuylkill, when the Fiſhery will begin, and continue every other Friday during the Seaſon.

By Order of the COMMISSIONERS for Indian Affairs, will be ſold by public Vendue, in the Meal Market, on Wedneſday, the 13th of May next, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon,

A Quantity of Summer, ſhort Hair and Fall Deer Skins, Bear Skins, a Parcel of Choice Racoons, Beaver, Foxes, &c. &c. &c. and ſome Deer Tallow, belonging to the Province.

J. F. DAVENPORT, Clerk.

WANTED for an Apprentice,

A LAD about fourteen Years of Age, who can read and write well, and underſtands ſomething of Figures. Enquire at the New-Printing Office.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool, and to be ſold by

JOSEPH SWIFT,

At his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, next door to William Coleman's, and oppoſite Baynton and Wharton's,

A Neat aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon. Tbctf.

Juſt imported in the Fanny, Captain Lane, from London, and to be ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, for Ready Money, or Short Credit, by

JOSEPH JACOBS, *and* WILLIAM JOHNSON,

At their Store, in Water-ſtreet, five Doors above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, where Samuel Hudſon formerly kept Store,

A LARGE and neat Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon. ¶

MATTHEW CLARKSON

Is removed to Second-ſtreet, next Door to JOHN ROSS, Eſq; and nearly oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting-houſe, and ſells, by Wholeſale or Retail,

MADEIRA, Teneriffe, Liſbon, Malaga, Mountain, Sherry, Sack and other Wines, by the Caſk, Gallon or in Bottles, Fontiniac and Claret in Bottles, choice old Jamaica Spirit, Weſt-India, N. England and Philadelphia Rum, Brandy, Geneva, beſt Batavia Arrack, Lucca eating Oil in Bottles, Sweet Oil in Jars, Citron, Raiſins, Currants, Coffee, Chocolate, beſt Bohea, Green and Hyſon Tea, ſingle refined Loaf Sugar, beſt London double refined Ditto, Cinnamon, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, Pepper, Allſpice, Rice, exceeding fine Bitters for Wine, Jackſon's Philadelphia Flour of Muſtard, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. Country Shopkeepers, Tavernkeepers and others, may be furniſhed with any of the above Articles on the beſt Terms, and have large Allowance by taking a Quantity.

*** Maſters of Veſſels and Seamen may be ſupplied with all Neceſſaries for Sea Stores, and have them put up agreeable to Directions.

Juſt imported in the Ship Fanny, Richard Lane, from London, and to be ſold by

HENRY and ROBERT RITCHIE,

At their Store, in Water-ſtreet, below Walnut-ſtreet, next Door to Meſſieurs Kearney and Gilbert, and oppoſite to Captain John Philips,

A NEAT Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon.

At the above Store they buy Virginia Paper Money. Tbctf.

DANIEL CLARK,

Having moved from his Houſe, on the North Side of Market-ſtreet, to the Houſe where Mr. Alexander M'Gee lately lived, has to ſell, for Caſh or ſhort Credit, at the Store lately occupied by Meſſieurs Standley and Fullton,

A NEAT Aſſortment of dry Goods, which he imported in the laſt Veſſels from London and Liverpool. ¶ Tbc. 2 M.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Fanny, Captain Lane, from London, and to be ſold by

GEORGE CLYMER,

In Front-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, next door to Dr. Cadwalader's,

A Large aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the Subſcriber, the 30th of April laſt, A likely brown Mare, about 14 Hands high, with a Blaze in her Face, a broad Forehead, and large full Eyes; ſhe is ſhod before, and trimmed about the Head and Neck, and is a Trotter. Whoever brings her Home, ſhall have Ten Shillings Reward; and if ſtolen, and the Thief ſecured, ſo as to be brought to Juſtice, ſhall have Three Pounds, paid by Abraham Carpenter, living on Pool's Hill, at the upper End of Front-ſtreet.

To be ſold by ſaid Carpenter, A genteel well made riding chair, almoſt new. I have now by me a large Quantity of freſh Limes to ſell, and intend to ſell Limes all this Summer, at the loweſt Rates. I have alſo about 60 good white Oak Hogſheads and Tierces to ſell; they are well made, and of good Stuff, fit for Rum, Bread, or Indian Corn directly. I have likewiſe Horſes and Chairs to hire out.

Juſt imported from Barbados, in the Ship William and Mary, George Nicholſon, Maſter, and now lodged at Mr. Daniel Cooper's Ferry, on the Jerſey Shore,

A Negroe Man, and two New Negroe Boys, who are to be ſold by WILLING, MORRIS, and COMPANY. The Purchaſer to pay the Duty lately impoſed by Act of Aſſembly, if brought into this Province.

Said WILLING, MORRIS, and COMPANY, have alſo for Sale, Madeira, and an Aſſortment of other Wines, Rum and Sugar, &c.

Philadelphia, May 7, 1761.

ON the 18th Day of this Inſtant will be expoſed to Sale, by Way of public Vendue, at the late Dwelling-houſe of Aubrey Bevan, in the Borough of Cheſter, the Houſhold Furniture of the ſaid Aubrey Bevan, conſiſting of a great many very good Feather Beds and Bedding, large Walnut Tables, Looking-glaſſes, and ſundry other Sorts of Houſhold Goods; beſides a large Parcel of Kitchen Furniture, ſuch as Pots, Kettles, Pewter Plates, and many other Things, too tedious here to mention. The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock. Where Attendance and ſix Months Credit will be given, by MARY BEVAN, Executrix.

To be ſold at the Houſe of MUSGROVE EVANS, in Arch-ſtreet, oppoſite the Church Burying-ground,

A Choice Parcel of BEARS OIL in Bottles. †

WHEREAS I John M'Clelland, from the indiſcreet and irregular Conduct of my Wife Deborah, have been obliged to live ſeparate from her, but, nevertheleſs, deſirous of allowing her ſome Support out of my Earnings, to prevent, as far as in my Power lies, the ſaid Deborah from being a Charge on this City, or a Burthen to my Friends, I have given to the Overſeers of the Poor for this City Security for the Payment of ſuch a weekly Sum to her Uſe as they, in their Judgment, may think ſufficient, and really neceſſary, with her Induſtry, towards her Support; I therefore hereby give this publick Notice, in order to prevent, as far as in my Power lies, any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever from truſting her, in Hopes or Expectation of recovering the ſame from me, for that I ſhall not look on myſelf obliged to pay the ſame. Witneſs my Hand this firſt Day of May, 1761. JOHN M'CLELLAND. † 6 W.

To be SOLD,

A SERVANT GIRL's TIME, that has four Years to ſerve, and has had the Small-Pox and Meaſles. Enquire of ROBERT DRYBROUGH, in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite Black-Horſe-Alley. ¶

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on the 23d Day of May inſtant, on the Premiſes, A certain Meſſuage, Plantation, and Tract of Land, ſituate in Upper Merion Townſhip, Philadelphia County, bounded by Lands of Michael Rambo, John Eaſtburn, Matthias Holſton, and the River Schuylkill, containing about 200 Acres, late the Eſtate of Andrew Holſton, taken in Execution by

SAMUEL MORRIS, Sheriff.

Juſt imported in the Fanny, Captain Lane, and other Veſſels from London, Briſtol, &c. and to be ſold by

WILLIAM WILSON,

At his Store, in Market-ſtreet, between Front and Water-ſtreets, nearly oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe,

CALICOES, cottons, muſſinets, crapes, niccanees, cambblets, dorſettees, nankeens, thickſets, ſaggathies, black bombazeen, dyed pillow fuſtians, cottton velvets, emboſſed red and white flannels, hair and worſted pluſh, black pelong, green oil-cloth umbrelloes, calimancoes, black ruſſels, ſhaloons, durants, Flanders bedticks and bunts, ſtay-braid, knit breeches and jacket patterns, ſilk, cotton, Scots, figured and ſpotted linen handkerchiefs, checks, Iriſh linens, tandems, piſtol lawn, long lawns, ſpotted, flowered and plain do. cambricks, muſlins, princes linen, ozenbrigs, yarn, worſted, cotton and thread mens and womens hoſe, caſtor and felt hats, blankets, naps, bays, fine and ſuperfine broadcloths, writing paper, low priced Engliſh quills, ink-powder, fine and ſuperfine ſealing-wax, common and vermillion wafers, womens New-Market ſwitches, pluſh, horn and tortoiſeſhell handle do. jockey whips, ſhagreen handles, ſmall New-Market ſwitches, neat chaiſe whips, long thongs and New-Market half hunters do. Ruſſia diapers, ferrits, tapes, bobbins, Scots long dozen and coloured thread, a variety of metal and glaſs ſleeve buttons, whitemetal, lacquered and horn coat and veſt buttons, mohair do. buck, ſham-buck and bone knives and forks, a large variety of knives and ſciſſars, ſteel top, braſs and open top ſteel thimbles, ſilver watches, cornelian and chryſtal ſeals ſet in ſilver, gilt do. double ſteel do. in braſs and ſteel frames, compaſs do. compaſs dials, ſilk and ſteel watch chains, taylors ſhears, braſs ink pots, braſs wire, awl blades and ſhoe-tacks, How's London ſhoe knives, pepper mills, ſhovels and tongs, braſs cocks, ſetts of tea ſpoons, tongs and ſtrainers in ſhagreen caſes, 2 foot rules, ſnuff boxes, White's beſt 26 inch ſteel plate hand-ſaws, hand-ſaw files, light and cloth coloured ſewing ſilk, Pennſylvania and New-England ſcythes, 44 to 50 inches, a variety of mens and womens leather gloves, mens thread do. womens ſilk mittens, womens and childrens fans, quarto Oxford bibles, teſtaments, Dilworth's ſpelling books, royal primers, Hervey's meditations, 2 vols. in one, Maire's book-keeping in 2 vols. Shewell's hiſtory of the Quakers, Barclay's apology, Penn's No-croſs-No-crown, Ellwood's life, imitation of Jeſus Chriſt, Dyche's dictionary, paradiſe loſt and regained, gartering, horn and ivory combs, ſteel, whitemetal and braſs plain and carved ſhoe and knee buckles, pewter diſhes, baſons, plates, porringers, ink ſtands, ink cheſts, large ſpoons, tea ditto, ſalts, jill and half jill meaſures, cheeſe ſtands, half pint, 3-qr. pint, and pint and half tea pots, with and without feet, caſtor and felt hat trimmings, gold ſcales and weights, double and ſingle worm bright gimblets, pointed knitting needles, neat leather pocket books with claſps, white and brown buckrams, pins and needles, Engliſh glue, F and FF gun-powder, flat irons, royal and elephant paper, braſs kettles, &c. &c.---Alſo muſcovado ſugar, coffee, train oil and raſins. Tbctf.

Juſt imported in the Fan y, Capt. Lane, and other veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold on the very loweſt terms, for caſh or ſhort credit, by

SOLOMON FUSSELL,

At his ſtore, at the ſign of the Hand-ſaw and Crown, in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Church, the following goods, viz.

A Neat aſſortment of yd. wd. and 7 8ths Iriſh linens, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheeting, Iriſh dowlas princes linen, 7 8ths garlix, quadruple ſileſia, tandem double ileſia, demy 3-qr. dowlas, brown Scotch ileſia, narrow Ruſſia huckaback, broad Ruſſia diaper, clouting ditto, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. yard and 3-8ths cotton and linen checks, 7 and 8-qr. fringed and plain damaſk and diaper tablecloths, coarſe and fine flaxen and hempen ozenbrigs, nankeens, calicoes, cottons, chintz, bed ticken, 6-qr. 6-qr. and an half, and 7-qr. bed bunts, 9-qr. Flanders bed ticks, olive, light and dark coloured thickſets, dyed pillows, ſnuff and cloth coloured cotton velvet, red, black, blue, green and cloth coloured ſhaloons, rattinets, durants, tammy, dorſetteen, brilliants, ſtout janes, calimancoes, ſingle and double damaſk, ſilk cords, black and white ruſſel, mourning crapes, gauze, yd. wd. ell wd. and 6-qr. muſlin, white kenting handkerchiefs, China ditto, Scotch ditto, ſpotted red and white, and blue and white ditto, Dutch pencil'd work ditto, cotton and lungee romals, ſpotted and bordered bandanoes, flowered lawn, flat fold and piſtol lawn, demy 7 8ths clear lawn in pieces and patches, coarſe, ſuper and ſuperfine broadcloths, forreſtcloth, drab kerſey, plain, ſtriped and Bruſſels camblet, blankets, rugs, cinnamon, black, blue, green and cloth coloured hair pluſh, fine poſt, fools cap and pot paper, maps of the world and quarters, 8 and 10d. taffety, paduaſoy and ſattin ribbons, 4, 6 and 8 ferrit, London quality, ſhoe binding, gartering, men and womens thread hoſe, mens worſted ditto, Scotch threads, cloth coloured ditto, fine ſtitching ditto, white three corded, crow and cloth coloured ſewing ſilk, crimſon, black, yellow, white and cloth coloured China taffety, black Engliſh ditto, black and cloth coloured ell wd. perſian, white and black half yd. ditto, bombazeen, rich ſcarff twiſt, bags of buttons and hair, metal and horn buttons, ivory and horn combs, white and brown buckram, mens dyed ſhammy, ſtitched tops and welted gloves, womens dyed ſhammy mitts, white glazed lined ſattin ditto, black and cloth coloured worſted ditto, darning, common, three ſquare and Whitechapel needles, pins, neſts of gilt trunks, Oxon teſtaments, Dilworth's ſpelling books, royal primers, veſt and ſleeve glaſs buttons, hat trimmings, nonſopretty, bobbins, tapes, ſealing wax, gold ſcales and weights in boxes, F and FF gunpowder, ſhot, bar lead, 3, 4, 8, 10, 12 and 20d nails, deſk braſs locks, large braſs rimmed door locks with three bolts, braſs egg nob locks and latches, beer and wine braſs lock cocks, neat fowling pieces, gun locks, files, knives, ſciſſars, bolts, locks, hinges, flat irons, &c. &c. &c. Tbc 6 w.

STrayed from off the Commons of Lancaſter, the 10th of April laſt, a large light coloured ſorrel Mare, with a ſwitch Tail and Mane, not lately trimmed; Part of her hind Feet white, a white Face, and a Pair of Iron Hobbles locked on her: Alſo a three Year old black Mare Colt, with a ſmall Star in her Face, much reſembling an Heart, lately docked, her Mane not trimmed, and a natural Pacer. Whoever ſecures the aforeſaid Creatures, and gives Information thereof to Caleb Sheward, Brewer, in Lancaſter, ſhall receive Ten Shillings Reward for each of them, or Twenty for both, and reaſonable Expences, paid by me

CALEB SHEWARD.

N. B. Wanted, an Apprentice to the Brewing and Malting Buſineſs; any Perſon inclining to learn that Buſineſs, may depend on being inſtructed after the moſt accurate Method practiſed in England, the Works being erected after the moſt modern Improvement made Uſe of there. ¶

CAME to the Plantation of William Moore, in Sadſbury Townſhip, Cheſter County, the 15th of January laſt, A dark brown middle ſized Horſe, ſhod all round, has two white Feet, with a Ratch down his Face, can both pace and trot, and has a Brand, but not known. The Owner is deſired to come, and prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away.

WILLIAM MOORE. ¶

THE County Court of Common Pleas and Seſſions being to be held at Lancaſter the ſame Time appointed for the Drawing the Lancaſter St. James's Church Lottery, and ſeveral of the Managers being obliged, from their Profeſſions and Occupations, to attend the ſaid Courts, hope the Publick will excuſe the poſtponing of the Drawing of the ſaid Lottery until the 18th of May inſtant, when all the Adventurers may be aſſured the Drawing will begin.

Juſt imported from London, in the laſt Veſſels, and to be ſold by

JOHN HART,

At his Store, on Society-hill, at the Corner of Front and Cedar Streets,

A NEAT aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India goods, very ſuitable for the ſeaſon; likewiſe Madeira, Liſbon, Teneriffe and Fyall wine, by the pipe or quarter caſk, &c. &c. &c.

Said HART continues his VENDUE as uſual.

*** He has alſo to ſell or lett (and may be entered on immediately) A valuable Plantation, in the Townſhip of Elſinborough, and County of Salem, in the Province of New-Jerſey, bounding on the River Delaware, and oppoſite St. George's, containing upwards of 500 Acres, with a good Brick Houſe, Barn, Stable, Orchard, and a large Quantity of Meadow and wild Marſh, a ſufficient Quantity of extraordinary good cleared Land, under good Fence. The Part bounding on the River has a Griſt Mill, at preſent out of Order.

Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent the above-mentioned Plantation and Mill, may know the Terms by applying to the above-ſaid HART, or JOSEPH BURROUGHS, in Salem. Tbctf.

CAME to Plantation of Walter Roberts, of Buckingham Townſhip, Bucks County, on the 14th of laſt Month, A large black Horſe. The Owner proving his Property, and paying Charges, may have him again. ¶

To be SOLD,

A PIECE of Land, containing about 50 Acres, ſituated in New-Garden Townſhip, Cheſter County, bounded by the Lands of Iſrael Pemberton and William Richards, with a Loghouſe, and a good Spring by the Door, alſo a Stream of Water running through ſaid Land, where there may be four or five Acres of good watered Meadow, with about ten Acres of Up-land cleared; pleaſantly ſituated by the great Road, and very convenient for a Tradeſman, Diſtiller or Shop-keeper. For Terms apply to JOHN CARPENTER, in Kennet Townſhip, Cheſter County. ¶

THIS is to give Notice to all Perſons that have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Michael Deal, late of the Northern-Liberties, deceaſed, to bring in their Accounts by the 10th of July next, to William Clampffer, who is impowered to ſettle the ſame: And thoſe that are indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to ſettle the ſame by the 10th Day of July next with ſaid Clampffer, or they muſt expect to be proſecuted according to Law.

‡ CASPER VETTER, Adminiſtrator.

ALL Perſons indebted to Thomas Jervis, late of the City of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to come and ſettle their Accounts with the Subſcribers, who will attend on the firſt Tueſday, Wedneſday, Thurſday and Friday in June next, at the Sign of the Indian Queen, in ſaid City, for that Purpoſe: Thoſe who have any Claims againſt ſaid Jervis, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted. ELIZABETH JERVIS, and JERVIS JAMES, Execut. ¶

THEOPHILACT *and* RICHARD BACHE

Have imported, in the laſt Veſſels from London and Liverpool, and will ſell at the moſt reaſonable Rates, for Caſh or ſhort Credit, at their Store, in Water-ſtreet, a few Doors below Meſſieurs Baynton and Wharton's, and lately in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. John Wharton, the following Goods.

POmeranias, 3-qr. and 7-8ths garlix, yd. wd. tandems, double and quadruple ſileſias, piſtol lawns, clear lawns, minionet, flowered and ſpotted do. cambricks, India nankeens, diaper and damaſk tablecloths, calicoes, 12 and 18 yards in a piece, pattern ditto, printed cottons, black, white and cloth coloured India and Engliſh taffeties black ſilk cravats, a great variety of ſilk handkerchiefs, raven light and cloth coloured ſewing ſilk, coloured thread, white and black lace, black fringe, tapes, fans, womens hats, mens ditto; dyed pillows and jeans, thickſets, cotton velvet, velvet ſhapes, mohair do. lettered, Scotch and ſcarlet gartering, 11 nail, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. yd. and 3-8ths and 6-qr. cotton and linen checks, 7-8ths and yd. wd. Iriſh linen, linen handkerchiefs, with ſundry other Articles, too tedious to mention. They have alſo to diſpoſe of a few pipes of choice genuine Madeira wine, in New-York pipes.

USHER and MITCHELL

Have imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool, which they will ſell very cheap for ready mon y or ſhort credit, at their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, oppoſite Fiſhburn's wharff,

A Large aſſortment of cotton and linen checks of all widths, yd. wd. 7 8ths and 3-qr. wd. linens, half yd. and half ell wd. thickſets of moſt colours, cotton velvets, fuſtians, jeans and jeanets, cotton hollands, bed bunts, cotton and ſilk and cotton gowns, 3-qr. and 7-8ths wd. ſtriped tickings, cambricks and lawns, black and white lace, calicoes, printed cottons, hoſiery, haberdaſhery, ironmongery, cutlery, ſad irons, madder, and ſundry other goods.

N. B. They requeſt the favour of their friends and cuſtomers, who are indebted to them above ſix months, to pay off their accounts; and thoſe perſons who are indebted to them above twelve months, are once more requeſted to pay, otherwiſe they may expect no longer indulgence. Tbctf.

To be *SOLD* or *LETT*,

THE only MILL, that I know of, in this Province, that makes Oatmeal and Groats, with a Kiln, Fann-Mill, large Scales and Weights, &c. ſuitable for carrying on that uſeful Branch of Buſineſs; and, as there is not conſtant Employ in the Oatmeal Way, the Mill is alſo fitted for grinding and boulting of Wheat, and other Grain: Contiguous to the Mill is a two Story Brick Dwelling-houſe, two Rooms on a Floor, with a plaiſtered Garret, the Cellar of which is prepared for a Bake-Houſe, with two large Arches, Flues, Oven-mouths, &c. alſo a Stone Stable, and Hay-loft. The Mill, Stable, &c. and Part of the Dwelling-houſe, may be entered upon immediately; the other Part of the Dwelling-houſe, in November next. For Terms, enquire of GUNNING BEDFORD, in Lombard-ſtreet, near the New Church.

*** The above Premiſes is a little below the New Market, and the Mill worked by Horſes. ¶

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, and to be ſold cheap, for caſh or ſhort credit, by

BENJAMIN RAWLE,

At his ſtore in Arch-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets,

OZenbrigs, hempen and flaxen, brown roles, white Iriſh and brown Ruſſia ſheeting, Ruſſia drilling, beaver coating and frizes, 7-8ths and yd. wd. Iriſh linen, 7-8ths and 3-qr. cotton and linen checks, bed ticks, bed bunts, black, cloth and light coloured calimancoes, plain, ſtriped and croſs-barred camblets, ſuperfine ſilk ditto, Scotch ditto, camblettees, blue and Saxon green damaſks, black half ell ruſſels, white flowered ditto, brilliants, meſſinets, ſilverets, rich poplins, dorſettees, white jeans, cloth coloured ditto, hairbines, grazets, yd. wd. cord and plain venetians, ſhaloons, durants and tammies, brown buckram, Louiſbourg and king of Pruſſia handkerchiefs, Scotch ditto, India bandanoes, India and Engliſh taffeties, perſians, muſlins, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, long lawns, piſtol lawns, ſileſias, ſewing ſilk, white and brown thread, ſtitching ditto, Scotch ditto, tapes, quality bindings, ſhoe binding, ferriting, black paduaſoy ribbons, black plain and edged ſattin ditto, ſilk druggets, drab cotton, thickſets, fuſtians, two and three yd. ſilk laces, cotton ditto, damaſk and diaper napkening, damaſk and diaper tablecloths, Ruſſia diaper, calicoes, printed linens, beſt ſcarf twiſt, cotton romals, demy 3-qr. dowlas, Iriſh ditto, princes linen, brown pomerania ditto, mens and womens thread and cotton hoſe, boys ditto, mens and womens worſted ditto, womens black and cloth coloured ſilk gloves and mitts, black and cloth coloured worſted breeches patterns, womens black and cloth coloured worſted mitts, womens thread and cotton ditto, Highland and lettered gartering, Weſton's beſt ſnuff, beſt bright teakettles, hard metal pewter quarts, pints, hard and common ditto tankards, quart, pint, and pint and half pint legged teapots, ditto not legged, hard and common pewter diſhes and plates, water ſtands and plates, hard and common table and tea ſpoons, large and ſmall common pewter porringers, coat and veſt buttons, ſleeve buttons, womens ſhort cloaks, mens ſilk caps, Dunford and London pins, needles, ſnuff boxes, table knives and forks, butcher knives, cutteau and pen ditto, razors, ſciſſars, ſhoe and knee buckles, ivory combs, pepper nutmegs, powder and ſhot, oil flints, good aſſortment of ſilver watches, with a variety of other things too tedious to mention.

N. B. As ſaid RAWLE intends to leave off the buſineſs, he will ſell cheap, for ready money; and all thoſe indebted to him, above ſix months, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Jacob Carver, Staymaker, deceaſed, by Book Debt, are deſired to pay; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted, by MARY CARVER, and ISAAC ROUSH, Execut. ‡

Cheltenham Townſhip, Philadelphia County.

WHEREAS the Partnerſhip between Iſaac and George Shoemaker is diſſolved, all Perſons indebted to them for Goods, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt ſaid Partnerſhip, to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted.---The Buſineſs will be continued at ſaid Store as uſual, by John and Iſaac Shoemaker, where the Publick may be ſupplied with the following Goods, at the moſt reaſonable Rates, viz. Weſt-India and Philadelphia rum, wine, melaſſes, ſugars, ſalt and train oil, tar, linſeed oil, ſweet oil, and ſpirits of turpentine, Godfrey's cordials, Bateman's drops, ſaffron, camphire, borax, roſin, brimſtone, antimony, looking-glaſſes, window glaſs and putty, with moſt ſorts of colours for painting, and dye ſtuffs, powder, ſhot and bar lead, horſe whips, cotton and wool cards, whale-bone, hair bruſhes, ſoap and candles, raſins, and moſt ſorts of ſpices, tea, coffee, chocolate, ginger, Salem and Rhode-Iſland cheeſe, moſt ſorts of kegs, cedar ware, earthen and ſtone ware, an aſſortment of pewter, glaſs and tin ware, tea kettles and braſs kettles of moſt ſizes, iron ſtoves, pots, kettles and ſkillets, bake plates, cart boxes, frying pans, London ſteel, ſickles, Dutch and Engliſh ſcythes and whetſtones, box and flat irons, files and raſps of various ſorts, braſs and iron wire, coffee mills, fine and coarſe grindſtones, moſt ſorts of Carpenters, joiners and ſhoemakers tools, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 20d nails, hobs and ſprigs, houſe furniture and coffin furniture, ſilver watches and watch furniture, ſilver, braſs and Pinchbeck buckles, with ſundry other ſilver ware, and a variety of cutlary, bibles, teſtaments, hiſtories, ſchool books and ſtationary; alſo a good aſſortment of dry goods, ſuch as fine and coarſe broad cloths, cotton velvets, breeches patterns, thickſets, duffils, naps, bearſkins, kerſeys, halfthicks, ſerges, fiannels, bed-ticking, coverlids and blankets, filks, calicoes, camblets, jeans, fuſtians, barragons, duroys, durants, calimancoes, poplins and ſhaloons, checks, ſheeting, coarſe and fine linens, muſlins, cambricks and lawns, mens and womens hoſe, gloves and mitts, ſilk, lawn, gauſe, cotton and check handkerchiefs, caſtor and felt hats, plat and paper hats, with a variety of other goods, ſuitable for the country.

N. B. The Subſcribers purpoſe to keep a board yard, where pine and cedar boards may be had as low as in Philadelphia, allowing the coſt of hauling. They alſo buy moſt ſorts of the country produce, and give the beſt price for old ſilver and braſs. 6 W.

Juſt imported in the laſt Ships from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and to be ſold cheap by

STEPHEN CARMICK,

At his Store, in Water-ſtreet, the third Door above Market-ſtreet, viz.

FINE, ſuper and ſuperfine broadcloths, drab plains, red, blue and ſcarlet duffils, red and blue ſtrouds, drab and Bath friezes, red, white and ſtriped flannels, red, blue, white and purple halfthicks, beſt German ſerge, 8-qr. and 9-qr. blankets, black headed ſhags, beſt ſprig ozenbrigs, ticklenburg, Pomerania linen, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. 3-8ths and 6-qr. cotton and linen checks, fine and coarſe 7-8ths and yd. wd. Iriſh linen, double ileſias, 9-qr. 10-qr. and 11-qr. cotton counterpains, ſtriped cotton hollands, fine Flanders bed-ticks, Engliſh ticken, 6-qr. 6-qr. and half, and 7-qr. bed-bunts, womens pluſh handle whips, buckram, glazed yd. wd. linen, purple and blue ground calicoes and chints, kenting and Scotch handkerchiefs, cotton romals, bandanoes and fine china taffety do. fine and coarſe cambricks and muſlins, clear lawns in pieces and patches, black ell-wd. perſians, black taffeties, nankeens, blue, black and ſcarlet everlaſtings, mens white and mixed thread ſtockings, buff, black and blue breeches patterns, tammies, durants, ſhaloons, black, blue and green calimancoes, ſtriped Scots and blue camblets, Scots, ſtitching and coloured thread, ſmall, middling and large pins, blue, green, ſcarlet, crow and cloth coloured baladine ſewing ſilk, ſtock tape, ſcarf, ſilk and hair, and an aſſortment of horn coat and jacket buttons, ſilver looped toiſeſhell do. lacquered, tin and whitemetal do. gold pattern braſs ſleeve do. fine locket do. ſet in ſilver, mohair and fine ſilk and hair, white and brown Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheeting, ſtriped bengals, felt and caſtor hats, fine ivory combs, ſilk and cotton laces, half-ell thickſets, cotton velvets, figured and plain pillow fuſtian, figured, lettered and ſcarlet gartering, plated and double waſhed coat and jacket buttons, fine ſhirt do. mens worſted and yarn hoſe, ribbed and plain, womens fine white worſted and ſilk clocked do. India ginghams, properzies and pot writing paper, ravens duck, Iriſh dowlas, drilling, London pewter, ſmall and large taylors ſhears, an aſſortment of ſciſſars, ſhoe and real buck handle table knives and forks, ſtag handle and butcher knives, large cutteau and piſtol cap do. hook, ſeal and Barlow penknives, fine razors, 3, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 20d nails, Briſtol beer, boxes of tin plates, an aſſortment of wire, frying-pans, hand bellows, ſnuffers and tobacco boxes, ſewing needles, an aſſortment of augers, gimblets, and padlocks, 7 lb. and 8 lb. trace chains, H and HL hinges, round joint braſs and iron head ſhovel and tongs, iron and braſs ballad candleſticks, flat braſs do. coach pillar nails, common and beſt ſteel plate hand-ſaws, carpenters hammers, bar lead in ſmall bars, bird, pidgeon, duck, turkey and ſwan ſhot, an aſſortment of tapes, files, ſadlery, &c. pepper, cinnamon, cloves, mace and nutmegs, gun locks, F and FF gun-powder, &c. &c. &c.

STRAYED or ſtolen from Iſaac Andrews, living in Hadonfield, on the 20th of March laſt, a likely dark roan Mare, about 14 Hands high, has a Star in her Forehead, and paces a good Travel. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Mare, and gives Notice thereof to Thomas Goodwin, living in Salem Town, Weſt-Jerſey, ſhall be reaſonably rewarded by ſaid

¶ THOMAS GOODWIN.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, POST-MASTER, and D. HALL, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

May 14, 1761. NUMB. 1690.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

PHILADELPHIA.

An ACT *for laying a Duty on Negroes and Molattoe Slaves, imported into this Province.*

WE, the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the Province of Pennſylvania, deſire that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the Honourable JAMES HAMILTON, Eſq; Lieutenant Governor, under the Honourable THOMAS PENN, and RICHARD PENN, Eſquires, true and abſolute Proprietaries of the Province of Pennſylvania, and Counties of New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, upon Delaware, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the ſaid Province, in General Aſſembly met, and by the Authority of the ſame, That for every Negroe, or Molattoe Slave, which ſhall be imported, landed, or brought into this Province, at any time after the Paſſing of this Act, other than ſuch Negroes and Molattoe Slaves as are actually ſhipped for Sailors, and ſhall continue in the Service of the Veſſel they were brought in, and not be expoſed to Sale in this Province; and other than ſuch Negroes and Molattoe Slaves as ſhall be brought or ſent into this Province upon their Maſter's immediate Buſineſs, and not to remain in the Province, or for Sale, there ſhall be paid the Sum of *Ten Pounds*; and that all Maſters of Veſſels, and others, who ſhall, after the Paſſing of this Act, bring into this Province, by Land or Water, any Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, ſhall forthwith make Entry, and give, or cauſe to be given, on Oath or Affirmation, to the Perſon hereafter appointed to collect the ſaid Duty, or his lawful Deputy, a true and juſt Account of all the Negroes or Molattoe Slaves ſo imported or brought in, and to whom they reſpectively belong; which the ſaid Collector ſhall duly enter in a Book for that Purpoſe, and thereupon ſhall grant a Permit, for which the Perſon obtaining the ſame ſhall pay the Sum of *Two Shillings and Six-pence* for every Negroe or Molattoe Slave contained in the ſaid Permit, for landing or bringing them in.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Maſter of a Veſſel, or other Perſon, who by this Act are obliged, or ought to make ſuch Entry as aforeſaid, and ſhall refuſe or neglect to make the ſame accordingly within the Time, and in the Manner directed by this Act, and being thereof convicted before any one Juſtice of the Peace, or before the Mayor or Recorder of the City of Philadelphia for the Time being, ſhall forfeit for every Negroe or Molattoe Slave, of which he ought to give an Account to the Collector of the Duties impoſed by this Act, the Sum of *Thirty-five Shillings*, to be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Juſtice, or of the Mayor or Recorder aforeſaid, before whom the Party is convicted. And that every ſuch Importer, Owner or Claimer of ſuch Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, ſhall, before landing of them, pay down the ſaid Duty, or otherwiſe become bound to the Collector for the Time being, with one or more ſufficient Sureties, or procure ſome other ſufficient Perſon or Perſons to be bound to the ſaid Collector, to anſwer and pay the ſaid Duty hereby impoſed upon ſuch Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, within Six Months next after the Date of the ſaid Obligation; for which the Collector ſhall receive of the Party the Sum of *Two Shillings and Six-pence*, and no more.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any of the ſaid Negroes or Molattoe Slaves ſhall be imported, landed or brought in during the Continuance of this Act, without making Entry, and obtaining a Permit as aforeſaid, or without paying or giving Security for Payment of the ſaid Duty in Manner aforeſaid, that then all the Negroes or Molattoe Slaves ſo imported, landed or brought in, or the Value of them, if they cannot be found, ſhall be forfeited by the Importer or Owner; one Moiety (after the ſaid Duty, and all Charges of Seizure and Proſecution are deducted) ſhall go to the Governor for Support of Government; and the other Half (after the ſaid Deduction) to the ſaid Collector, or ſuch other Perſon as will ſue for the ſame, in any Court of Record in this Province, by Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or any more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Collector of the ſaid Duty, ariſing by this Act, or his Deputy, ſhall have full Power and Authority, by Virtue hereof, without any further or other Warrant, to enter on board any Ship or Veſſel, and into any Houſe or Place whatſoever, where he ſhall ſuſpect any of the ſaid Negroes or Molattoe Slaves to be concealed, and make Searches, and do all other Matters and Things, which may tend to ſecure the true Payment of the ſaid Duty, and the due and orderly Collection thereof: And in caſe of Oppoſition or Refuſal, the ſaid Collector, or his Deputy, with the Aſſiſtance of the Sheriff, Water Baliff, Conſtable, or other Officer, who, without any other or further Warrant, are enabled and required, under the Penalty of *Five Pounds* for every Neglect or Refuſal in that Behalf, to be recovered as aforeſaid, to be aiding and aſſiſting to the ſaid Collector to ſeize the ſaid Negroes and Molattoe Slaves, which ſhall be concealed, or endeavoured ſo to be, as aforeſaid; and for that End to break open Doors and other Things in the Day Time, and to do and perform all other Act and Acts, which by this Act is and are required to be done, for collecting, receiving and recovering of the ſaid Duty, and the Penalties and Forfeitures herein mentioned, or for making Seizures of Negroes or Molattoe Slaves landed or brought in, without making Entries, and paying and ſecuring the ſaid Duty, in as full and ample Manner, to all Intents, as any of the Collectors or Officers of the King's Cuſtoms may or can do, by the Laws of Great-Britain.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Maſters of Veſſels and others, trading in the River Delaware, and coming into any Port or Place of this Province, having Negroes or Molattoe Slaves on board, which by this Act are liable to pay the ſaid Duty, are hereby required, under the Penalty of *Thirty-five Shillings*, to comply with the Directions of this Act, as if ſuch Veſſel came from Sea directly; and that all Perſons, obliged by this Act to pay the ſaid Duty, ſhall apply to the ſaid Collector, or his Deputy, without any Notice given, or Requeſt made, by him for their ſo doing.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Veſſel ſhall arrive at any Port, Member, Creek, or Landing-place in this Province, with any Negroes or Molattoe Slaves on board, and there remain the Space of Forty-eight Hours without making Entry, under Pretence of going to ſome other Port, or any other Pretence whatſoever, the Maſter or Owner of the ſaid Veſſel ſhall give a true Account of the Number of Negroes or Molattoe Slaves on board, and ſhall give Security to the ſaid Collector, or his Deputy, that he ſhall not land any of the ſaid Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, without Entry made, and Permit obtained from the ſaid Collector, under the Penalty of Seizure and Forfeiture of the ſaid Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, to be recovered as aforeſaid.

Provided always, That if any of the ſaid Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, for which the ſaid Duty is paid or ſecured, as aforeſaid, ſhall, within the Space of ſix Months, be exported (or carried out to Sea) then and in ſuch Caſe three Fourths of the ſaid Duty, hereby impoſed, ſhall be abated for ſuch of them as ſhall be exported, as aforeſaid, and on Payment of the remaining one fourth Part, the Security given ſhall be delivered up and diſcharged; and the Officer ſhall and may deduct *Five Shillings* per Head, for his Care and Trouble therein.

Provided alſo, That all ſuch Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, for which ſuch Deduction ſhall be made, ſhall actually, and *bona fide*, be forthwith ſhipped off or ſent out of this Province, ſo as not to return again without complying with this Act, under the Penalty of Seizure and Forfeiture, as aforeſaid.

Provided always nevertheleſs, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, during the Continuance of this Act, tranſport him or themſelves, with their Families and Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, in order to ſettle in this Province, and ſhall, upon Oath or Affirmation, declare before the ſaid Collector, or his Deputy, who are hereby empowered to adminiſter the ſame, that ſuch Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, ſo brought in, are for their own Service, and not for Sale, he or they ſhall not be liable to pay the ſaid Duty for ſuch Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, but ſhall forthwith give Security to the ſaid Collector (which he is hereby empowered and required to take) by a Bond of the full Value of ſuch Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, conditioned for the Payment of the Rates aforeſaid, in caſe ſuch Negroes or Molattoe Slaves ſhall be ſold, or the Property of them directly or indirectly altered, within the Space of eighteen Months after the Date of ſuch Bond.

And to prevent the clandeſtine Practice of landing or bringing in of Negroes or Molattoe Slaves into the remote Parts of this Province, by Maſters of Veſſels, Merchants, or others, without making Entry of and paying the Duty for the ſame, according to the Directions of this Act, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Conſtables of the reſpective Townſhips, Hundreds or Wards, within this Province, ſhall, and are hereby obliged, under the Penalty of *Twenty Shillings* for every Refuſal or Neglect, upon Oath or Affirmation, which the ſaid Juſtices, or ſome of them, are hereby required to adminiſter, to bring in a Liſt to the reſpective Courts of Quarter Seſſions for the City or County where they live, of all the Negroes and Molattoe Slaves that ſhall come or be brought into their reſpective Townſhips or Wards, and by whom the ſaid Negroes were imported or brought in, and in whoſe Poſſeſſion ſuch Negroes or Molattoe Slaves are: And the Collector, or his Deputy, or Deputies, in the reſpective Counties, ſhall, and may have Recourſe to the Returns of the Conſtables for the better collecting the Duties, Fines and Forfeitures ariſing by Virtue of this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That Richard Pearne, of Philadelphia, ſhall be, and is hereby appointed the Collector of the ſaid Duty hereby impoſed, and Receiver of all Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties herein before appointed to be ſet, impoſed and levied by Virtue of this Act, which the ſaid Collector, by himſelf or his Deputy, is hereby impowered to demand, collect, receive and recover of and from all Perſons importing, landing or bringing in any Negroes or Molattoe Slaves, during the Continuance of this Act, and ſhall, from time to time, take all Bonds required to be given as aforeſaid. And the ſaid Collector ſhall keep fair and true Accounts in Writing of all ſuch Tranſactions relating to the Premiſes, which he ſhall, from time to time, ſubmit to the View and Inſpection of the Provincial Treaſurer, and lay the ſame before the Aſſembly, when thereunto required, and once in ſix Weeks, or oftener, if required, during the Continuance of this Act, pay into the ſaid Treaſurer's Hands all ſuch Sums of Money as he ſhall receive by Virtue of this Act, and ſhall deduct out of the ſame, for his own Uſe, *Five per Cent.* for all Sums ſo by him paid, and ſhall further be allowed by the ſaid Treaſurer, in the final adjuſting of his Accounts, all reaſonable Charges by him expended in the Proſecution of the ſaid Seizures, and Recovery of any of the ſaid Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties, in Purſuance of this Act.

Provided always, that the ſaid Collector, before he enters upon the Execution of his Office, ſhall be ſworn or atteſted before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, and ſhall, with one or more ſufficient Sureties, become bound in an Obligation of *Five Hundred Pounds* to the Treaſurer, conditioned for the true and faithful Execution of his ſaid Office.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any Time be ſued or proſecuted, for any Thing done in Purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſo ſued or proſecuted, may plead the general Iſſue, and give this Act, and the ſpecial Matter, in Evidence for their Excuſe or Juſtification; and if the Plantiff or Proſecutor become Non-ſuit, or forbear Proſecution, or ſuffer a Diſcontinuance, or if a Verdict paſs againſt him in ſuch Action, Suit or Information, the Defendant ſhall have treble Coſts, as in any Caſes where Coſts by Law are given to Defendants.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Duties, ariſing by Virtue of this Act, ſhall be paid to the Uſes and Purpoſes of an Act paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the late King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating of Negroes in this Province*, ſo far as it relates to the Payment of the Owners or Maſters of Negroes convicted of Capital Crimes, and executed in this Province; and the Overplus, if any, ſhall be paid into the Hands of the Provincial Treaſurer, to be applied towards ſinking the Sums of Money heretofore granted to the King's Uſe.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that this Act ſhall be and continue in Force for ſeven Years, from and after the Publication thereof, and from thence till the End of the next Sitting of Aſſembly, and no longer.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act of General Aſſembly of this Province, intituled, *An Act for laying a Duty on Negroes imported into this Province*, be, and is hereby repealed and made void.

*** Thomas Coombe *is appointed Collector, in the Room of* Richard Pearne *deceaſed.*

To be ſold by publick Vendue, on the Premiſes, by

JOHN ASHMEAD,

On Saturday, the 16th Day of May inſtant,

ABOUT 80 Acres of Land, divided into Lots of about 6 Acres each, three of which are Wood Land; the Whole beautifully ſituated on a high Hill, on the Weſt Side of Germantown, overlooking the Town, and on a Road leading from thence to Vandeering's Mill and the Falls of Schuylkill. Alſo 2 Lots, now in the Tenure or Occupation of Thomas Carvel, one of 3, the other of one and an Half Acres; on both of which is a young Orchard, fenced and ditched in: And one other Lot, of three and an Half Acres, now in the Tenure of Samuel M'Call, ſenior; which ſaid Lot is now advertiſed in the Pennſylvania Journal, to be ſold by ſaid M'Call, under a Rent of Six Shillings per Acre; of which all Perſons inclining to purchaſe are hereby cautioned to beware, as the ſaid M'Call has no legal Title thereto.

A Plan of the Whole to be ſeen at the London Coffee-Houſe, and at the ſaid John Aſhmead's, at the Houſe of Benjamin Mifflin, near the Drawbridge.

N. B. Said Mifflin has two lots yet to diſpoſe of, on and near Schuylkill; one about 39 Acres, and the other about 18 Acres.

MATTHEW CLARKSON

Is removed to Second-ſtreet, next Door to JOHN ROSS, Eſq; and nearly oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting-houſe, and ſells, by Wholeſale or Retail,

MADEIRA, Teneriffe, Liſbon, Malaga, Mountain, Sherry, Sack and other Wines, by the Caſk, Gallon or in Bottles, Fontiniac and Claret in Bottles, choice old Jamaica Spirit, Weſt-India, N. England and Philadelphia Rum, Brandy, Geneva, beſt Batavia Arrack, Lucca eating Oil in Bottles, Sweet Oil in Jars, Citron, Raiſins, Currants, Coffee, Chocolate, beſt Bohea, Green and Hyſon Tea, ſingle refined Loaf Sugar, beſt London double refined Ditto, Cinnamon, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, Pepper, Alliſpice, Rice, exceeding fine Bitters for Wine, Jackſon's Philadelphia Flour of Muſtard, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. Country Shopkeepers, Tavernkeepers and others, may be furniſhed with any of the above Articles on the beſt Terms, and have large Allowance by taking a Quantity.

*** Maſters of Veſſels and Seamen may be ſupplied with all Neceſſaries for Sea Stores, and have them put up agreeable to Directions.

DANIEL CLARK,

Having moved from his Houſe, on the South Side of Market-ſtreet, to the Houſe where Mr. Alexander M'Gee lately lived, has to ſell, for Cath or ſhort Credit, at the Store lately occupied by Meſſieurs Standley and Fullton,

A NEAT Aſſortment of dry Goods, which he imported in the laſt Veſſels from London and Liverpool. ¶ Tbc. 2 M.

ON the 18th Day of this inſtant will be expoſed to Sale, by Way of public Vendue, at the late Dwelling-houſe of Aubrey Bevan, in the Borough of Cheſter, the Houſhold Furniture of the ſaid Aubrey Bevan, conſiſting of a great many very good Feather Beds and Bedding, large Walnut Tables, Looking-glaſſes, and ſundry other Sorts of Houſhold Goods; beſides a large Parcel of Kitchen Furniture, ſuch as Pots, Kettles, Pewter Plates, and many other Things, too tedious here to mention. The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock. Where Attendance and ſix Months Credit will be given, by MARY BEVAN, Executrix.

THE County Court of Common Pleas and Seſſions being to be held at Lancaſter the ſame Time appointed for the Drawing the Lancaſter St. James's Church Lottery, and ſeveral of the Managers being obliged, from their Profeſſions and Occupations, to attend the ſaid Courts, hope the Publick will excuſe the poſtponing of the Drawing of the ſaid Lottery until the 18th of May inſtant, when all the Adventurers may be aſſured the Drawing will begin.

Paris, Jan. 16. The War in Germany will be puſhed next Summer with ſuch Vigour, that former Campaigns will appear but a Jeſt to the next. Broglio's Army will amount to 100,000 Men, and Soubiſe's to 50 or 60,000. The Jews of Mets have undertaken to furniſh 36,000 Oxen, for the Subſiſtence of our Forces; and a famous Jew of Nancy, with his Aſſociates, furniſhes Horſes to remount our Cavalry, and draw the Cannon.

Hamburgh, Jan. 23. It is ſtrongly aſſerted here, that his Royal Highneſs Prince Charles of Lorain will be appointed Commander in Chief of the Auſtrian Army; whence it is inferred that a Peace is near at Hand. As no more Battles are expected, the Public is very deſirous to aſcribe the Honour and Reputation of a Peace being concluded, whilſt the Prince was at the Head of the Army.

Hague, Feb. 10. The Count D'Affry has declared to the Deputies of the States General, That if they did not give the King, his Maſter, ample and ſignal Satisfaction, with Regard to the Felicité, he would take Vengeance for it at a proper Time and Place.

Portſmouth, Feb. 6. Yeſterday ſix frigates went out of harbour. They are all bound to Madeira to load wine for the Fleet.

Yeſterday arrived at Spithead, the Blaſt ſloop of war, and gave an account, that the Grace cutter ſunk a French cutter privateer, of 10 guns, off Beachy-Hook, and every one periſhed. It was a ſmart engagement for ſome time.

L O N D O N,

January 27. The French King has put off the Payment of the Money, which was to have been paid in January, 1761, both Principal and Intereſt.

From Paris they write, that every Preparation is making for a vigorous Campaign; that proper Meaſures are taking to pay their Allies the ſtipulated Subſidies, that theſe may take the Field early, and at one Time, in order to cruſh the King of Pruſſia effectually, and once for all; and that for this End it hath been propoſed, that Marſhal Broglio, while one Part of his Army kept the Allies at Bay, ſhould march with 35 or 40,000 men into Saxony, to ſecond the Auſtrians.

Jan. 28. By ſeveral Letters from France, in Monday's Dutch Mail, it appears, that the Seahorſe's Engagement, on the 10th of January, was with the Omphale Frigate, of 36 Guns, and 350 Men, and not with the Le Grand, as has been mentioned. The Omphale was fitted out at Breſt for a Cruize, being a prime Sailer, and is returned thither in a moſt ſhattered Condition, with near 200 Men killed and wounded, by their own Account. The Captain was amongſt the Slain, and the firſt Lieutenant has both his Legs ſhot off. One Letter mentions, that they took the Seahorſe for a deep Merchantman, and, after giving a Broadſide, intended to board her; but they met with the firſt Salute when juſt going to board, which made terrible Slaughter, and altered their Deſign. They confeſs their Antagoniſt ſtuck too cloſe to them, was of equal Force, but that they had received ſo many Shot between Wind and Water, as obliged them to ſhear off to ſtop their Leaks, when they obſerved two large Men of War coming down upon them, which prevented their returning to renew the Fight.----One of the Letters mentions, that the Engagement laſted near two Hours, Half of which Time they fought Board and Board.

Extract of a Letter from Rotterdam, Jan. 27.

" A French King's Frigate, called the Omphale, of 36 Guns, a very fine Ship, fell in with an Engliſh Frigate of the ſame Force (according to their Account) on the 10th Inſtant, in the Channel, who ſo much diſabled her, that ſhe has with great Difficulty got back to Breſt, where ſhe was fitted out. The Captain and about 100 Men are killed, and many wounded; ſhe had when the Action begun above 350 Men. They call it at Breſt the moſt bloody Battle that has happened this War, having laſted near two Hours, and ſo cloſe, that they could not charge their Guns. They ſuppoſe their Enemy ſo much diſabled, as not to be able to get into Port."

Jan. 31. Some Letters from Hanover, dated the 16th Inſtant, run in the following Manner: 'Though we feel the Calamities of War, yet we account ourſelves happy, in Compariſon of other States, expoſed to much greater Evils. Saxony, Thuringia, and Heſſe afford lamentable Scenes of Woe. The French, moved by the Cries of the poor Inhabitants of the Landgraviate, and ſenſible that they are exhauſted, are aſſembling in a Body, in order to go elſewhere. Their Movements have occaſioned ſome in our Army, which has likewiſe been re-aſſembled in leſs than three Days, and is actually ready for any Emergency. The Officers that were abſent have received poſitive Orders to repair to their reſpective Regiments, and every one obeys with the utmoſt Alacrity: So that we expect to hear of ſome important Event.'

Feb. 12. It is ſaid all the light Troops are to be embarked for Germany.

It appears from Lloyd's Liſt, that the Number of Captures made by the Enemy, in and near the Channel, ſince Oct. 1. 1760, amount to 130.

A Letter from Dreſden, dated January 25, runs thus: The Calamities occaſioned by the War appear more and more every Day: There is no Milk to be had in the Neighbourhood, and Butter is brought eight or ten Leagues, for which we pay the moſt exorbitant Prices; Cattle we have none, but from the moſt diſtant Provinces, ſo that there is ſcarce any Markets for Meat.

Feb. 14. Several large Commiſſions are lately come over for Purchaſes in our Funds; from whence ſome People imagine that Peace is nearer at Hand than moſt Perſons imagine.

The Collections made Yeſterday at the Rev. Mr. Whitefield's Tabernacle, and the Chapel in Tottenham-Court, for the Sufferers by the late terrible Fire in Boſton, in New-England, and the plundered Proteſtants in the New-Marche of Brandenburgh, &c. amounted to upwards of Five Hundred and Fifty Pounds.

Feb. 17. On Saturday were diſpatched for the Allied Army, Letters of great Importance, in Relation to the preſent Operations of the Britiſh and German Troops, in an Enterprize againſt the French.

Six ſmall Sloops, of 16 Guns each, are ordered to be got ready with all Expedition, to protect the Britiſh Trade.

Feb. 19. The Courts of Spain and Sardinia are ſaid to have demanded a categorical Anſwer from that of Vienna, who muſt either relinquiſh her favourite Claim in Germany, or agree in their Demands.

It is reported, that a Perſon of Diſtinction at the Court of Ruſſia, is, in a ſhort Time, expected here with a Commiſſion of Importance, tending to the Accommodation of all Differences ſubſiſting between the Courts of Vienna and Berlin, by the Mediation of her Ruſſian Majeſty.

Feb. 24. Yeſterday the Report was, that the King of Pruſſia had ſent Detachments, to the Amount of 20,000 Men, to join Prince Ferdinand in the Expedition to Heſſe Caſſel, and that his Pruſſian Majeſty was following them, being reſolved to ſee Marſhal Broglio Face to Face, before he begins his Operations againſt his other Enemies.

The laſt Letters from Hamburgh mention, that the Count de St. Germain, who went to offer his Services to the King of Denmark, was then at Hamburgh. It appears at preſent not very certain that he will enter into the Service of that Crown. Inſtead of that favourable Reception which this brave General expected, it was ſignified to him by the Court of Copenhagen, that they could not receive him, till he had aſked and obtained Leave, in due Form, to reſign all his Places in France; which he will not be forward to do, as they bring him in near 60,000 Livres a Year.

March 3. The laſt Letters from France mention, that it has been obſerved there with Regret, that of the 41 Captains appointed to the Ships of War fitting out in the Ports of Spain, not more than two are Frenchmen. Mean while they comfort themſelves under the Apprehenſion of this Fleet's not being deſigned to favour their Views, with the Belief that Spain, notwithſtanding the Increaſe of her Trade by her Neutrality, cannot man above Half the Number of Ships ſhe hath commiſſioned. The ſame Letters add, that the French are not a little uneaſy to find that Numbers of their Artificers in the Cambrick Manufacture, have been enticed to Scotland and Ireland.

March 7. Yeſterday arrived an Expreſs from Spain, with an Account, it is ſaid, of a Treaty being concluded between the Kings of Spain and Sardinia, for ſupporting their mutual Pretenſions in Italy. Whether England and Pruſſia are included we know not. It is even ſaid that the King of Sardinia has actually declared War againſt the Empreſs Queen of Hungary, and that the Spaniards either have, or will ſhortly ſend a large Fleet to the Coaſt of Italy.

At a Conference held at Ratiſbon on the 21ſt ult. on Affairs of Religion, by the Miniſters of the Proteſtant Princes of Germany, the Hanoverian Miniſter delivered a Declaration, importing, That his Britannic Majeſty would defend and ſupport, by all poſſible Methods, the Treaty of Weſtphalia, and the Proteſtant Cauſe: That the Danger which threatened the Evangelical Body, and ſeemed to portend the heavieſt Diſaſters to many Proteſtant States, would ſerve only to excite his Majeſty more and more, in Proportion as it increaſed, to exert himſelf for their Deliverance; and that the Meaſure of his Aſſiſtance would be as that of their Danger.

Amongſt many new and extraordinary Projects in France for recruiting their Army, one is the obliging the Convents, of which there are ſaid to be Fifteen Thouſand, to furniſh one, two, or three Men, according to their reſpective Revenues; which are to be raiſed, and maintained too, till ſuch Time as they join their reſpective Corps, at the Expenſe of theſe Communities; but it is foreſeen that this Propoſal will meet with violent Oppoſition from the Body of the Clergy, and all that are attached to them.

By Captain Ochterlony, who arrived at New-York on Friday laſt from London, we have the following to March 9.

HAMBURGH, Feb. 20.

ADVICES from Leipſic of the 17th ſay, that General Syburg had paſſed the Unſtrut, near Langenſaltza, and had beat a Body of Saxons, made 3000 Priſoners, taken four Pieces of Cannon, and ſix Standards. They only add, That if General Sporcken's Cavalry could have paſſed the Unſtrut in Time, all the Saxon Corps muſt have been killed or taken.

Franckfort, on the Mayne, Feb. 20. *A Courier arrived here laſt Night, with the unwelcome News of the French retreating; their Head Quarters have been removed from Caſſel to Sandra, on Account of the Arrival of* 15000 *Ruſſians at Dingleſtadt, and the Allies having taken Poſſeſſion of Fritzlar; and it is to be apprehended, that the Enemy will, as it were, incloſe M. Broglio and his Army in their Lines.*

Frankfort, Feb. 22. Marſhal Broglio's Center is at Fulde, and the French Troops are marching that Way from all Parts. Count Broglio occupies Caſſel with about 10,000 Men. Gottingen is ſtill in the Hands of the French, but Munden is abandoned by them, and they have burnt three of their Magazines, to prevent their falling into the Hands of the Allies.

It is ſaid the King of Pruſſia is with General Syburg's Army; however, it is certain, that the Inhabitants of Leipſic know not where he is.

Mein, Feb. 22. If the Thaw had not happened, the Projects of Prince Ferdinand were ſo well concerted, and his Meaſures ſo juſtly taken, that there would now be no more French in Heſſe; yet by his Marches and Countermarches, and his different Manœuvres, he has ſo harraſſed the French Army, that a great Part of it is in the Hoſpitals, and another Part of it incapable of acting this Campaign; ſo that notwithſtanding M. Broglio's wiſe and prudent Conduct, he can hardly begin his Operations with Eclat, without a freſh Supply of Men.

Cologne, Feb. 24. It is ſaid that all the Troops of Weſtphalia are to enter into the Service of France, even our late Elector's Body Guard. Twelve Battalions of French, who wintered here, have received Orders to hold themſelves in Readineſs to march into Heſſe; and the greateſt Part of the Garriſons of Weſel, Duſſeldorp, St. Goar, Limbourg, Siegen, and Konigſtein, are already in March to reinforce M. Broglio.

L O N D O N,

March 9. The French have lately crowed and vapoured much about the Conduct of Marſhal Broglio, for his keeping Poſſeſſion of Caſſel, and ſuſtaining his Army there this Winter; when, in Truth, all the Honour of his keeping his Ground ſo long there, is entirely owing to the great Mildneſs of the Weather this Winter, and the Impoſſibility of drawing the Artillery on ſuch deep Roads, in ſo open a Seaſon: But now the Time is come, when we ſhall ſee, whether the French had any good Reaſons to boaſt about their Marſhal's Conduct, ſince he muſt, by the Motions Prince Ferdinand has lately made, and the Ground which the Allied Army are now taking, be cut off in a great Meaſure from his Magazines and Supplies, and conſequently be ſoon in the utmoſt Want of Proviſions, which of Courſe muſt compel him to fight or fly.

Indeed, by Prince Ferdinand's Proceedings, in beating up the Enemy's Quarters round Caſſel, and deſtroying their Magazines, it ſhould ſeem probable, that the Marſhal would ſoon endeavour to put a Stop to ſuch Loſſes, by riſking a Battle; and which may very likely have been fought by this Time: The fortune of which will go a great Way towards deciding the Fate of this Year's Campaign; and as his Pruſſian Majeſty hath ſent a conſiderable Body of Forces to the Aſſiſtance of the Allied Army, there is great Reaſon to hope Victory will declare in their Favour, and the Enemy's Army be not only driven out of Heſſe, but entirely ruined. And if this ſhould happen, the French would find it no eaſy Matter to make any tolerable Figure afterwards this Year in Germany; which, with the Difficulties that her Apoſtolic Majeſty muſt be in about defending her Italian Dominions, will very likely bring about a Congreſs this Summer, and perhaps an honourable Peace.

Charles-Town *(in South Carolina)* April 11.

Extract of a Letter from Ninety-Six, dated the 2*d Inſtant.*

" In a Poſtſcript to my laſt, I informed you of one Box being taken Priſoner, and one Eaton killed, on the 16th ult. as they, with ſome of their Neighbours were returning from planting at Rayford's Creek, which is the uppermoſt Settlement on Saludy River, by the Cherokees: The ſaid Box had the good Fortune to make his Eſcape from thoſe Miſcreants the next Night; and ſays, that the Party which took him conſiſted of 27, five of them Women; that they came from Kullaſatchih in Queſt of Proviſions; and that they carried off a good many Cattle and Horſes: The Rendezvous of this Party, as of moſt others, was at Long-Canes. We have great Reaſon to believe, that two Thirds at leaſt of the Cherokee Nation, at this very Time, ſuffer the utmoſt Diſtreſs, from the Want of Proviſions and Cloathing: The Winter has proved a ſevere one upwards; we had not long ſince Snow four Inches deep; and our Spring came on late; however, there is now a good Proſpect of Plenty of Fodder for the Army's Cattle and Horſes, whenever they move this Way. The Magazine here will be completed and filled as ſpeedily as poſſible; and 200 Men of Col. Middleton's Regiment are expected from Congarees in a few Days, with a large Quantity of Flour, &c. No Advices from Fort Prince-George, ſince what I ſent you by Jack Archer; but we hourly expect to hear from thence.---"

In Conſequence of Orders from Col. Grant, Commander in Chief of all the regular and provincial Forces now moving towards the Weſtern Frontiers to act againſt the Cherokees, on Saturday laſt Major Moultrie, with the Captains Roberts and Ainſlie,, Lieutenants Savage, Marion, Terry and Huger, Enſigns Ward and Huger, and 220 picked Men of Col. Middleton's Regiment, marched from their Encampment at Congarees for Fort Ninety-ſix, having 50 Waggons loaded with Flour under their Care.

On the 7th Inſt. Lieut. Wilkinſon, with 26 more Provincials, were to go from Congarees, as an Eſcort to 20 other Waggons laden with Flour.

Lieutenant Levy is arrived at Congarees, with 32 Recruits for Col. Middleton's Regiment, from North-Carolina.---There has been a Skirmiſh between ſome Deſerters from the ſaid Regiment and a Party of the above Recruits, upon the Wateree River, wherein it is ſaid ſome Lives were loſt.

We hear that the Regular Troops at Monck's Corner were to march forward from thence as this Day.--- The Highlanders which Col. Grant ſent for from Providence, are returned to Town, in order to reimbark forthwith for New-York, whither General Amherſt has ordered them. Near 70 Sick, of the Independents, came to Town at the ſame Time.

We hear for certain, that the brave Major Rogers, is appointed to command the Independent Company in this Province lately Capt. Paul Demere's. And that Mr. ------ Cameron, who has been a conſiderable Time a Volunteer in America, will have a Commiſſion in the ſame Company.

Extract of a Letter from Ninety-Six, dated the 5*th Inſtant.*

" Laſt Night arrived here Timothy Rarden (late one of the Fort Loudoun Garriſon) Expreſs from Fort Prince George, with Diſpatches from the Commandant there to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, &c. Our Accounts from thence are, That 47 more Priſoners have been purchaſed from and delivered up by the Cherokees, 36 of them Soldiers, making in all 67 ſince Capt. M'Intoſh has been there.---That Talks to and from the Nation were frequent from and to the Fort; thoſe from the Indians in a pacific Strain; and from the Fort, adapted to the preſent Circumſtances of Affairs.----That the Young-Warrior of Eſtatowih was returned from his Incurſion to Long-Canes, &c. with ſuch Plenty of Cattle, as enabled him to ſpare 13 of them, which he ſold and delivered for the Uſe of the Garriſon [Some Letters ſay he made a Preſent of them to Capt. M'Intoſh, as a Proof of his Deſire of a Reconciliation]. That he pretended he had been down as far as Ninety-Six, and ſeen many white People, but did not offer to moleſt one, although he could have killed them at Pleaſure; and that he was ſorry for what had happened, but looked upon the Path to be now ſtrait again, and hoped it would remain ſo: That amongſt other things, he ſaid, he found that the Nation had given out he was the Cauſe of the War's Continuance, but they were as much to blame as himſelf.---That the Want of Proviſions had made a great Part of the Nation deſirous of a ſpeedy Accommodation; and their Eagerneſs to procure ſome Cloathing, was what had induced them ſo readily to give up ſo many Priſoners, and (together with the Difficulty of finding them Subſiſtence) would influence them to bring in the Reſt ſoon. For further Particulars, I muſt refer you to the Expreſs, not having Time to enlarge.---We expect Major Moultrie here in two Days, and are making proper Proviſion for him.---There are ſome Whiſpers here about Peace; but I believe, at leaſt I hope, there is no Foundation for them, and that the Cherokees will firſt receive the proper Reward of their Perfidy and Cruelty."

April 18. Serjeant Rarden, who arrived in Town laſt Sunday, with Diſpatches from Fort Prince-George, and was one of the Fort-Loudoun Garriſon, informs us, that he was the laſt Engliſh Priſoner the Indians delivered up: That he left Tomawtley near Fort-Loudoun, the 29th of March: That on his Way to the Lower Towns he met a Party of Indians (between Tomoſſih and Etchowih) driving up a large Gang of Cattle, which they had taken from Long-Canes: That no Engliſh Priſoners had lately been put to Death in the Nation: That in general they were well uſed, but obliged to do all the ſervile Labour: That the Number of Cattle ſent to Fort Prince George, by the Young Warrior of Eſtatowih, was 13, as mentioned in our laſt; but that the Young Warrior had not been there himſelf: That Capt. M'Intoſh had erected a Shade without the Fort, where the Indians confer with him: That the Little Carpenter was gone home, and that his Brother had carried 17 Priſoners to Virginia. In other Particulars his Accounts agree with what was publiſhed in our laſt.

On Tueſday Morning Colonel Grant, with the Forces under his Command, that were at Monck's-Corner, marched for the Congarees, where they may arrive on Monday next.

Another Detachment from Colonel Middleton's Regiment ſet out from Congarees the 12th Inſtant, for Ninety-Six, as an Eſcort to more Waggons loaded with Flour, &c.

'Tis ſaid Colonel Grant will move from Congarees the firſt of May.

In his Majeſty's Ship Greyhound, from New-York, are come Paſſengers, Enſign John Dunnet, of the 17th Regiment, Mr. -------- Farrington, late a Lieutenant in Major Rogers's Rangers, one Mohawk, and eight Stockbridge

Indians, to join the Troops here under Colonel Grant.

The ſame Day Colonel Montgomery's Highlanders embarked on board the Mercury Tranſport, Captain Claxton, for New-York; whither, we hear, they are to be convoyed by the Greyhound.

April 25. Letters from Fort Prince-George, of the 10th Inſt. ſay, that the Number of Priſoners ranſomed by Captain M'Intoſh, then amounted to upwards of 80: That the Head-men of many Towns had come in with large Strings of Wampum, and earneſtly ſolicited him to bring about a Peace for them, adding, they ſhould be totally ruined, if they were prevented from planting this Seaſon: And that the Number of redeemed Captives in the Fort had greatly reduced the Garriſon's Proviſions.

Near one Half of Col. Middleton's Regiment is now at Ninety-Six with Major Moultrie: The other Half is ſtill at Congarees; where we hear Col. Grant, and the Regulars, arrived laſt Tueſday.---The whole Body of Troops at Congarees, it is thought, will move for Ninety-Six on Thurſday or Friday next.

If, in the preſent diſtreſſed Circumſtances of the Cherokee Nation, Intimation be given them, that their Headmen will be favourably received, it is not doubted, that we ſhall ſoon hear of the Arrival of ſome in the Camp at Ninety-Six, with Overtures of Peace.

Enſign Dunnet, Lieutenant Farrington, and the Rangers and Indians which arrived here laſt Week from New-York, are gone to join the Army at Congarees.---Mr. Farrington, with the Rangers and Indians, we hear, are to proceed immediately to Fort Prince-George.

Yeſterday ſailed for New-York, his Majeſty's Ship Greyhound, Thomas Francis, Eſq; Commander, with publick Diſpatches. At the ſame Time ſailed, under her Convoy, the Mercury Tranſport, Capt. Claxton, having on board the Highlanders lately reimbarked here.

Extract of a Letter from Auguſta, dated the 25th Inſt.

"The 15th two Creek Indians arrived at Mr. Brewin's, from the Oakfuſkees, to trade; one of them bought no leſs than eleven Blankets, for which he paid in dreſſed Leather; the other had not ſo great a Quantity of Skins, but what he had, he likewiſe laid out in Goods. They brought no Letters, but ſaid all was peaceable and quiet in the Nation, and ſet off again very early the next Morning. Their ſhort Stay, bringing no Letters, and purchaſing ſo much Cloth, occaſions ſome Suſpicions.---Captain James Colbert, and all the Chicaſahs he could collect, are gone againſt the Cherokees."

On the 5th ult. ſome unhappy Wretches, who, in a Fit of religious Deluſion and Enthuſiaſm, had, in a moſt barbarous Manner, murdered one Michael Hans, and Capt. John George Smith Beder, on the 23d and 24th of February laſt, at Congarees, were brought down from thence, and committed to Jail: Their Deluſion was ſo great that they acknowledged the Murders, and, for ſome Days, attempted to juſtify themſelves: But at March Seſſions they were too well convinced of their Error, when ſeven of them were indicted and tried, and four convicted, viz. Jacob Wieber, John Geiger, Jacob Boughart, and Hannah Wieber; who all received Sentence of Death on the 31ſt ult. And on the 17th Inſt. Jacob Wieber was hanged purſuant to his Sentence, behaving in a very becoming Manner, and dying a true Penitent: The other three are reprieved till May.

April 29. On Sunday laſt, by a Perſon from Auguſta, we had the following Advices, viz.

Auguſta, April 22. "About the Beginning of this Month Capt. Colbert, with 23 Chickeſaws, ſet out from this Place; they are to endeavour to get ſome Scalps or Priſoners near or at the Cherokee Towns, and will then go to Ninety ſix to join Colonel Grant. About 20 more Chickeſaws are expected daily from Savannah, who will alſo ſet out to join the Army.

"Laſt Week arrived here in 16 Days from Oakfuſkee, two Indians of that Town, who ſay that there had been a Meeting of the Headmen of the Upper and Lower Creeks, ſome Time before they came away, at the Halbama Fort; but they received few Preſents from the French, except Rum: That they were all peaceable and quiet, and determined not to fall out with the white Men; and that the Britiſh Traders in the Nation were all at their reſpective Towns. The Mortar, and the Cherokees that were with him, were returned from the French Fort: The Cherokees went to their own Country: And the Mortar, with his Gang, to his new Settlement. We have no Letters from any One in the Nation, to confirm or contradict theſe Reports of the two Indians.

"Richard Henderſon, who brought down the diſmal Accounts from the Creeks, is ſet out again, in Company with another Perſon, with Goods. If Things had been ſo bad as he repreſented, it is not very probable that he would have ventured up again ſo ſoon with Goods. The Creeks are not blind to their own Intereſt, and whatever their Diſpoſitions towards us may be, will wait the Event of the Expedition againſt the Cherokees. The Creeks that were about Mr. Galphin's are nearly all gone to the Nation; there are not now there above ten great and ſmall: He has not been ſo clear of thoſe Gueſts ſince laſt Spring."

Congarees, Saturday, April 25. "On Wedneſday laſt Colonel Grant, Commander in Chief, arrived here with the Regulars. Yeſterday Captain French's Company ſet out for Ninety-Six. We expect all the Troops will be entirely gone from this Place by Monday, or at fartheſt Wedneſday the 29th. Neither the Number of Regulars nor Provincials is ſo great as is ſaid in Charles-Town.---Although many of the beſt Men of Colonel Middleton's Regiment are at Ninety-Six, thoſe now here are acknowledged by the Regulars to make an Appearance equal to any Provincial Troops they have ſeen in America. Major Moultrie has finiſhed the new Stockade Fort at Ninety-Six, which is at preſent intended for a Magazine."

Camp at Congarees, Monday, April 27. "The Troops are moving by Diviſions to Fort Ninety-Six, where the Whole may be about Saturday next, the 2d of May.

BOSTON, May 4.

Tueſday laſt came to Town from Plymouth, Captain Emerſon, late of the Ship Neptune, who informs, that he ſailed in ſaid Ship from Piſcataqua, about 5 Weeks ago, bound for the Weſt-Indies; that, after being out 8 Days, he was taken by a Letter of Marque Polacco, bound from Port-au-Prince to Marſeilles: The Frenchman ſent the Ship to Port-au-Prince.---That on the 5th of April, in Lat. 36, 55 Long. 45, 15. the Polacco alſo met with and took the Brig Stork, Captain Cotton, from Cadiz, bound to Plymouth, who, after detaining him three Days, and plundering him to a conſiderable Value, taking his Arms from him, and throwing his Cannon overboard, gave him the Privilege to ranſom, as they had but 31 Men on board, and could not ſpare any to carry her into Port; upon which Captain Cotton thought proper to comply with their Terms, which was 1000 l. Sterl. The Polacco was called the Victoire, Joſeph Beveſt, Commander, richly laden with Indigo, Sugar, &c. --Captain Emerſon, and his People (except five) were put on board Captain Cotton's Veſſel, and arrived at Plymouth about 10 Days ſince.

On Monday laſt arrived here Capt. John Andrews, in the Brig Catherine, from the Weſt-Indies, and informs, that on the 11th ult. in Lat. 24, 30. Long. 71. he was taken by a French Privateer from the Cape, commanded by Martin Arnauld, with about 20 Men, and ſome Cannon and Swivels.---Captain Andrews ranſomed his Veſſel for 700l. Sterling.

NEW-YORK, May 11.

Wedneſday laſt Captain Deal arrived here in 7 Weeks and 3 Days from Cadiz, but brings no remarkable News. The Spaniards are ſomewhat ſtricter than uſual in examining the Engliſh Veſſels that enter their Ports, not allowing any to break Bulk, till they have been ſearched, and have produced their Manifeſts, and Officers are kept on board while Veſſels are loading.

On the 23d of April Captain Ouchterlony, in Lat. 30, 34, Long. 64, 12, fell in with a French Privateer Sloop, of 10 Guns, who fired ſeveral Shot at him, but as ſoon as he began to play his 6 Pounders upon her, ſhe thought proper to make the beſt of her Way.---Captain Finglaſs, lately arrived from London, was chaced by a Sloop much in the ſame Latitude.

Saturday laſt his Majeſty's Ship the Fowey, Capt. Tonyne, ſailed for England, and took under Convoy ſeveral Merchantmen bound to the Eaſtward. CHRISTOPHER KILBY, Eſq; Agent Victualler, is gone home Paſſenger in the Fowey.

Since our laſt the Snow Two Siſters, Captain Pollard, of and from Liverpool, arrived here in 16 Weeks. The 25th of April, in Lat. 37, 53, Long. 69, he ſpoke with the Nancy, Capt. Hooker, from Saltertuda, of and from Piſcataqua, who informed him, that he and two other Veſſels, all belonging to Piſcataqua, had been taken by a Letter of Marque Ship, bound to Cape Francois from Old France, but that they were all ranſomed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.

The Rebecca, Captain Stewart, from this Port for Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, was loſt as ſhe was going over the Bar into that Place.

A Gentleman wrote from Wilmington on Tueſday laſt, That he was juſt arrived there in the Schooner Succeſs, Captain Flint, from St. Chriſtophers, who, on his Paſſage, was taken by a Brig of 16 Guns, and ranſomed for 2000 Dollars: That there was a Frigate of 40, and a Sloop of 12 Guns, in Company with the Brig: And that they ſailed with a Fleet of about 50 Sail of Veſſels, 22 of which for North-America, a Number of them thought to be taken, as Capt. Flint's Veſſel made the fifth Prize that was known of; one of which Captain Flower of this Port, from St. Chriſtophers, taken by the Frigate, and ranſomed for One Hundred and Seventy-five Pounds Sterling. [*Captain Flower arrived here Yeſterday.*]

The Snow Friendſhip, Captain Urie, from this Place for Barbados, is taken, and carried into Martinico.---The French Privateers are ſtill very numerous among the Iſlands, and take many Veſſels, notwithſtanding the Diligence of Commodore Douglas, who, we hear, has his Ships always at Sea.

Arrived from this Port, Captain Gardner at Jamaica; and Captains Monke and Davidſon at Guadaloupe. From Virginia, Captain Porter at Antigua.

The COMMENCEMENT *is appointed to be held on Saturday the 23d Inſtant.*

*** *The Drawing of the* ACADEMY LOTTERY *will begin on June* 15, *as mentioned in our laſt, to be held in the College.*

*** *The Managers of the Second* St. PAUL'S CHURCH LOTTERY, *will begin to roll up the Blanks and Prizes on Monday next, at the Store, on Captain Goodman's Wharff, where the firſt Lottery for that Church was drawn; and where the Drawing of the Second will certainly begin on the Firſt Day of next Month. What Tickets remain unſold, may be had of the Managers, at their reſpective Dwelling-houſes, and of William Bradford, William Dunlap, and David Hall.*

The SCHEME is as follows.

Number of Prizes.		Value in Pieces of Eight.		Total Value.
1	of	1000	is	1000
1	of	750	is	750
2	of	500	are	1000
4	of	300	are	1200
5	of	200	are	1000
10	of	100	are	1000
12	of	75	are	900
12	of	50	are	600
20	of	40	are	800
30	of	30	are	900
40	of	20	are	800
260	of	10	are	2600
2134	of	8	are	17072

2531	Prizes.	First drawn,	60
4969	Blanks.	Laſt drawn,	60
	The Ticket drawn before the 1000,		45
	The Ticket drawn after the 1000,		45
	The Ticket drawn before the 750,		35
	The Ticket drawn after the 750,		35
	The Ticket drawn before the firſt 500,		25
	The Ticket drawn after the firſt 500,		24
	The Ticket drawn before the ſecond 500,		25
	The Ticket drawn after the ſecond 500,		24
7500	Tickets, at four Dollars each,		30,000

Price current of the following Goods in Philadilphia.

Flour 14s. 3d. Wheat 4s. 6d. to 4s. 10d. Indian-Corn 2s. 3. Ship Bread 13s. Middling Ditto 25s. Beef 60s. Pork 65s. to 80s. Pipe Staves 12l. 10s. Barrel Ditto 3l. 5s. Hogſhead Ditto 7l. 10s. Madeira Wine 37l. to 55l. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 10d. New-England Ditto 3s. 1d. Pennſylvania Ditto 3s. 1d. Muſcovado Sugar 37s. 6d. to 52s. 6d. Melaſſes 2s. 3d. to 2s. 5d. Liſbon Salt 20d. Tobacco 10s. to 25s. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 13 d. Powder 8l. to 9l. Hemp 5d. Bohea Tea 5s. 6d. Pitch 14s. Tar 12 s. Turpentine 14s.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*. INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Hawk, T. Morton, from Halifax. Schooner Two Brothers, A. Campbell, Falmouth in N. England. Ship King of Pruſſia, R. Rodman, Rh. Iſland. Sloop Hound, H. Trail, and Schooner Triton, W. Marſhall, Boſton. Snow Jaſon, E. Anderſon, Liſbon. Schooner Matthew, R. Kenney, Piſcataqua. Brig Hannah, G. Noarth, S. Carolina. Schooner Quebec, J. Richards, Jamaica. Brig Polly, T. Cochran, from Montſerrat.

OUTWARDS.

Sloop Amherſt, S. Higgs, for Bermuda. Brig Recovery, T. Whitlock, Faro. Brig John and Richard, C. Jenkins, Barbados. Schooner Rollo, B. Lurvey, Halifax. Snow Knuttsford, R. Williams, Liverpool. Sloop America, J. Horton, Boſton. Brig Peggy, J. Baſſett, Guadaloupe. Ship Willey, J. M'Connell, Cork. Ship Hercules, James Wilſon, for Jamaica.

CLEARED.

Ship Young Samuel, W. Singleton, Ship Sally and Molly, C. Poolgreen, and Brig John and Richard, C. Jenkins, to Barbados. Sloop Speedwell, J. Tupper, R. Iſland, Sloop Lovy, N. Shiverick, Boſton. Schooner Rye, J. Gilmore, Piſcataqua. Schooner Pitt, J. Blewer, Jamaica. Brig Experience, J. Saunders, S. Carolina. Brig Recovery, J. Watſon, St. Lucar. Schooner Two Marys, G. Moore, N. Caſtle on Delaware. Brig Charming Peggy, S. Harvey, to Guadaloupe.

JAMES MOORE,

Tallow-Chandler, and Soap-Boiler,

HAS removed from Water-ſtreet into Front-ſtreet, oppoſite the Sign of Lord Loudoun, and next Door but one to Samuel M'Call, junior. ¶ Tbe 3 mo.

DESERTED, on the 4th Day of this inſt. May, from the Town of Reading, One George Woolf (but calls himſelf George Dollinger) a German; he is a broad ſhouldered, well-ſet Fellow, about 20 Years of Age: Had on when he went away, A blue Jacket, and an Under Jacket of the ſame, both with white Metal Buttons, Leather Breeches, and blue worſted Stockings. Had with him 6 Shirts, beſides the one he wore, four of which he ſtole from his Comrades. He has black Hair, and is a little marked with the Small-Pox. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Soldier, ſo as that he may be had for the Pennſylvania Service, which he engaged in, or ſecures him in any Goal within this Government, ſhall have Three Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by me

JACOB MORGAN, Lieutenant of the Pennſylvania Regiment.

N. B. He has received upwards of Eight Pounds.

DESERTED from the Town of READING, on the Twenty-eighth of April, One THOMAS BURNS, an Iriſhman, about 32 Years of Age, five Feet nine Inches high, is a little round ſhouldered, and has a down Look: Had on when he went away, a regimental Scarlet Coat, with Buff coloured Facing, red Waiſtcoat and Breeches. He has with him a Diſcharge from the Regiment in which he ſerved laſt, and may probably paſs by it. Whoever takes him up, and ſecures him in any Goal in this Province, ſhall have Three Pounds Reward, paid by JAMES YOUNG, Paymaſter to the Pennſylvania Forces.

LOST, on Monday Afternoon, the Eleventh of this inſt. May, on the FIVE-MILE-ROUND, A WALKING-CANE, with a Cocoanut Head, and a Silver Rim, with a black Leather Strap:-----Whoever has found the ſame, and will be kind enough to bring it to George Honey, at the King of Pruſſia, in Market-ſtreet, ſhall receive Five Shillings Reward; the Cane being but of ſmall Value, except to the Owner. ¶

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from Europe, and to be ſold by

REED and PETTIT,

At their Store in Front-ſtreet, a few Doors below Walnut-ſtreet,

A VARIETY of Merchandize, ſuitable for the Seaſon, amongſt which are an Aſſortment of London Pewter, a large Variety of Silk Handkerchiefs, Gunpowder, Silver Snuff Boxes, white Hats, &c.

A SINGLE WOMAN,

THAT can read and write, and can be well recommended, may hear of a Place at the New-Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia. If ſhe has been uſed to Shop-keeping, it will ſuit the better.

STRAYED away on the 16th of laſt Month, from the Gap Tavern, in Lancaſter County, Sadſbury Townſhip, A dark bay Horſe Colt, a natural Trotter, has no white Mark, neither Brand nor Earmark, about 13 Hands high, 3 Years old paſt, is wild, and his Tail not docked; is ſuppoſed to have ſtrayed towards the Highlands of New-York. Whoever takes up ſaid Colt, and ſends Word, or brings him to the Owner at ſaid Tavern, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by JOHN ANDERSON. ‡

Juſt imported in the Ship Fanny, Captain Lane, from London, and to be ſold by

PUSEY and GIBBONS,

At their Store, in Water-ſtreet, the ſecond Door above Cheſtnut-ſtreet,

A NEAT Aſſortment of European and East-India Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon. ‡ 6 W.

Juſt imported in the Ship Fanny, Captain Lane, and to be ſold, at a moderate Profit, by

LUKE SCANLAN,

At the blue Ointment Pot, two Doors below the Sign of the George, and two above the Baptiſt Meeting-houſe, in Second-ſtreet,

A FRESH Aſſortment of Drugs, chymical and galenical Medicines; alſo ſundry Utenſils for Practitioners, Boxes Medicines, with proper Directions, for Families living diſtant from Doctors, Surgeons Inſtruments of the neweſt Make, Lancets, Marble and Braſs Mortars, Syringes, Species Glaſſes, Nipple Glaſſes, Artery Needles, beſt Hoſpital Tow, Scales and Weights, Eſſence, Lemon and Burgamot Oil, Roſemary, Lavender, Rhodium Muſk and Ambergreaſe, Volatile Salts, Hartſhorn, Lavender and Vipers, Hungary, Honey, and Lavender Waters, Dr. James's Fever Powders, Antimonial Fever Powders by the Ounce or larger Quantities, Powders for the Scurvy in the Gums, medicinal Snuff, Lockyer's and Anderſon's Pills, Eau de Luce by the Ounce, or larger Quantity, Crucibles, Turlington's Balſam, Britiſh Oil, Bateman's Drops, beſt Bitters, Squire's grand Elixir, Daffy's Elixir, Godfrey's Cordial, hard Varniſh, Shavings Hartſhorn, Iſing-glaſs, Saltpetre, Half-pound Galley Pots, Epſom and Glauber Salts, white and yellow Arſnick, Borax and Camphire, Sal Armoniac, Antimony, Aquafortis, Regia and Gold Leaf, Emory, coarſe and fine Pearl Barley, Sago, Salop, &c.

P. S. From the many Articles omitted, I may be free to ſay, that I have as compleat and as good an Aſſortment as any, and can afford to ſell as cheap. Cuſtomers may depend on being well treated, and have their Orders executed in the beſt Manner, by their humble Servant, LUKE SCANLAN. ¶

To be SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT, on the North Side of Walnut-ſtreet, near the Corner of Fifth-ſtreet; the Lot is 18 Feet deep, with a good two Story Brick Houſe, 18 Feet Front, and 33 Feet in Depth, with a large Stone and Brick Kitchen adjoining the Houſe, with a large Brick Neceſſary-houſe. Alſo 80 Feet front of Ground in Fifth-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, to be ſold in Lots, ſome of which are 99 Feet in Depth, near the Statehouſe Wall. The Title is indiſputable, and clear of Ground Rent. Enquire of ROBERT TEMPEST, near the Corner of Fifth-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet. ¶

To be ſold by publick Vendue, on Wedneſday, the 27th of this inſt. May, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening, at the Houſe of Thomas Harper, in Kenſington,

THREE Lots of Ground, ſituated in Kenſington; one containing 20 Feet Front on Marlborough-ſtreet, and is 100 Feet deep; one other Lot in Queen-ſtreet, 26 Feet, and in Depth about 200, a little narrower at the lower End than in the Front; and one other Lot, of 20 Feet on Marlborough-ſtreet, and extends to Crown-ſtreet about Feet. Attendance will be given by

SUSANNAH HARRISON. ‡

Imported in the Ship Fanny, from London, Capt. Lane, and to be sold by

JOSEPH WOOD,

At his Store, at the Corner of Market and Second-Sreets,

SUPERFINE blue, ſcarlet, black, ſnuff, claret, London brown, white and light coloured broadcloths, middling do. boys guns, fowling pieces, cocking pieces of various prices, ſilk ſaggathies, worſted do. durants and tammies, brocade and luteſtrings, ſilk damaſks, worſted do. India paduaſoys and damaſks, black and white Engliſh ſattin, fine cambricks and lawns, long lawns, muſlins, humhums, dark cottons and chints, calicoes, rattinets and ſhaloons, womens and girls beſt Hoſe's ſhoes, cloth and light coloured ſewing ſilk, ſilk ſtockings, mens, womens and childrens thread do. cotton and worſted do. fine and coarſe hair pluſhes, ſingle and double alopeens, china blue bed patterns, ſilk knee garters, black, crimſon and cloth coloured velvet, ivory fans, boxes of tin, beſt hard metal pewter, powder-flaſks and ſhot bags, dyed jeans and fuſtians, fine paper hangings of all ſorts, ſuperfine four thread breeches patterns, cotton hollands, figured demity, plain do. gold and ſilver lace of all ſorts, ditto thread, a great variety of trawley and blown lace, mens, womens and childrens gloves, box combs, ivory do. an aſſortment of mens and womens whips, pen-knives, buttons and buckles of all ſorts, fine wax necklaces, ear-rings, patch boxes, cotton velvets, cardinals, ſilk breeches patterns, beſt leather pocket books, fine hyſon tea, common do. black bombazeen, crapes, gloves, ribbons, &c. &c. &c.

JAMES HARDING,

At his ſtore in Front and Arch-ſtreets, at the upper corner, has imported, in the very laſt ſhips from London and Liverpool, a freſh and large aſſortment of European and East-India goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which he will ſell on very reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit, and partly conſiſts of

YArd and 7-8ths wd. Iriſh linens, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheetings, Iriſh dowlas, Engliſh and German ozenbrigs, white and brown heſſen, Ruſſia diaper, Ruſſia linen, diaper tablecloths, garlix, tandems, long lawns, a great variety of checks, bed bunts, cotton hollands, thickſets, fuſtians, jeans, cotton velvets, ſtay ticken, cambricks, clear and flowered lawns, a large aſſortment of ſilk handkerchiefs, gauze, check and paſte work handkerchiefs, ſilk caps, Cyprus gauze, peelings and whole ſattins, black mantua, India paduaſoy, grogram, plain and ſtriped perſian, India and Engliſh taffety, muſlins, calicoes, printed cottons, cotton chintz, mens, womens and boys thread and cotton hoſe, mens ſilk hoſe, womens cotton and ſilk mitts, ſewing ſilk, ſilk laces, ribbons, ſtock and Dreſden tape, ſilk knee garters, ſcarf buttons, ſilk and hair twiſt, ſundry haberdaſhery, poplins, ſilverets, meſſinets, pruſſianets, calimancoes, durants, tammies, worſted damaſks, camblets, camblettees, ſhaloons, rattinets, everlaſtings, black ruſſels, black crape, mens and boys felt and caſtor hats, womens Leghorn, chip, paper and ſilvered hats, worſted breeches patterns, copper tea kettles, warming pans, pewter, beſt London ſteel, bar lead, gunpowder, ſhot, cutlery and hard ware, wool and cotton cards, painted looking-glaſſes, pocket books, ſilver watches, Hoſe's ſhoes, nutmegs, a neat aſſortment of perſpective views, framed, gilt and glazed, Holman's ink powder, and ſundry other goods, tedious to enumerate. [4 Mo.]

THOMAS PRATT

REGS Leave to inform ſuch young Gentlemen and Ladies as are deſirous of improving themſelves in writing of any of the Hands now practiſed, that he intends, on Monday, the 18th of this inſt. May, to open a School, in Vidal's Alley; where he purpoſes, two Hours in the Day, to teach Writing, Arithmetick, and ſuch Branches of practical Mathematicks as are neceſſary to qualify Youth for Buſineſs; and the remaining Hours, to wait on ſuch young Gentlemen and Ladies at their Houſes, or Lodgings, as may think it inconvenient to attend a publick School, &c. †

To be SOLD,

A LOT of Land, ſituate in Whiteland Townſhip, Cheſter County, on the great Road leading from Lancaſter to Philadelphia, between the White Horſe Tavern and the Sign of Admiral Warren, in the Great Valley, containing 13 Acres, whereon there is a Log Dwelling-houſe and Barn, a Spring-houſe, and a young thriving Orchard; the Place is very ſuitable for a Tradeſman. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to the Subſcriber, living near the Premiſes. † JOHN CLOYD.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons indebted to Jacob Gut, of Coneſtogoe Townſhip, Lancaſter County, deceaſed, that they come and pay their reſpective Debts before the latter End of July next, or they may expect to be proſecuted according to Law: And any Perſons having any juſt Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts by that Time, to have them adjuſted by us, Elizabeth Gut, Melchior Brenneman, and Jacob Steiner, Executors. ‡

STrayed away from the Plantation of Michael Marſhall, the 29th Day of April, A black Horſe, with no other Brand nor Earmark, a ſmall Star in his Forehead, a Lump on his near hind Leg, and paces a Travel. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and brings him to Mr. Samuel Sloats, Tavern-keeper, in Reſo Townſhip, Lancaſter County, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by me WILLIAM YOUNG. ¶

RUN away from the Subſcriber, on the 24th of March, A Servant Woman, named Mary Goffit, 20 Years of Age, this Country born, ſpeak good Engliſh, of low Stature, pale faced, brown hair, and tender Eyes: Had on when ſhe went away, Two Bed-gowns, the upper ſtriped with blue, red and white, the other with blue and white, two Linſey Petticoats, the upper an old quilted one, with the wrong Side outwards, two Aprons, the one Check, the other coarſe Linen, flat heeled Shoes, tied with Strings, and blue Yarn Stockings; ſhe alſo ſtole a blue and white Calico Gown, double flounced at the Sleeves. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and brings her to the Subſcriber, living in Cæcil County, near Rockrun, or ſecures her in any County Jail, ſo that her Maſter may have her again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by ROBERT PATTERSON. †

STrayed or ſtolen from the Plantation of William Turner, late of Londonderry Townſhip, Cheſter County, about the 26th of March laſt, A grey Mare, about 14 Hands high, a natural Trotter, with a ſwitch Tail, ſhod before, branded on the near Buttock I C, with a ſmall Slit in the near Ear, about 11 or 12 Years old. Whoever takes up ſaid Mare, and brings her to James Corhorn's, in Weſt Fallowfield Townſhip, Cheſter County, ſhall receive Twenty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by me JAMES CORHORN. ¶

STRAYED away on the 19th of April laſt, from the Subſcriber, living in Germantown, A brown Colt, about 13 Hands high, branded with O, has a Star in his Forehead, a natural Trotter, has no Shoes on, and is about 3 Years old. Alſo a middle ſized young Cow, her Sides brindled, ſome White on her Back, white Face, and ſmall wide branching Horns, ſomewhat drooping, ſo as to fall near a Level. It is probable that ſhe is gone towards Whitemarſh, or Upper-Dublin, ſhe being bred in the laſt of the ſaid Townſhips. Whoever ſecures the Cow and Colt, and gives Intelligence thereof to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings for the Colt, and Ten Shillings for the Cow, and reaſonable Charges, paid by GEORGE BRINGHURST.

N. B. It is thought that her right Ear is cropped, that being the Mark the Perſon uſed who bred the Cow. ¶

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from London and Liverpool, and to be ſold, on the loweſt Terms, for Caſh, or the uſual Credit, by

HUMPHERY ROBINSON,

At his Store, in Front-ſtreet, a little above Arch-ſtreet, and oppoſite to Mr. Thomas Riche's,

A NEAT Aſſortment of European and East-India Goods, proper for the Seaſon; alſo bottled Beer, by the Hogſhead or Dozen. † 5s. Tbc. 3 Mo.

To be SOLD,

THE Plantation late of Alexander Graydon, Eſq; deceaſed, called Fairview, ſituate near Briſtol, in Bucks County, containing about 165 Acres of Land, whereof upwards of 100 Acres is very rich Meadow, called the Little Iſland, all cleared and banked, and great Part under excellent Graſs; on the Up-land is beautifully ſituated a large new built and commodious framed Houſe, from which there is a delightful and extenſive Proſpect of the River Delaware, the Towns of Briſtol and Burlington, and the adjacent Meadows and Country; near the Houſe is a large Garden, containing many curious Fruit Trees; alſo a good Barn, a young bearing Orchard of the beſt grafted Apple and Peach Trees, and an handſome Avenue from the Houſe to Briſtol Road. The Purchaſer may have immediate Poſſeſſion of the Premiſes. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to Rachel Graydon, in Briſtol, or James Biddle, in Philadelphia, acting Execut.--------All Perſons having any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, that they may be ſettled and adjuſted; and thoſe indebted to the ſame, are requeſted to make immediate Payment to the ſaid Execut. T. f.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of John Humphrey, late of Lower Merion, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate, are deſired to ſend in their Accounts to

¶ CATHERINE HUMPHREY, Adminiſtratrix.

RUN away on the 7th Inſt. in the Night, from the Subſcriber, living in Worceſter Townſhip, Philadelphia County, A Dutch Servant Man, named John Bakera, about 18 Years of Age, a thick well-ſet Fellow, of a browniſh and freſh Complexion, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, and talks good Engliſh: Had on when he went away, A good Felt Hat, good blue Cloth Jacket, with Metal Buttons, brown under Jacket, with braſs Buttons, fine Tow Shirt, yellow ſpotted Silk Handkerchief, good Buckſkin Breeches, with Metal Buttons, blue Woollen Stockings, good Shoes, with Braſs Buckles. He broke two Locks of a Cheſt, belonging to a ſingle Man, in the Subſcriber's Houſe, named Jacob Kevert; opened the Drawers, and took 22 Dollars, and a Quarter of a Dollar, and an Indenture of the ſaid Kevert's, upon which he may perhaps change his Name. The ſaid Indenture is dated September 16, 1751, ſigned before Mr. Plumſted, in Philadelphia, for 7 Years to ſerve, and has been free about 2 Years and an Half. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, or brings him to Philadelphia Goal, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by ANDREW BEYER. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given to Henry Streter, alias Baker (ſaid to be living in Suſſex County, New-Jerſey) who came into this Province from Germany in the Year 1744 with his Father Hans Baker, and Siſter Maria Catherina Baker, that his ſaid Siſter lives in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, is married to Jacob Stuckke, Stocking Weaver, and would be glad to ſee him there, as ſhe has long made Enquiry after him, but cannot find him. Any Perſon informing ſaid Henry Streter where his Siſter may be found, will greatly oblige MARIA CATHERINA STUCKKE. ¶

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of DANIEL STEINMETZ, of the City of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame; and all thoſe who have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be ſettled and paid, by

† MARY STEINMETZ, and JOHN STEINMETZ, Execut.

CAME to the Plantation of Benjamin Armitage, near Germantown, the 15th of laſt Month, A bay Horſe, with a black Mane, bob Tail, and ſhod all round. The Owner proving his Property, and paying Charges, may have him again. ¶

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

Living on the Premiſes, at Wicacoa,

A GOOD two Story Brick Houſe and Kitchen, lying on Catherine-ſtreet, with Cellars under them; the Houſe 16 Feet ten Inches Front, and 23 Feet deep; the Lot in Length 120 Feet, with a good Well of Water.

Alſo one framed two Story Houſe, joining a four Foot and an Half Alley, between the two ſaid Houſes; the Houſe is 14 Feet front, and 24 deep, with a good Cellar, the Lot in Length 120 Feet, ſubject to a Ground Rent, for both Houſes, of Four Pounds Ten Shillings per Annum.

Alſo one other framed Houſe and Lot on Wicacoa Lane, 2 Story high; the Lot 38 Feet front, and in Depth 115 Feet; the Houſe 20 Feet front, and 13 Feet deep, ſubject to a Groundrent of Ninepence per Foot Sterling. Enquire of JOSEPH DOBBINS. ¶

TO be ſold, by publick Vendue, at the Dwelling-houſe of William Long, in Earl Townſhip, Lancaſter County, on the Horſe-ſhoe Road, on Friday, the 22d Day of May inſtant, A great Number of good Horſes, Mares, Stallions, Waggons, Gears, and Sheep. Where Attendance, and ſix Months Credit, will be given by ROBERT LONG. ¶

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 23d Day of May inſtant, on the Premiſes, A certain Meſſuage, Plantation, and Tract of Land, ſituate in Upper Merion Townſhip, Philadelphia County, bounded by Lands of Michael Rambo, John Eaſtburn, Matthias Holſton, and the River Schuylkill, containing about 200 Acres, late the Eſtate of Andrew Holſton, taken in Execution by

SAMUEL MORRIS, Sheriff.

To be ſold at the Houſe of MUSGROVE EVANS, in Arch-ſtreet, oppoſite the Church Burying-ground,

A Choice Parcel of BEARS OIL in Bottles. †

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Landing on White Clay Creek, commonly known by the Name of M'Pherſon's Landing, is now put in good Order, and every thing in Readineſs for carrying on the Shalloping Buſineſs. Likewiſe good Stables and Troughs for the Feeding of Horſes. Alſo good Stores for the Securing of Goods from the Inclemency of the Weather, or any other Diſadvantages. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour us with their Cuſtom, may depend upon having their Buſineſs tranſacted with the utmoſt Care and Diſpatch, and at as low Rates as is common at Newport, by ARCHIBALD FINNEY, and HENRY LOUGHHEAD.

N. B. Said Landing is a Mile and a Half nearer for thoſe Waggons that go down Newport Road, and but ſix Perches farther for the Waggons that come by the Way of Newark. The Road is altogether as good, if not better. The Road from ſaid Landing comes into Chriſtiana Bridge Road, at the Houſe commonly known by the Name of the Widow Shannon's Houſe, where thoſe who come by the Way of Newark, are deſired to ſtrike off. ¶ 4 W.

STrayed from off the Commons of Lancaſter, the 10th of April laſt, a three Year old dark brown or nearly black Mare Colt, a ſmall Star in her Face, and lately docked, her Mane hath not yet been trimmed, no Brand, and a natural Pacer, very wild out of Hand, but if bridled may be led or rode like an old Creature, the Dam of her was unadviſedly taken up from her at Pequea, and may be in thoſe Parts: Therefore whoever takes up the aforeſaid Colt, and brings her either to John Hopkins at Pequea, or to Caleb Sheward, Brewer, in Lancaſter, ſhall receive Ten Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Expences, paid by me

CALEB SHEWARD.

N. B. Wanted, an Apprentice to the Brewing and Malting Buſineſs; any Perſon inclining to learn that Buſineſs, may depend on being inſtructed after the moſt accurate Method practiſed in England, the Works being erected after the moſt modern Improvement made Uſe of there. ¶

STRAYED away from a Plantation in Paſſyunk Townſhip, on Monday, the 13th of April, A large black Horſe, a natural Pacer, with a ſmall Star in his Forehead, and has been uſed to go in a Chair. Whoever takes up ſaid Horſe, and brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by JOSEPH SIMS. ¶

ON Thurſday, the Twenty-eighth of May inſt. will be ſold by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-Houſe, the following Houſes, viz.

One 3 Story Brick Houſe, now in the Tenure of William Pritchard, oppoſite to Mr. John Inglis, bounded Eaſtward by Water-ſtreet, Weſtward by Front-ſtreet, being 16 Feet front, and 40 Feet deep, with a Kitchen and Cellar under the whole, ſubject to a Groundrent of 3 Pounds, 3 Shillings, Sterling, per Year.

One 3 Story Brick Houſe, now in the Tenure of William Davis, next Door to Cæſar Ghiſlin, being 14 Feet front, and 40 Feet deep, with a Kitchen and Cellar under it, ſubject to a Groundrent of 40 Shillings Sterling per Year. A new Pump belongs to the Houſes.

Two 3 Story Brick Houſes, on Society-Hill; one in the Tenure of William Morrell, the other in the Tenure of William Hazelton, being 17 Feet front, and 38 Feet deep each, having good two Story Brick Kitchens, with Cellars under the whole, ſubject to a Groundrent of Tenpence Sterling per Year each.

One Brick Houſe, next Door to John Church, in the Southern Liberties, being 5 Story high, in Water-ſtreet, the Lot extending from thence to Penn-ſtreet; the ſaid Houſe being 16 and a Half Feet front, and 40 Feet deep, clear of Groundrent. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe any of the above Houſes, before the Day of Sale, may apply to John Wier, on Society-Hill. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid John Wier, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt him, may bring in their Accounts, and receive the Money, as he intends for Europe in the Fall. The Sale will begin at Six o' Clock in the Evening of the above mentioned Day. ¶

LOTTERY

For the Benefit of the COLLEGE, ACADEMY, and CHARITABLE SCHOOLS of Philadelphia,

THE Truſtees cannot omit this Opportunity of returning their moſt ſincere Thanks for the Countenance and Encouragement which this Inſtitution has ſo often received from their Countrymen; by Means of which they have been enabled to go a great Way in bringing it to the Perfection and final Eſtabliſhment, which they always had in View. There are at preſent upwards of 70 Youths belonging to it, from diſtant Places, who are now lodged in a diſperſed Manner, through various Parts of the City, and a far greater Number might be expected, if they could be accommodated in a COLLEGIATE WAY; by Means of which the Expence would be much leſs, and the Diſcipline far better. The following Lottery is therefore propoſed to erect thoſe ADDITIONAL BUILDINGS, which may be neceſſary for this Purpoſe; in the Plan of which two Charity Schools will be included, as the Boys Charity School is an old inconvenient wooden Building, and the Girls School almoſt ready to tumble down. As the compleating this Undertaking will be a great Ornament to the City, as well as a great Advantage to it, by the Number of Youths which it will draw to this Place, it is not doubted but it will be encouraged, as well by the Inhabitants, as by Perſons at a Diſtance, for whoſe Benefit it is very particularly calculated.

The SCHEME.

Number of Prizes.		Value in Pieces of Eight.		Total Value
1	of	2000	is	2000
1	of	1000	is	1000
1	of	750	is	750
3	of	500	are	1500
3	of	250	are	750
8	of	200	are	1600
15	of	150	are	2250
16	of	100	are	1600
20	of	75	are	1500
40	of	50	are	2000
70	of	30	are	2100
100	of	20	are	2000
150	of	15	are	2250
600	of	8	are	4800
2305	of	6	are	13830
1		First drawn		35
1		Laſt drawn		35
3335 Prizes.				
6665 Blanks.				
10,000 Tickets, at Four Dollars each,				40,000

This Lottery is the moſt advantageous to the Adventurers of any yet offered; for there are not two Blanks to a Prize, and yet, in the ſix higheſt Prizes, there are Five Thouſand Two Hundred and Fifty Pieces; among which is ONE of TWO THOUSAND, and the Deduction but ſmall, being only 15 per Cent. The Drawing to begin punctually on Monday, the 15th Day of June next, or ſooner, if ſooner full. The Prizes to be publiſhed in this Gazette, and the Pennſylvania Journal, and the Prize Money to be paid, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, the aforeſaid Deduction to be firſt made. Prize Money not demanded in ſix Months after the Publication of the Prizes, to be deemed as generouſly given to the Uſe of the Inſtitution, and to be applied accordingly. The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, viz. Richard Peters, Thomas Cadwallader, Phineas Bond, Edward Shippen junior, Samuel M'Call junior, Redmond Conyngham, Townſend White, William Weſt, John M'Michael, John Lawrence, Alexander Huſton, Philip Benezet, Henry Keppele, and Michael Hillegas, in Philadelphia; Adam Hoops, of Carliſle; and William Bird, of Reading. Alſo Colonel John Hunter, of Virginia; Colonel Joſeph Nicholſon, of Newtown, and Dr. John Stevenſon, of Baltimore, both in Maryland; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath, that they will truly execute the Truſt repoſed in them. Tickets are now ſelling by the ſaid Managers, and by William Bradford, at the London Coffee-Houſe, and David Hall, at the New Printing-Office.

RUN away from his Bail, who lives in Carliſle, Cumberland County, Joſeph Gwinnup, a Shoemaker by Trade, well ſet, with a blue Mark acroſs his Noſe; he was born in Philadelphia, and has a Wife, and two Children, there. Whoever takes up ſaid Gwinnup, and ſecures him in any Goal, ſo that his Bail may have him again, ſhall have Three Piſtoles Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by me WILLSON THOMPSON. ¶

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May 21, 1761. NUMB. 1691.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By the Halifax Packet Boat, Captain Boulderſon, arrived at New-York from Falmouth, we have the following Advices, viz.

His MAJESTY's *moſt gracious* SPEECH *to both* HOUSES *of Parliament, on Thurſday the 19th Day of March*, 1761.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I Cannot put an end to this ſeſſion, without declaring My entire ſatisfaction in your Proceedings during the courſe of it. The zeal you have ſhewn for the honour of My crown, as well as for My true intereſt, and that of your country, which are ever the ſame, is the cleareſt demonſtration of that duty and affection to My perſon and government, of which you ſo unanimouſly aſſured Me at your firſt meeting. Nothing could ſo much add to the pleaſure which theſe conſiderations afford Me, as that I am now able to acquaint you with the great progreſs made of late by the Combined Army in Germany, under the command of Prince FERDINAND of Brunſwick. I formerly told you, that the nature of the war, in thoſe parts, had kept the campaign there ſtill depending; and it now appears, to the ſurprize of My enemies, that the ſuperior ability, and indefatigable activity of My general, and the ſpirit and ardour of My officers and troops, have greatly profited of this perſeverance, notwithſtanding all the difficulties ariſing from the ſeaſon.

By your aſſiſtance, I have taken the beſt care to recruit that army in an effectual manner; and have made ſuch a diſpoſition of My fleet for next ſummer, as may moſt advantageouſly defend My kingdoms, protect the commerce of My ſubjects, maintain and extend Our poſſeſſions and acquiſitions, and annoy the enemy.

As in all My meaſures I have nothing in view but the ſecurity and felicity of My dominions, the ſupport of My allies, and the reſtoring of the public tranquility, I truſt in the Divine Providence, to give a happy iſſue to Our farther operations.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

I cannot ſufficiently thank you for your unanimity and diſpatch, in providing for the expences of My civil government, and the honour and dignity of the crown: And I think Myſelf as much obliged to you, for the prudent uſe, which in framing that proviſion, you have made of My conſent to leave My Own hereditary revenues to ſuch diſpoſition of parliament, as might beſt conduce to the utility and ſatisfaction of the public, as for what more immediately concerns Myſelf.

In making My acknowledgments for the large and extenſive ſupplies which you have granted Me this ſeſſion, I am at a loſs whether moſt to applaud your chearfulneſs in giving, or your wiſdom in proportioning them to the extraordinary occaſions of the public, notwithſtanding thoſe uncommon burthens, which I heartily regret. No care ſhall be wanting, on My part, to ſee them duly applied to the national ends for which you intended them.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

The expiration of this parliament now drawing very near, I will forthwith give the neceſſary orders for calling a new one. But I cannot take My leave of you, without returning My thanks for the many eminent proofs you have given of your fidelity and affection to My family and government, and of your zeal for this happy and excellent conſtitution.

During this parliament, the flame of war was kindled by the injurious encroachments and uſurpations of Our enemies; and therefore it became juſt and neceſſary on Our part. In the proſecution of it you have given ſuch ſupport to My Royal Grandfather and Myſelf, and ſuch aſſiſtance to Our allies, as have manifeſted your public-ſpirited concern for the honour of the nation, and the maintenance of its undoubted rights and poſſeſſions, and been attended with glorious ſucceſſes, and great acquiſitions, in various parts of the world; particularly the entire reduction of Canada, a conqueſt of the utmoſt importance to the ſecurity of our colonies in North-America, and to the extention of the commerce and navigation of My ſubjects.

May God Almighty grant continuance to theſe ſucceſſes! The uſe which I propoſe to make of them is, to ſecure and promote the welfare of My kingdoms, and to carry on the war with vigour, in order to procure to them the bleſſings of peace, on ſafe and honourable conditions for Me and My allies; to which I have been always ready to hearken.

Firm in theſe reſolutions, I do, with entire confidence, rely on the good diſpoſitions of My faithful ſubjects in the choice of their repreſentatives; and I make no doubt but they will thereby demonſtrate the ſincerity of thoſe aſſurances, which have been ſo cordially and univerſally given Me, in the loyal, affectionate, and unanimous addreſſes of My people.

Then the LORD CHANCELLOR, by His MAJESTY's Command, ſaid,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

IT *is His Majeſty's Royal Will and Pleaſure, That this parliament be prorogued to Tueſday the ſeventh day of April next, to be then here held; and this parliament is accordingly prorogued to Tueſday the ſeventh day of April next.*

By the KING.

A Proclamation for diſſolving this preſent Parliament, and declaring the calling of another.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our privy council, to diſſolve this preſent Parliament, which now ſtands prorogued to Tueſday the ſeventh day of April next: We do for that end publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation; and do hereby diſſolve the ſaid Parliament accordingly. And the Lords ſpiritual and temporal, and the knights, citizens and burgeſſes, and the commiſſioners for ſhires and burghs of the houſe of commons, are diſcharged from their meeting and attendance on Tueſday the ſaid ſeventh day of April next. And We being deſirous and reſolved, as ſoon as may be, to meet Our people, and have their advice in parliament, do hereby make known to all Our loving ſubjects Our royal will and pleaſure to call a new parliament; and do hereby further declare, that, with the advice of Our privy council, We have this day given order to Our chancellor of Great-Britain, to iſſue out writs in due form, for calling a new parliament; which writs are to bear teſt on Saturday the 21ſt day of this inſt. March, and to be returnable on Tueſday the 19th day of May next.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the 20th day of March, 1761, in the firſt year of Our reign.

GOD Save the KING.

Stockholm, Feb. 13. Our court has lately received large remittances, on account of the ſubſidies due by France; part of which money is to be laid out in raiſing recruits for our army in Pomerania; for, notwithſtanding the reluctance with which we carry on this war, it appears to be decided, that our troops muſt do ſomething towards ſeconding the operations of our allies next campaign.

Amſterdam, March 3. The duke de Broglio is bringing between ten and twelve thouſand men from the Lower Rhine, to enable him to make a ſtand.

Prince Ferdinand hath ſent to Hamelen for a train of battering cannon, to be employed in the ſiege of Caſſel, of which the French are ſtill in Poſſeſſion.

They write from Breſlau, of the 19th ult. that Prince Henry of Pruſſia was then at Glogau, which place he was putting into a proper poſture of defence.

Count O Donnel, general of horſe, who took the command of the Auſtrian troops when marſhal Daun was wounded in the battle of Torgau, is appointed commander in chief of the Auſtrian forces in Italy.

Francfort, Feb. 26. The French finding they could not ſtand their ground at Ziegenhayn, evacuated the place; but for want of time, and of horſes, they carried away but a very ſmall part of their artillery and ſtores. We juſt now hear that the Allies having puſhed forward large parties to Butzbach and Friedberg, have ſeized the large magazines in thoſe places.

Hamburgh, Feb. 27. Since the French were driven out of all Heſſe, except Caſſel and Marbourg, the fate of the French garriſon of Gottingen is very precarious. Inveſted on all ſides, it hath no communication with Marſhal Broglio's army, which is retired as far as Fulda.

Hanover, Feb. 27. The French garriſon, which marched out of Munden, to retire to Caſſel, were forced, at the end of three days, to return back, General Gilſen having barred their paſſage. Yeſterday we received advice, that the corps under General Sporcken, and that of the Pruſſian General Sybourg, having joined the Hereditary Prince at Schlitz, the French army retired from Fulda to Hanau; and even there, it is probable, it will not think itſelf ſafe.

Hague, March 5. By an expreſs which arrived here yeſterday from the Allied Army, we learn, that on the 25th paſt Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick transferred his head quarters from Hauſen to Grebenau; and that on the 23d the French retired from Fulda, after ſetting fire to their grand magazine of proviſions and forage in that place; but that General Luckner, who got there next day, had ſaved the greateſt part of it. This expreſs further informs us, that the Allies were firing on Caſſel very briſkly; that the garriſon, which conſiſted of ſeventeen battalions, and ſome horſe, defended themſelves with vigour; but that, as they could ſcarce hope to be relieved, it was probable they would ſoon be forced to ſurrender.

Hanau, Feb. 28. At the approach of the whole Allied Army, the French troops which were cantoned at Fulda and that neighbourhood, retired on the 19th. The head quarters, which had been at Hirſchfeld, were fixed on the 20th at Fuldau, on the 23d at Weidenau, the 24th at Birſtein; and the army continues to draw nearer to Francfort.

Francfort, Feb. 27. On the 25th, ſix expreſſes arrived here from Marſhal Broglio. By one of them we learnt, that the army was drawing near Hanau; another aſſured us, that the head quarters would be fixed here the 26th: All agree that the French were cloſe preſſed. A company of gunners came here yeſterday to examine the cannon on our ramparts, and augment their number, if neceſſary.

Five regiments of French horſe, that were going from Gieſſen to Hanau, have been intercepted by the Allies.

Port L'Orient, Feb. 20. By the Berryer Eaſt Indiaman, arrived from the Iſle of Bourbon, we have received advice, that Pondicherry was vigouroufly preſſed by the Engliſh in the month of June laſt, and that there was no likelihood of their raiſing the ſiege; from whence it is plain, that the report of their having abandoned that place in April, was without foundation.

Paris, March 2. The miniſtry receive courier upon courier from Marſhal Broglio. Their diſpatches, we are told, import, among other things, that he depended the more upon being able to keep Caſſel and Gottingen, as the numerous garriſons he had left in them, conſiſted of the flower of the army, and were furniſhed with every requiſite for a vigorous defence.

Hanover, Feb. 28. By the freſheſt accounts from Heſſe we learn, that ſince our troops began to batter Caſſel, the garriſon had made ſeveral ſallies, but were always repulſed with loſs.

March 3. Major Scheiter hath taken the caſtle of Battenberg by aſſault, and made priſoners of one Lieut. Colonel, one Captain, four Officers, and 250 Swiſs, with 10 Huſſars: He alſo took four cannon. The Allied army is almoſt entirely aſſembled. Gen. Sporcken commands the left wing, and Gen. Oheim the right, Prince Ferdinand and the Hereditary Prince are in the center. The Hanoverian detachment which was taken priſoner at Duderſtadt, by a large detachment of the garriſon of Gottingen, amounted to 207 men.

Prague, Feb. 25. Advice being received that a body of Pruſſians had joined the Allies, to aſſiſt them in driving the French out of Heſſe, our officers are ordered to join their regiments immediately; and the army, which is cantoned from Dreſden to the confines of Bohemia, is to hold itſelf ready to march. We alſo learn, that Gen. Hulſen appeared, by his motions, to have ſome deſign againſt the army of the Empire; but as Gen. Guaſco is at hand to ſupport it, we are not apprehenſive of danger from that quarter.

Altena, March 4. The Pruſſians continue to treat the Dutchy of Mecklenbourg with great rigour.

Copenhagen, Feb. 25. The troops which are to encamp next ſpring in Holſtein will amount to 32,000 men.

Altena, March 6. The diet of Sweden having reſolved to continue the war, have given orders to raiſe recruits to complete the regiments: but at the ſame time the Auſtrian and French miniſters have been deſired to notify to their courts, that the Swedes grew ſo weary of the war, on account of the dearneſs of proviſions, and other hardſhips occaſioned by it, that they were determined, that whatever might be the iſſue of this campaign, it ſhould be the laſt to them.

Peterſburgh, March 8. The precipitate departure of one of our couriers for London, hath occaſioned much ſpeculation. Some ſay he is gone only to compliment the King on his acceſſion: others maintain that he is charged with an important commiſſion relative to peace.

Leghorn, Feb. 18. By letters from Corſica we learn, that the Malecontents have lately made themſelves maſters of ſeveral forts, and bid fair to drive the Genoeſe out of their iſland.

Offembach, near Francfort, March 7. Every thing appears to be preparing for a bloody action between the French army and that of the Allies. The head-quarters of the former are at Wilbel, two leagues from Francfort, where moſt of the General officers are gone to receive Marſhal Broglio's orders. As this General, who hath already been joined by moſt of the troops expected from the Lower Rhine, is determined to riſk a battle, he is taking the proper precautions to ſecure his retreat in caſe of a defeat; and with this view he hath thrown ſeveral bridges of boats over the Rhine. He alſo obtained leave of the magiſtrates of Francfort to make uſe of the artillery and ſtores in their arſenal, upon promiſing to replace them.

We are this moment informed, that a large detachment of the Allies have ſeized the important poſt of Aſchaffenbourg; and that a conſiderable body of Pruſſians having advanced from Thuringia into Franconia, is at preſent in the neighbourhood of Wurtzbourg.

Hague, March 12. Letters from Francfort of the 8th adviſe, that when the expreſs came away, the two armies were very near one another; that the Allied army had, on the 7th, made a conſiderable motion to its left, in order to cut off the communication of the French with the caſtle of Marbourg, to which Prince Ferdinand ſeemed determined to lay ſiege; but that as the French army began to be numerous, and both private men and officers expreſſed great alacrity and deſire to come to action, a battle appeared unavoidable.

Head-quarters of Prince Ferdinand at Schweinſberg, March 4. The French commiſſaries appear to have done their duty faithfully, for wherever we come, ſince we paſſed the Eder, we find hoards of proviſions and forage.

The trenches were opened before Caſſel in the night between the 1ſt and 2d inſtant.

Altena, March 10. Letters from Saxony adviſe, that the King of Pruſſia was gone from Leipſic to make a tour for ſome days; but to what quarter was not known. Moſt of the Saxons, that were made priſoners at Langelſalz, have entered into the Pruſſian ſervice.

Prague, Feb. 28. If we may believe deſerters, all the Pruſſian regiments are more than compleat, yet the fortreſſes of Sileſia ſwarm with recruits that are not yet regimented, and freſh ones are daily brought in. We cannot conceive where they get them. Some people pretend to ſay, that the Pruſſians will have in Sileſia 30,000 men more this year than the laſt.

Hague, March 17. The letters from the army under Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick, of the 8th inſtant, inform us, that his Serene Highneſs's quarters continued at Schweinſberg. We have received by them, a confirmation of the news of the ſally that was made on the 7th inſtant by the garriſon at Caſſel; in which the French took poſſeſſion of the trenches, and carried off four mortars, and nailed up one piece of cannon, and deſtroyed the works of the grand battery. But Count La Lippe, at the head of the Heſſian guards, and Wangenheim's grenadiers, drove them back into the town.

Our laſt accounts from the French army of the 12th inſt. mention, that Marſhal Broglio had moved his head-quarters from Bergen to Friedberg; and that the greateſt part of the reinforcement expected by him from the Lower Rhine, was arrived upon the Mayn.

By letters of the 11th from Leipzig, every thing was quiet in those parts. The King of Prussia, it was expected, would soon visit the posts of Chemnitz and Freyberg, and afterwards fix his quarters at Meissen. General Sibourg, with the corps under his command, was returned to his quarters of cantonment.

Frontiers of Poland, March 4. It is currently reported that the Russian General has ordered several regiments to march towards Courland, to prevent an insurrection, which is apprehended in that dutchy.

Brandenburgh, March 7. Considerable augmentations are still making in our troops. The King has ordered four new corps, called Legions, to be formed. The first, under the command of Col. Quintus Icilius, and the second, called the Brandenburgh Legion, will consist of 6500 men each. The third, named the Green Legion, is to be 3000 men. We are actually raising the fourth, which is to be called the Foreign Royal Legion.

Magdebourg, March 10. Col. Colignon is marched from Halberstadt with some thousand men, and a train of artillery, to observe the French garrison of Gottingen, and to prevent their excursions.

Francfort, March 11. The first division of the troops from the Lower Rhine, consisting of 6000 men, reached the strong camp of Bergen the 8th inst. the 2d and 3d divisions, each of 4000 men, arrived there the 9th and 10th. The French troops collected in our neighbourhood may amount to above 40,000 men.

The Allied army is falling back, not chusing to risk a battle with so many places behind them. They seem determined to take Ziegenhayn, where there is a good garrison, and a large quantity of ammunition. The trenches before that place were opened on the 9th.

Mentz, March 10. The 3d inst. 2600 French, with four pieces of cannon, seized upon the city and castle of Bonn.

Hanau, March 14. On the 12th Marshal Broglio transferred his head-quarters from Vilbel to Friedberg; and the greatest part of his army is repartitioned in the neighbourhood of the last-named place. Prince Ferdinand is at Klein-Linnes; and his troops are posted in such a manner, that the French can neither succour the castle of Marbourg, nor relieve Ziegenhayn.

Francfort, March 14. The Allies continue to draw back. The corps under the Hereditary Prince is retired from Budingen, by the way of Gedern and Vogelsberg, to the neighbourhood of Amenebourg. Gen. Luckner is falling back by the way of Blanckenau and Herbstein, towards Wetteravia. As the Allies retire, the French advance. Marshal Broglio's head-quarters were removed yesterday from Friedberg to Butzbach.

March 15. Our advices from the Allied army import, that the Allies had given over the siege of Ziegenhayn, and that the French were continuing their dispositions to march forward. Gen. Guasco, with 800 men, is at Fulda. We also learn, that Lieut. Gen. Harbenberg, with the troops under his command, is gone from the neighbourhood of Dulmen, by Munster and Hamm, towards Stadberg.

Hanover, March 13. We are informed, that the Count de la Lippe-Buckebourg, who commands before Cassel, hath sent an express to Zell to acquaint the Landgravine of Hesse, that he expected that the Breach made in the ramparts of Cassel would be practicable by the 15th or 16th, and that he hoped to be master of that place by assault, without damaging the houses by a bombardment.

Stockholm, March 3. The French Ambassador having made a pompous declaration of his master's hearty desire to put an end to the present troubles, he hath been taken at his word. Our army is to remain in a kind of inaction the ensuing summer in Pomerania, and the mediation of Denmark is to be asked to accommodate our differences with the court of Berlin.

Genoa, Feb. 28 It is reported, that the Corsican Malecontents have taken San Fiorenzo, sword in hand.

Admiralty Office, March 6. Lieutenant Robert Brice, who commands his Majesty's sloop the Swallow, gives an account, by letter dated the 3d instant, that he has taken, after a chace of 26 hours, and brought into Plymouth Sound, the Sultan Snow privateer of Bayonne, mounting 10 guns, and carrying 73 men.

March 10. Capt. Ogle, of his Majesty's ship Aquilon, gives an account, in his letter of the 9th inst. that he took, on the 4th, the Zephire, a ship of 12 guns, and 114 men, belonging to Bayonne, 140 leagues to westward of Ushant, and has brought her to Spithead.

Capt. Nightingale, of his Majesty's ship Vengeance, also gives an account, that on the 5th instant he took a French privateer snow, called L'Auguste, of 12 guns, with 67 men, and has brought her into Plymouth. She came from Brest the 1st instant, and had not taken any thing.

Extract of a letter from Sir Edward Hawke, Admiral of the Blue Squadron of his Majesty's fleet, to Mr. Cleveland, dated on board his Majesty's ship Royal George in Quiberon Bay, the 28th of February, 1761.

"On the 2d of February arrived here the Mars and Orford from a cruize. On the 9th of January they took a brig called l'Union de Cap, bound with wine, oil, flour, cheese, &c. from Rochelle to Cape Francois. On the 13th, they took two of the French King's frigates, l'Annemame and Sardoine, armed for war by the merchants, carrying each 14 guns, and 130 men. They sailed from Rochefort the day before they were taken, and were bound to the coast of Guiney. On the 27th they retook the New Bosphorus snow, bound to Naples with pilchards, and then to Smyrna with broad cloth and pepper. She had been taken ten days before, by a privateer of Dunkirk. They are all safe here, and the frigates prime sailers.

"On the 16th of February the Swallow sloop, which I had sent on a cruize off Oleron, returned with a letter of marque sloop from Martinico, with a cargo of cocoa, elephants teeth, coffee, and cassia."

March 14. Capt. Douglas, of his Majesty's ship Unicorn, gives the following account in his letter dated at Falmouth, the 8th inst. that the day before he met with his majesty's ship Tweed, and in standing together towards the Lizard, they took the Marshal Broglio privateer, of 8 guns, and 80 men, belonging to Brest, but last from Morlaix.

March 16. Capt. Rushworth, of his Majesty's ship Alarm, arrived in Torbay the 12th instant, with a Cutter privateer of 8 guns and 68 men, called La Lutine, commanded by Francois Pestel, which he took the preceding day, soon after she came out of Cherbourg.

March 18. An account is received from Mr. Coxon, Consul at Alicant, that on the 10th of last month, his Majesty's frigate the Favourite, commanded by Captain Pownoll, took a French privateer called the St. Joseph and St. Antoine, of 12 guns, and 85 men, commanded by Antoine Victoire.

Chatham, March 13. Four of the flat bottomed boats are finished, and four more will be compleated in a few days, the men having worked upon them on Sundays.

Whitehall, March 14. The King has been pleased to constitute Lord Anson, to be Vice Admiral of Great Britain.

Sir William Rowley, Rear Admiral of Great Britain.

Charles Saunders, Esq; Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital.

Isaac Townsend, Esq; Master of Greenwich Hospital.

George Grenville, Esq; Treasurer of the Navy.

Henry Fox, Esq; Paymaster General of the forces.

St. James's, March 17. The King having this day thought fit to dissolve the Privy-Council, and, at the same time, to appoint a new one, consisting of the same members with the former Council, together with Anthony Earl of Shaftesbury, all the Lords and others present were thereupon sworn of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy-Council, and took their places at the board accordingly.

His Majesty was then pleased to declare the Right Hon. John Earl Granville, Lord President of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council.

March 20. The King in Council was this day pleased to declare the Right Hon. George Dunk Earl of Halifax, Lieut. General and General Governor of his Majesty's kingdom of Ireland.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, March 21, 1761. *Present,*

The Lords of his Majesty's most Hon. Privy Council.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. William Pitt, Esq; to be one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, the oath of Secretary of State was this day, by his Majesty's command, administered to him in Council.

LONDON, March 5.

We are credibly informed, that the last great convoy from the East-Indies, consisting of seventeen ships, which came under convoy of Admiral Pocock when he returned to Europe, had effects on board valued at near nine millions sterling.

March 10. Friday last the train of artillery, destined for the secret expedition, was shipped at Woolwich, and sailed immediately for the Downs.

The Elizabeth, Thompson, from Virginia for London, is taken by the Diana privateer of Bayonne.

March 12. By a letter from the Allied Army, of the 25th ult. we are informed, that the Marquis of Granby had intercepted a convoy, with a large number of cattle, that the French were endeavouring to get into Ziegenhayn, which he immediately distributed amongst the British troops.

By another letter of the same date we are informed, that Broglio had, by a letter sent to Prince Ferdinand from under his own hand, offered to evacuate Cassel, provided he would admit the garrison to march out with the honours of war, and take away all their effects; which was absolutely refused.

'Tis said that Prince William Henry will soon have a commission in the army.

The Buchanan, Slater, from Maryland to London, is taken and carried into Morlaix.

The Syren, Collins, from Boston to Bilboa, is taken by the St. Michael privateer.

Extract of a letter from Turin, Feb. 3.

"It is confidently reported, that an alliance is concluded between our court and those of London, Madrid, and Naples, for bringing a powerful army into the field next spring in Italy. Those four powers are to assist each other to make a conquest of Lombardy, Tuscany and Final, and a part of the dutchy of Mantua. The infant Don Philip is to have Lombardy, Don Lewis Tuscany, the King of Sardinia the Parmesan and Final. The Catholic King is to send an army of 50,000 into Italy, which will be joined by 40,000 effective men of our King's forces, to act as occasion may require.

"We are further informed, that 8000 Bavarians are to be taken into the service of our Monarch, but that they are to be paid by England, from whom his Majesty is likewise to receive a considerable subsidy. Our accounts from Genoa mention, that the Republic is not a little uneasy about what may happen in Italy, being apprehensive of losing both Final and Corsica."

March 14. The embarkation of the troops for Germany will commence between the 16th and 20th instant. Some general officers, who have not been abroad this war, with several persons of distinction as volunteers, will accompany them.

'Tis confidently reported, that a suspension of hostilities is agreed on between the courts of Russia and Prussia, till a negociation for a peace is set on foot between the several powers concerned.

We are informed that in the eight large store-ships which were some time ago sent to Quebec, where they are safe arrived, there were, among other articles, 7000 barrels of gunpowder, 75 pieces of cannon, and cloathing for 12 regiments; from which there is little reason to doubt, but the Intention of the government is to keep possession of those valuable acquisitions in America, which have cost the nation so much blood and treasure to acquire.

The King of Prussia has assigned a large sum of money to purchase bread for the poor of Berlin.

We hear the Earl of Bute is appointed one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in the room of Lord Holderneſſe.

March 17. A French privateer of 14 guns and 140 men, is said to be taken in the Straits, by the Jersey man of war.

The Northern Lass, Nevill, for New-York, is sunk in Dublin harbour.

His Majesty's ships Launceston and Alderney, at Portsmouth, are to sail to Madeira, in order to save time in receiving Wines for the Expedition Fleet, which joins them at that place.

The Bay of Quiberon is now evacuated by the English, and the fleet disposed of in the following manner: All the three deckers are come home, with some others of less force; a small flying squadron cruizes off Brest, and some single ships are sent to the westward.

Some letters by this day's mail advise, that Count Stahremberg, the Austrian ambassador at Paris, is sent for to Vienna, on account of the negociations for a peace; and that a certain Austrian general, who behaved ill on occasion of the march of the Allies into Hesse, is ordered to be tried by a court martial.

The States-General have at last thought proper to nominate M. Boreel, fiscal of the admiralty of Amsterdam, to come over to congratulate the King on his accession.

March 19. By some letters from Madrid there is an account, that the Earl of Bristol, the British ambassador, had, at an audience of his Catholic Majesty, been assured, that he remained firm in his resolution to maintain the present treaties subsisting between the courts of Great-Britain and Spain.

There are letters from Franckfort, dated March 7, which say Marshal Broglio had put two general officers under arrest.

Josiah Hardy, Esq; brother to Sir Charles Hardy, Rear Admiral of the Blue, an eminent merchant of this city, is appointed Governor of New Jersey.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, March 10.

"The Empress Queen is determined to risk another campaign, before she will listen to any terms of peace. The Czarina being informed that some steps had been taken for accommodating matters between France and England, under the mediation of Spain, hath ordered her minister at Vienna to desire the Empress Queen to give herself no uneasiness about that negociation; that their own forces were more than sufficient to crush the King of Prussia, without requiring even the 24000 men which France is obliged by treaty to furnish to the House of Austria."

March 21. There was the greatest number of ladies of quality and persons of distinction at the House of Peers yesterday, ever known on any occasion.

It is said that Triennial Parliaments will soon be revived.

Last night great rejoicings and illuminations were made at all the goals of this city, on account of his Majesty's signing the insolvent act.

Wednesday a motion was made in the Honourable House of Commons, that the thanks of that House be given to the Right Honourable Arthur Onslow, for his unwearied, upright, and truly patriot conduct for upwards of thirty years past, in the discharge of that laborious and important office of Speaker; wherein he has never been biass'd by party, but always steer'd steadily amidst the many opositions that have happened in his time. This motion was seconded by several, and unanimously approved of; upon which the Right Honourable Speaker, in a most nervous and pathetic speech, waved any pretensions to the merits attributed to him; urging, that however high that Honourable House might rate any of his services, he was himself sensible, and convinced, that he had done no more than his duty; that he had formed to himself a plan of retirement, in which he should spend the remainder of his days; and that it should be his daily prayer, that that House may ever preserve its integrity inviolable; that he earnestly begged leave to decline the reward, which had been moved for; that he had ever acted disinterestedly, and did not want any thing to aggrandize his family, thinking himself highly honoured, and amply recompenced, by the estimation they had conceived of his services.

This day arrived a mail from Holland, with letters from Germany of the 11th instant, which advise that the Allies had marched back, and that Prince Ferdinand's head-quarters were at Schiffenberg, and those of the Hereditary Prince at Nidda.

The supplies granted for the present year amount to 13,816,119l. 19s. 9d. three farthings.

March 24. The King has been pleased to appoint his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, Lord Barrington, Lord North, James Oswald, and Gilbert Elliot, Esqrs. Lords of the Treasury.

Lord Barrington, Chancellor and Under-Treasurer of the Exchequer.

Lord Anson, Dr. Hay, Thomas Orby Hunter, John Forbes, and Hans Stanley, Esqrs. Lord Villiers, and Thomas Pelham, Esq; Lords of the Admiralty.

Dr. Hay, Advocate General.

The Lord Chancellor, and several other Ministers of State now and for the time being, and also Lord Sandys, Andrew Stone, Soams Jenyns, Edward Elliot, and Edward Bacon, Esqrs. together with John Yorke, Esq; Sir Edmund Thomas, Bart. and George Rice, Esq; Commissioners for Trade and Plantations.

Extract of a letter from Rotterdam, March 17.

"This day's French letters bring an account of an English homeward-bound Indiaman being taken and carried into Brest, called the Ajax, from Bengal and Madrass, loaded with 4000 bags of saltpetre, 500 bales of Bengals, and 300 ditto mouchoirs de Madras [handkerchiefs], and one chest of diamonds, besides many other products of the ports she came from. A King's frigate took her, viz. the Prothée, Captain Cornel. The Indiaman mounted 26 carriage guns, and 100 men, burthen 750 tons. She is a new ship, being her first voyage, and was commanded by Captain Lindsay."

On Saturday orders were issued at the War Office, for all officers that are going on the Expedition to repair immediately to Portsmouth.

It is said all the regiments in England have orders to hold themselves in readiness to march on the first notice.

It is reported that Captain Lindsay, of the Ajax East-Indiaman, was killed in the action when his ship was taken; which is said to be worth 200,000 l.

The Denham East-Indiaman, that sailed from Bengal before the Ajax, is also apprehended to be taken or lost; and yesterday 50 l. per cent. insurance was made upon her.

Letters from Paris pretend, that the ministry had received advice of a considerable advantage gained over the English in India. The same letters add, that as Martinico was still threatened to be attacked, the Governor insisted warmly on the sending him a reinforcement, and promised to keep the place, provided they would let him have some ships of war, and between two and three thousand land forces, with some stores, particularly gunpowder, of which he was in great want.

These letters, which are dated the 16th, farther say, "We begin to make ourselves easy about Marshal Broglio, since he received the greatest part of his reinforcements. The last letters from his army advise, that Prince Ferdinand hath fallen back chiefly to draw Marshal Broglio out of his advantageous position, and bring on a general engagement, which the Prince will be obliged to risk, in order to procure provisions and forage for his troops. It is even said, that he would have attacked our army before now, if the badness of the roads had not hindered the bringing up of his cannon."

They write from the Hague of the 20th, that the Count d'Affry had dispatched on the 18th another courier to Versailles, immediately after the arrival of the mail from England; which gave many people room to think, that a peace was nearer than was commonly imagined. The Count himself is soon to set out for Paris.

Marshal Daun was to set out for the army on the 16th instant.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, March 22.

"Saturday afternoon the Hon. Commodore Keppel arrived here from London.

"Sunday morning Morgan's light infantry, and Rufane's regiment, marched from Hilsey Barracks to the South Sea Beach, from whence they embarked with the greatest chearfulness. The flat-bottomed boats took them off the Beach, and put them on board cutters, which lay

a little way off. The cutters took them to Spithead, and put them on board the transports.

"To-morrow we expect the two regiments that are in Hilsey Barracks, to embark in the same manner as the above.

"The same morning sailed into the harbour directly from sea, the two missing transports, with two companies of Rufane's men on board.

"Our expedition is in reality taking place. It will be a grand armament. Such emulation and unanimity have hardly ever been known between our sea and land forces as at present."

NEW-YORK, May 18.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated March 25, 1761.

"There are, within these 24 Hours, great Changes at Court; it is said many will kiss the King's Hand next Monday; the Chief are as follow; Lord Bute to be Secretary of State, in the Room of Lord Holdernesse, who is made Groom of the Stole; Lord Halifax to be Lord Lieutenant of Ireland; and Lord Sands to be first Lord of the Board of Trade; Lord Barrington, to be Chancellor of the Exchequer; Mr. Charles Townsend to be Secretary of War; several Peers to be promoted in their Titles, and many to be advanced in the Treasury and Navy: General MONCKTON, to be Governor of New-York; Mr. Hardy (Brother to Sir Charles) Governor of New-Jersey; Mr. Boone Governor of South-Carolina, and some other Governments to be filled up, &c.

"The following Commoners created Peers, viz. Sir Richard Grosvenor, Lord Grosvenor. Sir Thomas Robinson, Lord Grantham. Sir Nath. Curson, Lord Scarsdale. Mr. Spencer, Lord Spencer. Sir William Irby, Lord Boston. Sir Edmond Turner, Lord Winterton.

"Lord Downe, Earl of Glamorgan. Lord Talbot, Earl Talbot. Lord De La Warr, created Earl De La Warr.

"By the Promotion of General Officers, Lord Tyrawley is youngest General, and Otway the eldest Lieut. General, and Noel the youngest. Parsons the eldest Major General, and Seabright the youngest."

This Day the Harriot Snow Packet, Captain Brailly, is to sail for England, with Dispatches; the Mail is to be closed this Morning.

We have just received the following Account of the General Wall Packet, Captain Lutwidge, who sailed from hence the fourth of March, and on the 20th (being Good Friday) was chased by a French Privateer of 24 nine and six Pounders, who came up with the General Wall 150 Leagues to the Westward of the Lizard, and after a stout Engagement of three Hours and an Half, was obliged to throw his Mails overboard, and strike: The Captain was mortally wounded by a nine Pound Shot in the Engagement, of which he died 40 Hours after, and was buried on Wednesday the 25th of March, the Day the Ship arrived at Falmouth: They fought the Ship three Glasses after the Captain received his Wound; he retained his Senses to the last.

By the Brig Bell Savage, Captain Lindsay, from Madeira, we hear that two Men of War were arrived there, to take in Wines for the West-India Fleet.

Wednesday last his Majesty's Ship Greyhound, Captain Francis, arrived at the Hook from South-Carolina, from whence she was dispatched to General Amherst.

Captain Scull, in a Letter of Marque Sloop, belonging to Philadelphia, took lately off Coracoa a French Brig, loaded with 104 Hogsheads of white Sugar, 5000 lb. of Indigo, and several other valuable Effects: The Vessel was bound to Old France, but sprung her Fore-mast in the Latitude of Bermuda, and was putting back to refit.

Extract of a Letter from London, March 14, 1761.

Our Parliament will rise and be dissolved the 19th Inst. and the New be immediately formed, what sort it will be, a very little Time will prove; and indeed the Disposition with regard to Peace or War will shew itself. At present Opinions about the one or the other are various as ever; one Day we see Peace near, the next it is vanished, and all the while the most vigorous Measures are pursued in Planning a warm Campaign in Germany, and Expeditions elsewhere, by our Naval Force, but their Destination a profound Secret. The King of Prussia you will find is rising in greater Glory than ever; he has since his late Victory, sent 15,000 Troops to assist Prince Ferdinand, who by a Master-stroke of Generalship (beyond any thing Turene ever did) has dispersed the French Army under Broglio, though almost double his Number, and cantoned to all Advantage; he is now pursuing them as fast as he can, but they surpass his Swiftness in their Flight out of Hesse; what the Event will be we are daily expecting to hear; tis said that the Czarina seems inclined to withdraw her Assistance from the Austrians, and that Spain and Sardinia have designed to attack her in Italy; these last are probably no more at present than the Coffee House Conjectures, and yet if the War continues may be brought about.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.

*** *The Managers of the Second* St. PAUL'S CHURCH LOTTERY, *are now rolling up the Blanks and Prizes, at the Store, on Captain Goodman's Wharff, where the first Lottery for that Church was drawn; and where the Drawing of the Second will certainly begin on the First Day of next Month. What Tickets remain unsold, may be had of the Managers, at their respective Dwelling-houses, and of William Bradford, William Dunlap, and David Hall.*

*** *The Drawing of the* ACADEMY LOTTERY *will certainly begin on the 15th of next Month.*

*** The Managers of the Lottery for paving the North End of Second-street, having not quite disposed of all the Tickets (occasioned, as they imagine, by a Report having been industriously spread about, that said Lottery was dropt) hereby beg Leave to inform the Public, that they are obliged to postpone the Drawing thereof to the 29th of June next. The few remaining Tickets are still selling at the respective Managers Houses, viz. Henry Woodrow, John William Hoffman, William Clampffer, Benjamin Davis, and Alexander Allaire; likewise at David Hall's, at the London Coffee House, and at William Dunlap's.

N. B. The Deduction here is only 10 per Cent.

There was, a few Days ago, a French Privateer Brig cruizing in Latitude 33, which had several Ransomers on board.

The Snow Dreadnought, Captain Smith, from Jamaica for this Port, was cast away in the Gulph of Florida, and both Vessel and Cargoe intirely lost.

Arrived at Jamaica, from this Place, The Captains Appowin, Leak and Gibson.

The Sloop Catherine, Capt. Tucker, from this Harbour, is lost at Little Coracoa; but Part of the Cargoe saved.

The Snow Hill, Captain Hardcastle, from hence for Montserrat, was taken, and re taken by one of our Men of War, and carried to Guadaloupe.

The Captains Condy, M'Adam, and Bowies, are arrived in England from South-Carolina.

Captain Budden was to leave London the 15th of March for this Place; and Captain Hammit was in the Downs the 17th; so that they may be both expected here soon.

The Lucretia, Folger, from Boston; Cowler, Payne, from Maryland; the Edward, Davis, Rising Sun, Studdy, and Garland, Ashfield, from New-York; are all arrived in England.

Saturday next is appointed for holding the public COMMENCEMENT in the *College* of this City. The Doors will be opened at Nine o'Clock in the Morning, and it is requested that no Persons will go into that Part of the Gallery which is railed off from the rest, as it would greatly impede the Performance of a very material Part of the public Excercises prepared on this Occasion, and which, it is hoped, will give great Entertainment to the Audience.

Yesterday arrived here the Ship Joseph and Nancy, Captain Taylor, from Belfast, which he left the 13th ult. By him we have Irish Papers to the 7th of April, which contain Advices from London to the 28th of March, the Purport of which is as follows: That on the 27th of that Month, the Embarkation on board the Grand Expedition Fleet ended, and it was thought would sail the next Day, as positive Orders had been given for Sailing the first fair Wind: That the Allies still carried on the Sieges of Ziegenhayn and Cassel, which, it was thought, would soon capitulate: That a War in Italy was expected; and that his Sardinian Majesty would open the Campaign with 50,000 Men: That the Swedish Court had resolved to raise no more Men for the War: And that the King of Prussia would quickly begin his Operations with the Siege of Dresden.

In the Papers there is an Account, that on the 28th of March died that Great, Learned and Pious Divine, the Reverend Mr. GEORGE WHITEFIELD.

When Captain Taylor sailed, there was a Report (and credited) that the Expedition Fleet was really sailed.

CUSTOM HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship London, J. Watson, from Antigua. Sloop Dove, J. Bromlow, Bermuda. Brig Hannah, T. Powell, Barbados. Sloop George, B. Flower, St. Kitts. Schooner Saunders, T. Staniford, Halifax. Brig Margery, W. Morrell, Sloop Thistle, S. Snell, and Brig Old Harbour, J. Thompson, Jamaica. Sloop Charming Betsey, R. Simmons R. Island. Sloop Ann, C. Gardner, from Boston.

OUTWARDS. Schooner Hawke, T. Morton, for Teneriffe. Brig Nancy, A. Dyer, Guadaloupe. Brig Hannah, G. Noarth, South-Carolina. Schooner Unity, W. Stanley, Rhode-Island. Sloop Sally, R. Vessy, Antigua. Ship Live-Oak, J. Ashmead, for Jamaica.

CLEARED. Sloop Mary, V. Wightman, to Rh. Island. Ship Johnson, J. Mulloy, Virginia. Ship Fanny, R. Lane, Maryland. Schooner Leopard, T. Church, Quebec. Schooner Matthew, R. Kenny, Piscataqua. Ship King George, C. Dingee, Ship Hercules, J. Wilson, Snow Tulip, A. Craig, and Brig Hanover Packet, M. Miller, Jamaica. Schooner Rollo, B. Lurvey, Halifax. Sloop Wolfe. T. Smith, St. Kitts. Sloop Amherst, S. Higgs, and Sloop Mary, R. Tucker, Bermuda. Sloop John and Jane, J. Gyles, to Guadaloupe.

Imported in the Joseph and Nancy, from Belfast, and to be sold by

WILLIAM and JOHN MURRAY,

A PARCEL of Irish Linens, Beef, Scotch Herrings, and a few Men and Women Servants, amongst which is one a Joyner by Trade. ¶

WOODHAM and YOUNG

Have removed from where they formerly kept STORE, in Water-street, near Market-street, to THOMAS WILLING'S STORE, in Front-street, near Walnut-street, next Door but one to John Reynolds; who have just imported in the last Ships from London and Liverpool, and have to sell on the very lowest Terms,

A VERY great variety of printed cottons, calicoes and chints, bordered and spotted bandanoe, culgee, Barcelona and silk romal handkerchiefs, China ditto, cambricks and clear lawns, Silesia flowered lawns, long lawns, 6-qr. wd. muslin, chip and straw hats, Irish linens, a great variety of linen and cotton check, striped cotton holland, cotton counterpanes, ginghams, thicksets, fustians and jeans, silk and cotton velvet, silk and cotton velvet shapes, bed bunts, pelong, striped lutestring, mens and womens silk, cotton, thread and worsted hose, figured ribbons, plain taffety, sattin and paduasoy ditto, saggathies, duroys, durants, tammies, shaloons and calimancoes, worsted damask, venetian poplins, starrets, figured stuffs, broadcloths, halfthick, red and blue strouds, druggets, white and red flannels, striped and spotted ditto, ozenbrigs, indigo, sconce looking-glasses, best London pewter, F and FF gunpowder, shot, with a variety of other goods, too tedious to mention. Also rum, choice Teneriffe wine in pipes, hogsheads and quarter casks.

All persons indebted to the late partnership of Henry and Woodham, are once more desired to make speedy payment to Charles Woodham, to prevent further trouble; and those who have any demands, are desired to bring in their accounts. 3 M.

LATHIM *and* REED,

HAVE removed from Mr. Joseph Sims's Wharff, to the Stores Mr. William Standley lately kept, a few Doors above the Draw-bridge, in Water-street; where they continue to sell, at the most reasonable Rates, West-India, New-England, and Pennsylvania Rum, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar, Melasses, Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, Pimento, Gunpowder, Shot, Indigo, Madder, Allom, Copperas, Brimstone, Redwood, Logwood, &c. &c. 6 W.

Imported in the last ships from London and Bristol, and to be sold, wholesale or retail, by

JONATHAN ZANE,

At the CROWN and CANISTER, in Second-street, below the Market-place, and the fourth door above Black-horse-alley,

A VERY large assortment of brass and iron locks and hinges, variety of bolts, latches and other furniture for building, carpenters, joiners, coopers, shoemakers and other tools, files and screws of most sorts, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 20d nails, trunk, clout and scupper ditto, sprigs, black tacks, brass and white ditto, watch springs, pendants, glasses and strings, cart boxes, gunpowder, bird, pidgeon, duck, goose and swan shot, red and white lead, Spanish brown and whiting, litherage, vermilion, Prussian blue, verdigrease, umber, chalk, glue, allom, roll and flour brimstone, copperas, madder, ground red wood and emery, Godfrey's cordials, Bateman's drops, hungary water, Stoughton's bitters, Daffy's and Faunces's elixir, British oil, Hooper's and Anderson's pills, saltpetre, blue and white vitriol, cream of tartar, epsom solt, senna, manna, &c. with an assortment of dry goods too tedious to mention. Where also may be had, ginger, allspice, coffee, tea, linseed and sweet oil, spirit of turpentine, rosin, raisins, oatmeal and grotts, ropes of sundry sorts, a parcel of barrell'd beef, Everard's sermons, Bromley's way to the sabbath of rest, and Barclay's catechism, a reel and fan for cleaning flaxseed, and a single horse cart.

To be lett by said Jonathan Zane, a large frame building, suitable for a carpenter's shop. ¶

A PERSON capable of transacting Business in the French Language, would be glad to go Supercargoe to any Part of the West-Indies, and from thence to London, &c. For further Particulars, apply to William Dunlap. ¶

BY ORDER of the COMMISSIONERS for Indian Affairs, will be sold, by public Vendue, on Wednesday, the 3d of June next, at Two o' Clock in the Afternoon, in the Meal Market, A Quantity of Deer-skins, Bear-skins and Fur, with a Cask or two of Deers Tallow; also a Saddle Horse, belonging to the Province. JOSIAH DAVENPORT, Clerk.

JAMES RIVINGTON,

Bookseller and Stationer from London, at the NEW LONDON BOOK STORE, situated between Chestnut and Walnut-streets, in Front-street, has just imported, among a many Thousands of other Books, on various Subjects, the following.

1. THE History of Canada, Louisiana, Martinico, Guadaloupe, Cape Francois, Hispaniola, &c. adorned with several excellent Maps. 2. The 3d and 4th Vols. of Tristrum Shandy, by the Rev. Mr. Sterne, Author of the 2 first Vols. 3. Yorick's Sermons (the 3d Edition) by the same Mr. Sterne, in 2 Volumes. 4. A new poetical Dictionary, containing all the Beauties of the English Poets, in 4 Vols. 5. A new and compleat Dictionary of Arts and Sciences, illustrated with 300 Copperplates, in 8vo, by Mr. Wishart and others--This is esteemed the best Work on the Subject. 6. The Statutes or Laws of England at large, newly published in 6 large Folio Volumes, by John Cay, Esq. 7. Bishop Beveridge's Works. 8. The Laws relating to Bills of Exchange. 9. Chambers's Dictionary of Arts and Sciences, and Supplement to Ditto. 10. Robertson's most celebrated and admired History of Scotland. 11. Josephus's History of the Jews, by Sir Roger Le Strange. 12. Burn's Laws relating to the Militia. 13. Postlethwayte's Grand Dictionary of Trade and Commerce, with a most excellent Sett of curious Maps of the whole World. 14. Bacon on Government. 15. Strange's, Salkeld's and Modern Reports. 16. Lilly's Conveyancer. 17. Plowdon's Reports, now translated into English. 18. Lilly's Modern Entries. 19. Clarissa, Grandison, Pamela, Betsy Thoughtless, Tom Jones, and a many Hundreds other Novels. 20. Shakespear's, Congreve's, Vanburgh's, Ottway's, Dryden's, Beaumont and Fletcher's, Steel's and Hames's Plays. 21. The World, Connoisseur, Adventurer, Rambler, Narrative Companion, and Universal Spectator. 22. Ferguson's famous Lectures on Mechanics, Optics, Dialling, and other mathematical Subjects. 23. Harvey's Meditations, Dialogues, Letters and Sermons. 24. Spectator, Guardian, Tatler and Freeholder. 25. Watts's Works compleat, and in detached Pieces. 26. Guyse's Family Expositor. 27. The World displayed; or, a curious Collection of Voyages and Travels, illustrated with Maps and Prints by the best Hands. 28. All the political and philosophical Works of Lord Bolingbroke, in 11 Volumes. 29. Poole's Annotations on the New Testament. 30. The compleat and much esteemed Works of that eminent Servant in Christ, Mr. John Bunyan. 31. Taylor's Life of Christ, with Cave's Lives of the Apostles, interspersed with a Number of beautiful Copperplates. 32. The Modern Gazetteer, describing every City and Town in the World, with four Maps of America, Germany, &c. 33. A great Variety of Bibles, Common Prayers and Testaments, Books of Architecture and Navigation, with a fine Assortment of Stationary Wares, cheap Histories, Quadrants, Scales for weighing Gold, Spy Glasses, &c. &c. &c. to be sold Wholesale and Retail, at reasonable Prices.

This Day is published by the said James Rivington, A New List of the Army in North-America, with the Rank of the Officers in the Regiment and Army, carefully corrected to April 1761.

Also is published this Day, A new Edition of Smollet's History of the War in America, Germany, and the East-Indies, Vol. 1st and 2d, which brings the History down to the ever glorious Year 1759.

N. B. This Work is more universally read than any that has been published in the Memory of Man, and is the most delightful Entertainment, as its Subject is inexpressibly interesting to every Briton, to every American.

MEASE *and* MILLER,

HAVE just imported, in the last Vessels from England, which they will sell very cheap for ready Money, or short Credit, at their Store, in Front-street, the Corner of Gray's Alley, between Chestnut and Walnut Streets, A neat Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA Goods, suitable for the Season.

WHEREAS Elisabeth Grainger, Wife of Joseph Grainger, of this City, eloped from her said Husband the First Instant, and from which Conduct I have Reason to fear she intends doing me Damage, by contracting Debts on my Account; and to prevent any Imposition of that Kind, this is to caution and forewarn all Persons not to credit my said Wife, as I am determined to pay no Debts of her contracting after the Date hereof. Philadelphia, May 21, 1761. JOSEPH GRAINGER. ¶

RUN away, on Thursday Night last, from Joshua M'Dowell, at the Blue Ball, in London Britain Township, Chester County, a Servant Man, named Jesse Munrow, this Country born, about 5 Feet 11 Inches high, about 19 Years of Age, has sandy Hair: Had on a yellowish Coat, white Shirt, and old Sheep-skin Breeches. He has a Stoppage in his Speech. Whoever secures said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall have Three Pounds, and reasonable Charges, paid by Captain John Singleton, or JOSHUA M'DOWELL. May 10, 1761.

WHEREAS a certain James M'Curdy, Dealer, spoke, some time ago, to me, the Subscriber, to make him a neat strong 4 Horse Waggon, which he has not called for; therefore I purpose to dispose of said Waggon at public Vendue, on Saturday, the Sixth Day of June next, at my Work-ship, in Third-street, between Arch and Race-streets. WILLIAM COFFING. ¶

DESERTED from Lieutenant Jonathan Stout, of the New-Jersey Provincials, A certain WILLIAM M'GUIRE, born in Pennsylvania, about 30 Years of Age, of a dark Complexion, five Feet five Inches high, bow-legg'd. Whoever secures the said Deserter, and brings him to Colonel Hunt's, in Pennington, or to the said Lieutenant Stout's, near the Baptist Meeting, in Hopewell, shall have Four Pounds Reward, paid by me

¶ JONATHAN STOUT.

STRAYED or stolen, the 17th of October last, the following CREATURES, viz.

A BAY HORSE, about seven or eight Years old, branded I C, on the near Shoulder: Also a GREY MARE, about nine or ten Years old, branded as above, both Trotters.---- Whoever gives such Intelligence of them, by publishing of them in this Gazette, or otherwise, so that the Subscriber may have them again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by JOHN CUMMINS, in Cumberland County. ¶

THERE is now in Burlington Goal a Negroe Man, taken up on Suspicion of being a Runaway, but will not tell his Name, nor that of his Master; he is about 25 Years of Age, and had on when committed, an old red Greatcoat, a blue Coat under it, and old Leather Breeches, all with Brass Buttons; and had with him a blue Coat with Hair Buttons on it; no Shirt nor Shoes, but a Pair of old Leggings; he has a Scar, like that of a Cut, over his Left-eye. His Master is desired to come and pay Charges, and take him away. EPHRAIM PHILLIPS, Goaler. ¶

CAME to the Plantation of David Jones, Innholder in Carnarvon Townshiip, Berks County, on the 18th of last Month, a dark roan Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, a white Foot behind, paces naturally, branded on the near Shoulder with a T across an O. The Owner is desired to come, prove his Property, and take her away. DAVID JONES. ¶

Imported in the laſt veſſels from England, and to be ſold by

ALEXANDER HUSTON,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting-houſe, ſundry European and Eaſt-India goods, as follows, viz.

INdia and Engliſh taffeties, ſattins, damaſk, gorgoroons, paduaſoys, mantuas, perſians, bandanoes, white calicoes, humhums, brown and white ſileſias, romals, blue calicoes, a large aſſortment of fine chints and printed calicoes, great variety of cotton and calicoe bed furniture, fine and coarſe bed ticks, ravens duck, Ruſſia drillings, fine and coarſe Iriſh ſheeting, 7-8ths garlix, diaper tablecloths and napkins, fine and coarſe yd. wd. and 7-8ths Iriſh linens, 6-qr. 7-8ths 3-qr. and yd. wd. cotton and linen checks, thickſets, coloured thread, mens and womens cotton hoſe, variety of gartering, quality bindings, ginghams, Scotch handkerchiefs, ſewing ſilks, India dimities, hempen and flaxen ozenbrigs, buckrams, Ruſſia linens, clouting diaper, fine and coarſe broadcloths, kerſeys, plains, halfthicks, long ells, calimancoes, durants, tammies, ſhaloons, ſuperfine black worſted damaſks, ſcarlet, red, white and ſtriped flannels, ſcarlet and red ſerges, white and red ſwanſkin, ſcarlet, red and green naps, 9 and 10-qr. fine rugs, 9 and 10-qr. fine roſe blankets, 3, 4, 10, 12 and 20d. London nails, frying pans, beſt London ſteel, braſs kettles in nefts, bar lead, gooſe, duck and pigeon ſhot, a large aſſortment of pewter, fine hyſon, congo, ſouchong, bohea and common green teas, by the cheſt or dozen, pepper, flowered and clear lawns, cambricks in pieces and patches, muſlins, brown pomeranias, &c. &c. Tbc. 3. M.

Juſt imported in the Fanny, Captain Lane, and other Veſſels from London, &c. and to be Sold by

STEPHEN COLLINS,

At his Store in Second-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Engliſh Church, on the loweſt Terms, for Caſh or ſhort Credit,

OZenbrigs, Iriſh linens, a neat aſſortment of cotton and linen checks, Iriſh and German dowlas, damaſk and diaper tablecloths, napkening damaſk, clouting diaper, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, piſtol lawns, double and ſingle ſileſias, thickſets, fuſtians and jeans, ſuperfine, middling and coarſe broadcloths, bearſkins and naps, kerſeys and plains, emboſſed and white flannels, ſcarlet ſerge, ſtriped linceys, long ells, roſe blankets, hair and worſted pluſhes, ſhort cloaks, double boiled and ſingle cambletS, a variety of calimancoes, rattinets, ſhaloons, durants and tammies, corded poplins, ſingle worſted damaſks, ſuperfine ſaggathies, breeches patterns, nankeens, cotton velvet, black pelong and alamode, black ſilk velvet, white and bluſh perſians, ſpotted and flowered bandanoe, culgee, lungee and other ſilk handkerchiefs, cotton and cotton chints, black and cloth coloured ſilk and worſted mitts, white three corded, light, crow and cloth coloured ſewing ſilks, a neat aſſortment of ſattin, paduaſoy, taffety and figured ribbons, ſtay trimmings, ſilk laces, mens gloves, womens gloves and mitts, ſilk, cotton and worſted caps, mens cotton and worſted hoſe, mens and womens white and brown thread ditto, cotton romals, 9-qr. Flanders ticks, 6-qr. 6-qr. and half and 7-qr. bed bunts, white and brown buckram, girls cotton and thread mitts, Pruſſian, kenting and check handkerchiefs, ſtock diaper and holland tape, Scots and coloured threads, bobbin, ſhirt buttons, bags of buttons, ſilk and hair, mohair, ſilk and hair cord, ſilk knee garters, writing paper, ſilk ferrits, wig cauls, quality and ſhoe binding, ſcarlet lettered and Turkey gartering, childrens Morocco ſhoes, large quarto bibles with concordance, teſtaments, ſpelling books, pſalters and horn books, paſteboards, Barclay's apology, Ellwood's life, ivory and horn combs, ink powder, ſuperfine and common ſealing wax, ſleeve buttons, metal and horn buttons, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves and mace, pocket compaſſes, painted frame and pocket looking glaſſes, fans, money ſcales and weights, ſilver watches, mens and womens horſe whips, ſteel and white metal ſhoe and knee buckles, pins and needles, ſham buck and bone table knives and forks, butchers knives, ſhoe knives, ſeal end, piſtol cap, and cutteau knives, ſcythes, awl blades, ſhoe tacks, taylors ſhears, ſheep ſhears, ſciſſars, cheſt and ſplinter locks, pad locks, braſs and leather ink pots, ſteel tobacco boxes, thimbles, Tidmarſh's fine and common wool cards, beſt oil and common gun flints, hob nails, ſkemiſh kettles, gun powder, ſhot, bar lead, an aſſortment of pewter, viz. ſoop and ſhallow diſhes and plates, baſons, mugs, tea pots, porringers, ſpoons, &c. and ſundry ſorts of ſadlery wares, &c. &c. &c.

T. b. c. t. f.

Philadelphia, May 21, 1761.

To be SOLD by

STOCKER and FULLER,

And to be ſeen at Mr. Daniel Cooper's Ferry, Weſt-New-Jerſey, oppoſite the City of Philadelphia,

A PARCEL *of likely* NEGROES.

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and to be ſold very cheap, by

JONES and WISTAR,

At their Store, in Market-ſtreet, a little above Third-ſtreet, and next Door to Henry Keppele,

A NEAT Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon. Tbc.

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from London, Liverpool, &c. and to be ſold cheap for Caſh, or ſhort Credit, by

SHEE *and* USHER,

At their Store in Water-ſtreet, at the Corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, where Meſſieurs Gough and Carmalt lately lived, and oppoſite to Mr. Joſeph King's,

A LARGE and neat Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon.

N. B. ROBERT USHER requeſts thoſe that are indebted to him to make ſpeedy Payment.

SARAH BROWN, *Silk-Dyer,*

In Race-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, ſtill continues to carry on that Buſineſs as uſual; where

ALL Sorts of Silks, Gowns, quilted Petticoats, Silk Stockings, Gloves, and Camblet Cloaks, are ſcowered, dyed and preſſed in the beſt and neateſt Manner; and where Mens Clothes may be dry or wet ſcowered; Mildews or Stains taken out of new Silks, damaged at Sea; and all Kinds of Worſted Stuffs ſcowered and preſſed at reaſonable Rates. She engages to do her Work as well as it can be done in England, having better Tools, and more Conveniences for that Buſineſs, than any other Perſon in America.

STRAYED away, the 18th of April laſt, from the Subſcriber, in Middletown, Bucks County, a large black roan Mare, 3 Years old, no Brand nor Ear-mark, has a Switch Tail, and trotts, is low in Fleſh. Whoever takes up ſaid Mare, and brings her to the Owner, or ſends Notice, ſo that ſhe may be had again, ſhall be well ſatisfied, and all Coſts paid, by JOSEPH RICHARDSON. ¶

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY healty Negroe Boy, about 14 Years of Age, has had the Small-pox and Meaſles, Country born, and fit to wait on a Gentleman. Apply to ULRICK RIEGIRT, in the Borough of Lancaſter. ¶

STRAYED or ſtolen from the Plantation of William Clark jun. in Leacock Townſhip, Lancaſter County, on the 18th of laſt Month, a dark roan Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, her Mane and Tail almoſt black, her Brands unknown. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Mare, ſo that the Owner may have her again, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings, paid by me MARY CRISWELL. ¶

DESERTED from Colonel James Burd's Company of the Pennſylvania Troops, James Berry, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, brown Hair, had on a blue Sailor's Jacket, an Engliſhman. Adam Hackett, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, ſandy Complexion, wore a grey Wig, has a Stoppage in his Speech. Thomas Dewall, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, light coloured Hair, wore a grey Coat. James Dunning, 5 Feet 6 Inches high, wore his own yellow coloured Hair, and a blue Jacket, the Sleeves a deeper blue than the reſt of the Jacket. Peter Yokin, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, black curled Hair. John Hammon, Jacob Holter, George Turner, and John Wood, each 5 Feet 7 Inches high, and have fair Complexions. Whoever ſecures any of ſaid Deſerters in any Goal of this Province, ſhall have One Piſtole for each, and Charges, paid by JAMES YOUNG, Paymaſter to the Pennſylvania Forces.

A LOTTERY for raiſing the Sum of 450 l. for the Uſe of the Preſbyterian Church in Middletown, Cheſter County.

THE Members of the Preſbyterian Church in Middletown, find themſelves under a Neceſſity in this Way to ſollicit the Aſſiſtance of the Publick, to enable them to rebuild their Place of Worſhip. Their Claim to a favourable Reception, they preſume, is at leaſt equal to any that hath been yet offered. As a Church, there is ſcarce any more ancient in the Province, of the ſame Communion. The Sum which they aim at is moderate; the Uſe of which is not to complete, to enlarge, or to ornament their Place of Worſhip: For had they a Place, however plain or unadorned, which could poſſibly continue much longer to anſwer that Purpoſe, the Publick had not now been troubled with this Application----But to prevent their Diſſolution as a religious Society. This Conſideration they beg Leave to think, intitles them in ſome Degree to general Encouragement, and will, it is hoped, procure them the Approbation, and, as far as may be, the good Offices of every pious and well diſpoſed Perſon.

The SCHEME.

Number of Prizes.		Value in Pieces of 8.		Total Value.
1	of	1000	is	1000
1	of	500	is	500
1	of	250	is	250
2	of	100	are	200
3	of	50	are	150
10	of	20	are	200
1408	of	4	are	5632
1			First drawn,	34
1			Laſt drawn,	34
1428 Prizes.				
2572 Blanks.				
4000 Tickets, at two Dollars each, are				8000

In this Scheme there are not two Blanks to a Prize; the Deduction is Fifteen per Cent. The Drawing will begin on Monday the 3d of Auguſt, or ſooner, if the Lottery is ſooner full. The Prizes to be publiſhed in this Gazette, and the Pennſylvania Journal, and the Prize-money to be paid as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, the aforeſaid Deduction being firſt made. Prize-money not demanded in ſix Months, to be deemed as piouſly given for the Uſe of the Church, and accordingly applied. The following Perſons are appointed Managers, viz. Andrew Hodge, James Fulton, Iſaac Snowdon, William Faulkner, William Henry, Daniel Clark, and James Hunter, in Philadelphia; Dr. Paul Jackſon, in Cheſter; James Lindſay, John M'Min, Charles Lynn, and William M'Cay, in Cheſter County, who are to be upon Oath, that they will truly execute the Truſt repoſed in them. Tickets are now ſelling by the Managers, at their reſpective Houſes; and by Richard Walker, Eſq; in Bucks County; Iſaac Davis, and William Clinghan, Eſquires, in Cheſter County; Samuel Allen, near Brandiwine; Robert Armour, in Pequea; Alexander Symral, and Joſeph Parks, in Upper Octerara; James Cockran, in Foggs-Manor; Hugh Kilpatrick, and James Evans, in Nottingham; Robert Evans, at Elk River; William M'Crea, at Whiteclay-creek; Thomas M'Craken, at Lower Brandiwine; and by William Bradford and David Hall in Philadelphia.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from the Subſcribers, living at Little-Elk, Cæcil County, Maryland, a Servant Woman named Margaret Sliter (but probably will change her Name) about 28 Years old, freſh coloured, darkiſh brown Hair, born in England; had on when ſhe ran away, two Bed-Gowns, one blue and white, the other dark Ground, both Callicoe, new Linſey Petticoat, and one of coarſe Tow Cloth, new blue worſted Stockings, with white Clocks, good Shoes, two ſtriped Linen Handkerchiefs, and one Silk one changing Colour, five Yards of about 700 Linen; and has ſtolen ſome Mens white Shirts.

Alſo a Negroe Man, named Charles, a luſty able Fellow, about 29 Years of Age, pitted with the Small-Pox, ſpeaks good Engliſh, talks faſt, is apt to get drunk, and pretends to be married to the aforeſaid Margaret Sliter; had on when he ran away, a Pair of Thickſet Breeches, a Pair of blue Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, with round Steel Buckles, a light coloured Jacket, an old brown Body-coat, a great Coat of a greyiſh Colour, and has a Pair of Breeches of the ſame (the great Coat has Metal Buttons on) ſome coarſe Shirts, and one fine one, but may have more, two Pair of Trowſers, and two Pair of brown Yarn Stockings. Stole one white Gown of about 1200 Linen, one red and white ſtriped Silk Handkerchief, ſome Womens Caps, a Ribbon, and a ſmall Gun: Likewiſe a white Horſe of about twelve Years old, branded on the near Shoulder R. and a bay Mare five Years old, bob tailed, ſome of her Feet white, a white Spot in her Face, a Man's Saddle with blue Houſing, a Woman's old Saddle, the Seat of which is browniſh, with Leather Skirts. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Woman and Negroe, with the Horſe and Mare, and other Things, ſhall have the abovementioned Reward of Five Pounds, and all reaſonable Charges, or Fifty Skillings for either the Woman or Negroe, and Fifteen Shillings for the Horſe or Mare, with reaſonable Charges, paid by DAVID ELDER, ANN HOLY. ‡

N. B. The Negroe had two Felt Hats with him.

CAME to the Plantation of William Fullerton, in Cheſtnut Level, Lancaſter County, about a Month ago, a bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, with a long bob Tail. The Owner, proving his Property, and paying Charges, may have her again.

May 6, 1751. WILLIAM FULLERTON. ¶

BE it known to all Perſons whom this may concern, that I Benjamin Twining, of Smithfield, in the County of Philadelphia, gave 3 Bonds to John Keen for a Piece of Land, which become due as follows, viz. One of 50 Pounds May 4, 1760; the Second May 4, 1761; and the laſt May 4, 1762; which Bonds all Perſons are forbid taking an Aſſignment of, as the ſaid John Keen mortgaged the ſaid Land to Mr. Peter Keen, without my Knowledge; therefore I will pay none of the Bonds, until I get an indiſputable Title to the Land. Given under my Hand this 18th Day of May, in the Year of our Lord 1761.

¶ BENJAMIN TWINING.

ALL Perſons indebted to David Barnes, late of this City Shopkeeper, are deſired to pay; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt him, requeſted to bring in their Accounts to Mr. JOSEPA MORRIS, and have them adjuſted, in order to receive their Dividends from the Aſſignees, JOHN RELFE, WILLIAM MOORE, JOSEPH WHARTON, jun. PETER TURNER, jun. and JOSEPH MORRIS.

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from London and Liverpool, and to be ſold, on the loweſt Terms, for Caſh, or the uſual Credit, by

HUMPHERY ROBINSON,

At his Store, in Front-ſtreet, a little above Arch-ſtreet, and oppoſite to Mr. Thomas Riche's,

A NEAT Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India Goods, proper for the Seaſon; alſo bottled Beer, by the Hogſhead or Dozen. ‡ 5s. Tbc. 3 Mo.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to Sale, by public Vendue, on the 4th Day of June next, at the Houſe of Nicholas Mournboud, in Lower Milford, Bucks County, a Meſſuage, Tenement, and Tract of 150 Acres of Land, ſituate, lying and being in the Townſhip aforeſaid, bounded by Lands of Peter Rooded deceaſed, Paul Samſell, &c. late the Eſtate of Abraham Penney, and taken in Execution by

¶ JOSEPH THORNTON, Sheriff.

To be SOLD,

A CERTAIN Tract of Land or Plantation, and a Griſt-mill, on a good Stream of Water, a good Stone Mill-houſe, the Inſide Works, Running Gears, Stones and Irons, good and ſubſtantial, and a Quantity of Stone ready to repair the Dam, handy to the Place. The Plantation contains 150 Acres of Land, with Allowance for Roads, about 20 of which is rich Bottom, and will make good Meadow, the reſt Woodland. It is ſituate on Conedogwanat Creek, in Hopewell, Cumberland County, Pennſylvania, and goes by the Name of HENRY's Mill. Any Perſon inclining to buy the ſame, may apply to JEREMIAH ELFRETH, in Philadelphia; NEHEMIAH ANDREWS, or ISAAC ANDREWS, in Haddonfield. ¶

To be *SOLD* or *LETT,*

THE only MILL, that I know of, in this Province, that makes Oatmeal and Groats, with a Kiln, Fann-Mill, large Scales and Weights, &c. ſuitable for carrying on that uſeful Branch of Buſineſs; and, as there is not conſtant Employ in the Oatmeal Way, the Mill is alſo fitted for grinding and boulting of Wheat, and other Grain: Contiguous to the Mill is a two Story Brick Dwelling-houſe, two Rooms on a Floor, with a plaiſtered Garret, the Cellar of which is prepared for a Bake-Houſe, with two large Arches, Flues, Oven-mouths, &c. alſo a Stone Stable, and Hay-loft. The Mill, Stable, &c. and Part of the Dwelling-houſe, may be entered upon immediately; the other Part of the Dwelling-houſe, in November next. For Terms, enquire of GUNNING BEDFORD, in Lombard-ſtreet, near the New Church. Who has a ſmall Quantity of choice Oat Meal and Grotts for Sale, and who will give proper Inſtructions (if needed) in the manufacturing of Oats, to ſuch as occupy the Mill.

*** The above Premiſes is a little below the New Market, and the Mill worked by Horſes. ¶

To be ſold by publick Vendue, on Wedneſday, the 27th of this inſt. May, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening, at the Houſe of Thomas Harper, in Kenſington,

THREE Lots of Ground, ſituated in Kenſington; one containing 20 Feet Front on Marlborough-ſtreet, and is 100 Feet deep; one other Lot in Queen-ſtreet, 26 Feet, and in Depth about 200, a little narrower at the lower End than in the Front; and one other Lot, of 20 Feet on Marlborough-ſtreet, and extends to Crown-ſtreet about Feet. Attendance will be given by

SUSANNAH HARRISON. ‡

ON Thurſday, the Twenty-eighth of May inſt. will be ſold by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-Houſe, the following Houſes, viz.

One 3 Story Brick Houſe, now in the Tenure of William Pritchard, oppoſite to Mr. John Inglis, bounded Eaſtward by Water-ſtreet, Weſtward by Front-ſtreet, being 16 Feet front, and 40 Feet deep, with a Kitchen and Cellar under the whole, ſubject to a Groundrent of 3 Pounds, 3 Skillings, Sterling, per Year.

One 3 Story Brick Houſe, now in the Tenure of William Davis, next Door to Cæſar Ghiſlin, being 14 Feet front, and 40 Feet deep, with a Kitchen and Cellar under it, ſubject to a Groundrent of 40 Shillings Sterling per Year. A new Pump belongs to the Houſes.

Two 3 Story Brick Houſes, on Society-Hill; one in the Tenure of William Morrell, the other in the Tenure of William Hazelton, being 17 Feet front, and 38 Feet deep each, having good two Story Brick Kitchens, with Cellars under the whole, ſubject to a Groundrent of Tenpence Sterling per Year each.

One Brick Houſe, next Door to John Church, in the Southern Liberties, being 5 Story high, in Water-ſtreet, the Lot extending from thence to Penn-ſtreet; the ſaid Houſe being 16 and a Half Feet front, and 40 Feet deep, clear of Groundrent. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe any of the above Houſes, before the Day of Sale, may apply to John Wier, on Society-Hill. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid John Wier, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt him, may bring in their Accounts, and receive the Money, as he intends for Europe in the Fall. The Sale will begin at Six o' Clock in the Evening of the above mentioned Day. ¶

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 23d Day of May inſtant, on the Premiſes, A certain Meſſuage, Plantation, and Tract of Land, ſituate in Upper Merion Townſhip, Philadelphia County, bounded by Lands of Michael Rambo, John Eaſtburn, Matthias Holſton, and the River Schuylkill, containing about 200 Acres, late the Eſtate of Andrew Holſton, taken in Execution by

SAMUEL MORRIS, Sheriff.

TO be ſold on Thurſday the 28th Day of May next, at Princetown, the Sale to begin at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, the Houſhold Furniture and Library of the Rev. Mr. Samuel Davies, late Preſident of the College of New-Jerſey, deceaſed. The Furniture is chiefly new, and conſiſts, among other Things, of ſeveral genteel Beds, Looking-glaſſes, Walnut and Mahogony Leather Bottom Chairs, Tables, Cheſts of Drawers, Pictures, &c. The Library is made up of about 550 Volumes, in Divinity, Hiſtory, Poetry and Philoſophy; and every one who was acquainted with the Taſte of Mr. Davies, will readily conclude, that Books of his collecting muſt be valuable and entertaining. If any Perſon ſhould incline to purchaſe any Part of the Furniture before the Day of Sale, Application may be made to the Subſcriber, at his Houſe, for that Purpoſe.

The Creditors are deſired forthwith to ſend their Accounts, that they may be diſcharged; and all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment.

RICHARD STOCKTON, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. In the above Library there are particularly the following, viz. Poole's Synopſis Critic. 5 Vols. Auguſtini Opera Omnia, 5 Vols. Ciceronis Opera Omnia, 2 Vols. Calvini Opera Omnia, 9 Vols. Juſtini Mart. Opera, Tertulliani Opera, 4 Vols. Lactantii Opera, and ſeveral other of the Fathers; as alſo Ridgley's, Watts's, Guiſe's, Doddridge's Works, and ſeveral others of the moſt eminent modern Divines; the Univerſal Hiſtory, &c. &c. &c.

There are ſome few Books lent out, the Perſons who have them are deſired forthwith to return them.

STRAYED away from a Plantation in Paſſyunk Townſhip, on Monday, the 13th of April, A large black Horſe, a natural Pacer, with a ſmall Star in his Forehead, and has been uſed to go in a Chair. Whoever takes up ſaid Horſe, and brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by JOSEPH SIMS. ¶

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May 28, 1761. NUMB. 1692.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Abſtract of an ACT of PARLIAMENT, *paſſed in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late* MAJESTY, *intituled, An ACT for veſting certain Eſtates in* Pennſylvania, New-Jerſey, *and* Maryland, *belonging to the Proprietors of a Partnerſhip, called, The* Pennſylvania *Land Company in* London, *in Truſtees to be ſold; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.*

THE Act recites a Conveyance in Fee, dated the 11th and 12th of *Auguſt* 1699, from *William Penn* to *Tobias Collet*, *Michael Ruſſell*, *Daniel Quare*, and *Henry Gouldney*, of ſeveral Lots in *Philadelphia*; and a Tract of Land in the County of *Bucks* in *Pennſylvania*, granted to *Richard Noble*; and of One Hundred Acres of Land in the ſaid County, and all Buildings and Improvements thereon; and of Sixty Thouſand Acres of Land in *Pennſylvania*; and Five Thouſand Acres thereof in the Manour of *Highlands*, Five Thouſand Acres in the Manour of *Gilberts*, in the County of *Philadelphia*, Five Thouſand Acres in the Manour of *Rocklands* (Seven Hundred Acres whereof were to be ſet out upon the River *Delaware*, and the reſt to be one Lot out of every Townſhip) and the Remainder of the ſaid Sixty Thouſand Acres to be ſet out of ſuch other Parts as the ſaid Grantees, their Heirs or Aſſigns ſhould deſire (except ſuch as were already taken up) and alſo of all Lots, Mines, Minerals, Royalties, Commons and Appurtenances (royal Mines only excepted) with a proportionable Part of all Liberty Lots laid out, but not taken up, at and under the yearly Rent of two Beaver Skins.

And alſo, that by Indenture, dated the ſame 12th of *Auguſt*, between the ſaid Grantees of the one Part, and *William Beach* and others, of the other Part, the ſaid Grantees agreed to ſtand ſeized upon Truſt, to execute ſuch Deeds as ſhould be approved of by the Grand Committee of the Proprietors; and that the ſaid Grand Committee, or Grantees, by their Order, might depute any Perſon in the ſaid Province to contract for and execute Conveyances of the Premiſes, and that the nett Profits of the Premiſes ſhould be divided into Two Hundred and Twenty Shares, and be managed by a Grand Committee, to be annually choſen, as therein mentioned; and that the Proprietors ſhould be called, *The Proprietors of the* Pennſylvania *Land Company in* London; with Directions how the ſaid Two Hundred and Twenty Shares ſhould be transferred or deſcend, in caſe of Death.

And alſo, that in the Year 1720, the Proprietors of the ſaid Two Hundred and Twenty Shares, diſpoſed thereof to a new Sett of Proprietors, who divided the ſame into Eight Thouſand Eight Hundred Shares, and Receipts for many of them were ſigned and given out by *Thomas Story* the then Treaſurer.

And alſo a Conveyance in Fee, dated the 23d and 24th of *December* 1720, from the ſaid *Thomas Story* to *John Haddon* and *Benjamin Kirton*, of a Tract of Land between the two navigable Creeks in the County of *Kent*, in *Pennſylvania*, containing Eleven Thouſand Acres; another Tract, lying at *Pequa* Creek, in the County of *Cheſter*, in *Pennſylvania*, containing One Thouſand Nine Hundred and Forty Acres; another Tract in *Goſhen*, in the ſame County, containing Two Hundred and Seventy-four Acres; another Tract on *Schuylkill*, in the ſaid County of *Philadelphia*, containing Three Hundred and Thirty-four Acres; one Oil, and one Corn or Griſt Mill, and the Land thereto belonging, containing Six Acres; another Tract of Land in the ſaid County of *Bucks*, containing One Hundred and Seventy Acres; one Bank Lot and Wharff, containing One Hundred and Twelve Feet, in the ſettled Part of the City, with a ſmall Tenement thereon, and Three Hundred Acres of rich Swamp Land near *Philadelphia* (whereof about Seventy Acres were imbanked and incloſed) and Seven Thouſand Two Hundred Acres of Land in *Pennſylvania*, not then taken up; in Truſt for the ſaid Company.

And alſo a Conveyance in Fee, dated the 26th and 27th of *September* 1723, from *Peter Sonmans* to the ſaid *Haddon*, *Samuel Bonham*, *Samuel Turner*, and *John Mifford*, of Two Ninetieth Parts of Ninety equal Hundredth Parts of a Tract of Land on the Weſtern Diviſion of *New-Jerſey*, called *Arent Sonman*'s Manour, in the County of *Burlington*, containing Twenty Thouſand Acres, with the Allowance for Roads; and all other Tracts belonging to the ſaid Proprietaries in *Weſt New-Jerſey*, not then taken up; and all Mines, Minerals, Royalties, and Appurtenances thereto belonging (except and reſerved to the ſaid *Sonmans*, his Heirs and Aſſigns, one full Moiety of the ſaid two equal Ninetieth Parts, to be taken out and diſtinguiſhed from the remaining Part) in one entire Tract, in Truſt for the ſaid Company.

And alſo, the ſeveral Indentures, Conveyances and Deaths, whereby ſuch Parts of the Premiſes, as remain unſold, are become veſted in *Thomas Hyam*, *Thomas Reynolds*, and *Thomas How*, in Fee, in Truſt as aforeſaid.

And alſo that it appears, that about Nineteen Thouſand One Hundred and Ninety-four Acres of the Premiſes have been ſold, and that about Seventy-two Thouſand Three Hundred and Thirty now remain unſold, beſides ſome Houſes, Mills and Tenements.

And alſo that Three Thouſand Six Hundred and Eighty-one of the ſaid Eight Thouſand Eight Hundred Shares have been transferred to *John Bell*, who, by his Deed-poll, dated the 12th of *November* 1753, acknowledged the ſame to be in Truſt for the ſaid Company; and by Deed-poll dated the 21ſt of *September* 1759, aſſigned the ſame to the ſaid *Hyam*, *Reynolds*, and *How*, in Truſt as aforeſaid.

And alſo, that Two Hundred and Thirty-three Shares ſtand in the Books of the ſaid Partnerſhip, in the Names of ſome of the original Proprietors, and Three Thouſand Seven Hundred and Twenty-eight Shares, in the Names of ſeveral Perſons ſpecified in the firſt Schedule,

And that, in Purſuance of Advertiſements, Claims have been made, under ſeveral Receipts, for Six Hundred and Fifty Shares, and Twenty-ſix Shares; and the Names of the Perſons who produced ſuch Receipts, or claimed ſuch Shares, are mentioned in the ſecond Schedule.

And alſo, that it is unknown who are entitled to the Remainder of the ſaid Eight Thouſand Eight Hundred Shares; and that ſeveral of the Perſons, named in the ſaid Schedules, are dead; and ſome of the ſaid Shares have been aſſigned; and that the Premiſes unſold are greatly increaſed in Value; and, if ſold, would raiſe a conſiderable Sum to be divided amongſt the Perſons intereſted, and the parcelling out thereof may tend to populate the ſaid Colonies.

And alſo, that Contracts have been made with *Francis Rawle*, the ſaid Company's Agent in *Pennſylvania*, for Sale of ſome of the Premiſes; and that it will be for the Benefit of all Perſons intereſted, that what remains ſhould with all convenient Speed be ſold; but Perſons decline treating, unleſs all the Perſons intereſted join in the Sale, or unleſs the ſaid Lands, by Authority of Parliament, be veſted in Truſtees to be ſold.

Therefore, it is ENACTED, that all the Premiſes (except what have been ſold and conveyed by the Truſtees) be veſted in *John Fothergill*, Doctor in Phyſic, *Daniel Zachary*, *Thomas How*, *Devereux Bowley*, *Luke Hinde*, *Richard How*, *Jacob Hagen*, *Silvanus Grove*, and *William Heron*, their Heirs and Aſſigns, diſcharged of the Uſes, Truſts and Powers, the ſame are now ſubject to by the ſaid Indentures, and of all Right of the Perſons intereſted in the Partnerſhip on Eight Thouſand Eight Hundred Shares, but upon Truſt; with all convenient Speed to cauſe an Office-Copy of this Act to be inrolled in the Office of the Maſter of the Rolls in *Philadelphia*, and a full Abſtract thereof, inſerted ſeven Times at leaſt in the *Philadelphia* Gazette, with Notice that the Premiſes (not contracted for with the ſaid *Rawle*) are to be ſold by public Auction, at ſuch Times and Places in *Philadelphia*, as ſhall be ſpecified in ſuch Gazettes (not leſs than ſix Months from the firſt publiſhing ſuch Notice) in Parcels, to the Perſons who will offer moſt; and ſhall cauſe likewiſe to be publiſhed in the *London* Gazette, and other daily Papers in *England*, Advertiſements that the Premiſes are to be ſold by public Auction, in Parcels, to the beſt Bidder, with other Particulars as ſhall be requiſite; and on Receipt in *England* of the *Pennſylvania* Gazette (in which ſuch Abſtract and Advertiſements ſhall be inſerted, or one of them, with an Affidavit made before ſome Judge or Magiſtrate at *Philadelphia*, of the ſame being the Gazette publiſhed at *Philadelphia*) to cauſe to be publiſhed in the *London* Gazette, and other News Papers in *England*, that the Premiſes are to be ſold by public Auction, at the Times and Place mentioned in the *Pennſylvania* Gazette.

And the Premiſes ſhall be put up to be ſold accordingly, and ſo from Time to Time, till ſold.

And, upon Truſt, to convey all Parcels, by the ſaid *Rawle* agreed to be ſold, to the Purchaſers, their Heirs and Aſſigns, on Payment of the Purchaſe Money, and on Payment of the Money agreed for any Part, by the Act, veſted in the Truſtees, ſuch Premiſes ſhall, at the Coſt of the Purchaſers, be conveyed to them, their Heirs and Aſſigns.

The Truſtees are empowered to depute any Perſon or Perſons, in *Pennſylvania*, to ſell and convey, and may revoke ſuch Deputations, and execute new ones; and what ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall lawfully do and execute, under ſuch Deputation (until the Revocation thereof ſhall be inrolled in the ſaid Office of the Maſter of the Rolls) ſhall be valid.

The Truſtees ſhall take Care, that ſufficient Security be given by every ſuch Perſon, for his due Behaviour, and remitting to *England*, with all convenient Speed, all Money received under ſuch Deputation; and no Perſon ſhall be capable to act under it, until he ſhall have given ſuch Security, and an Inrollment thereof be made in the ſaid Office of the Maſter of the Rolls.

The Receipt of the Truſtees, or of any Perſon deputed as aforeſaid, for any Purchaſe Money, in reſpect of Premiſes agreed to be ſold by the ſaid *Rawle*, or which ſhall be ſold under this Act, ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge, and the Purchaſers ſhall not be anſwerable for any Loſs, Miſapplication, or Nonapplication of the Purchaſe Money.

The Truſtees, after Receipt of any Money, ſhall with all convenient Speed pay the ſame into the Bank of *England*, or place it out in the public Funds at Intereſt, and apply the Dividends as the principal Money is directed to be applied.

None of the Truſtees, or their Deputies, nor any Perſon in Truſt for any of them, ſhall purchaſe under this Act; and every ſuch Purchaſe (if any) ſhall be void.

John Seare, *Thomas Nugent*, and *James Fyre*, Eſqrs; and *John Paterſon* and *William Hoyton*, Gent. are appointed Commiſſioners for examining the Claims of Shares; and they are empowered, by Examination of Parties, or Teſtimony of Witneſſes upon Oath or Affirmation, or by Inſpection of Books, Deeds, Writings or Accompts of the Partnerſhip, or otherwiſe, to determine the ſame in a ſummary Way; their Power to continue for three Years, from the 24th of *June* 1760.

The Commiſſioners are to meet, after the ſaid 24th of *June*, in *London*; and at their firſt Meeting ſhall direct Advertiſements in the *London* Gazette, and other News Papers; and the Gazette publiſhed at *Philadelphia*, for all Perſons who claim any of the ſaid Shares, to make out their Right, and produce their Evidence before the Commiſſioners, at ſuch Times and Place in *London*, as in ſuch Gazette ſhall be ſpecified, before the 1ſt of *January* 1763, or that they will be precluded from any Dividend.

The Commiſſioners may adjourn from Time to Time, and employ Clerks and others, and provide Books, and in ſome of them enter the Claims made, and Evidence produced before them, and the Names and Places of Abode of the Perſons who ſhall make ſuch Claims, and on whoſe Behalf; and ſhall mark all written Evidence allowed by them; and on or before the 1ſt of *March* 1763, aſcertain how many Shares ſhall be allowed, and to whom, and ſhall caſt up the Amount thereof; and on or before the 24th of *June* 1763, ſhall, at the Expence of the Partnerſhip, cauſe a Copy of ſuch Books, ſigned by them, to be filed with the Clerk of the Reports in Chancery, who is required to file the ſame, and to take ſuch Fees as are allowed for copying and filing Reports.

Claims for Infants, may be made by their Fathers, Guardians or others; for Feme Coverts, by their Huſbands; and for Lunatics or Idiots, by their Committees.

An Affidavit or Affirmation, before any Judge or Maſter in Chancery, or, out of *England*, before a Judge or Magiſtrate in or near the Place, ſhall be admitted as Evidence before the Commiſſioners.

All Grand Committee-men, Truſtees, Agents, and Servants in *England*, of the Partnerſhip, are on reaſonable Notice to attend the Commiſſioners, and produce Books, Papers, Deeds and Writings, in their Cuſtody or Power, and to give Information touching any Claim; and alſo to account, on Oath or Affirmation (if required) for the Partnerſhip Eſtate come to their Hands, and the Ballance within Three Months ſhall be paid to the Truſtees.

The Commiſſioners are to ſettle and adjuſt all Debts claimed from the Partnerſhip, and to order what they ſhall find due, to be paid by the Truſtees, who are required to pay the ſame accordingly.

Perſons who ſhall neglect or refuſe to appear, and be examined, or not fully anſwer all proper Queſtions, or to produce Papers, Deeds or Writings, ſhall by the Commiſſioners be committed to Priſon, to remain without Bail or Mainprize until they ſubmit; and the Commiſſioners, in caſe of Refuſal to anſwer Queſtions, ſhall ſpecify the ſame in their Warrant.

The Commiſſioners ſhall not act, until they have taken the Oath directed, upon Forfeiture of One Hundred Pounds.

Perſons guilty of falſe Evidence, or Information, ſhall be liable to the Penalties of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Out of the Money which ſhall ariſe by Sale of the Premiſes, there ſhall be paid in the firſt Place the Coſts of the Act, and the reaſonable Expences of the Truſtees; and alſo, to ſuch of them as ſhall execute the Truſts, ſuch Sum as the Proprietors, at a General Meeting ſummoned for that Purpoſe, or the major Part in Value preſent ſhall direct; alſo all neceſſary Expences of the Commiſſioners, and of all Clerks, and Servants employed under them; and after the ſaid 24th of *June* 1763, to the Commiſſioners Seven Hundred and Fifty Pounds, which ſhall be divided in Proportion to their Attendance.

In caſe of the Death of two or more Commiſſioners, before the ſaid 24th of *June* 1763, the Lord Chancellor, the Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners of the Great Seal of *Great-Britain*, ſhall nominate others, and the Repreſentatives of the Deceaſed ſhall be intitled to a rateable Part of the ſaid Seven Hundred and Fifty Pounds, and every new Commiſſioner ſhall take the like Oath under the like Penalty.

All Money which ſhall remain, ſhall with all convenient Speed, after the ſaid 24th of *June* 1763, be applied in Manner following; that is to ſay, to all Perſons whoſe Right ſhall be allowed by the Commiſſioners, rateably according to the Number of their Shares, or as near as can be, the Dividends which ſhall be adjudged to belong to any Infant, Lunatic or Idiot, to be paid to their reſpective Guardians or Committees.

The Dividends of Perſons who ſhall omit, or not be able to make out their Right thereto, within the Time before limited, ſhall be paid into the Bank, in the Name, and with the Privity of the Accomptant General of the Court of Chancery, ſubject to the Orders of that Court.

Perſons who, before the 24th of *June* 1770, ſhall think themſelves intitled to any Part of the Money ſo paid into the Bank, may apply to the ſaid Court, who ſhall thereupon proceed in a ſummary Method, and make ſuch Orders as ſhall be juſt; and the Money paid into the Bank, which ſhall not before that Time be ordered to be paid, ſhall be paid to the Uſe of the *Pennſylvania* Hoſpital, and, on Application on their Behalf, the ſaid Court ſhall order the Accomptant General to draw on the Bank for the ſame, for the Uſe of the ſaid Hoſpital.

After any Money ſhall be paid into the Bank, it ſhall be lawful for the ſaid Court, on Application of any Perſon, to order the ſame to be placed out at Intereſt, which ſhall be applied as the Principal.

All Perſons, who apprehend themſelves aggrieved by any Determination of the Commiſſioners, may within two Months apply to the ſaid Court, who ſhall proceed in a ſummary Method, and determine the Matter complained of.

The Truſtees ſhall not be anſwerable, otherwiſe than each Perſon for ſuch Money only as he ſhall receive, and no one for the Acts, Receipts, Neglects, or Defaults of the other.

Saving the Rights of the King, and all Perſons, Bodies politic and corporate, other than the Parties intereſted in the ſaid Partnerſhip, and Perſons intitled to Shares, and

[For the Remainder, ſee the Fourth Page.]

Cadiz, Feb. 24. The King having reſolved to ſend ſome Troops and Warlike Stores to America, has aſſured the Merchants that they may be perfectly eaſy upon that Head, his Intention being only to ſecure his Frontier Places in America, and not to break with any of the European Powers.

Cologn, March 13. There has been a very briſk Action between two Detachments of the Allies and the French, to the Diſadvantage of the Latter, who were obliged to make their Retreat as well as they could to Weſel. The Allies have a very ſtrong Body of Troops in Weſtphalia, and a numerous Garriſon at Munſter.

Brunſwick, March 20. Some Letters from the Camp before Caſſel of the 17th mention, that the Enemy had made a conſiderable Sally the Night before, in order to deſtroy a Battery, which was erected near the Town; but that they had been repulſed with great Loſs.

M. de Belſunce, who has for ſome Time paſt held the Poſt of Northeim with Part of the Garriſon of Gottingen, has been forced, by ſome Troops ſent from hence and Hanover, joined by a ſmall Body of Pruſſians, to quit the Poſſeſſion of it.

Heſſe, March 14. *The Capital of this Country is ſtill in the Hands of the Enemy, who fire every Day an innumerable Quantity of Cannon on the Beſiegers with little Effect. Had the Roads permitted the Allies to bring up their Artillery as quickly as they wiſhed, Caſſel would have ſurrendered before this Time. However, its Fate muſt ſoon be determined, for both Sides act with great Vivacity. The Garriſon loſt a good many Men in the laſt Sally, tho' it be true that we ſuffered in the Beginning.*

Ziegenhayn is cannonaded very briſkly; and hath been ſeveral Times ſet on Fire. The Garriſon have inſiſted more than once on marching out to join their Army; which hath been conſtantly refuſed.

The Enemy ſeem to have taken a Reſolution to aſſemble between Hanau and Frankfort, and leave a ſeparate Corps near Bergen. The Allies are employed in drawing an advantageous Line, for Reaſons which may be eaſily gueſſed. The French have left eleven Battalions in Friedberg.

Eimbeck, March 15. *The Cannonade of the Allies upon Caſſel is heard here very diſtinctly. They have been reinforced by four Hanoverian Regiments. Col. Colignon has joined our Line beyond the Leine, with ſome Battalions of Pruſſian Grenadiers.*

Prince Ferdinand's Head Quarters at Schweinberg, March 15. *The continual Rains during the laſt Month have prevented the Siege of Caſſel's being puſhed ſo vigorouſly as we could have wiſhed. The Enemy, conſiſting of the greateſt Part of the Garriſon, who made the Sally in the Night between the 6th and 7th, were ſo ſoon driven into the Town, that they had not Time to fill up the Trenches; the little Miſchief they did was eaſily repaired the next Day; and even the Cannon having been too haſtily nailed up, were ſoon made ſerviceable again. We had* 50 *Men killed on this Occaſion, and* 130 *wounded. The Enemy's Loſs was at leaſt as great.*

The Operations of the Siege have been naturally retarded by the extreme Badneſs of the Roads, and more eſpecially in a Country which is radically eaten up. However, we have Room to hope, from the Arrangements taken by the Count de Lippe, that Abundance will ſucceed to Scarcity, and that by Favour of the fine Weather, which has been ſet in for ſome Days, we ſhall meet leſs Difficulties in the further Progreſs of the Siege.

The Inundation which ſurrounds Ziegenhayn, not having permitted our Troops to open the Trenches, they have endeavoured to deſtroy the Fortifications by Bombs; but, with all their Precautions to ſpare the Houſes, they could not prevent ſome being burnt.

Frankfort, March 15. *As the French, in executing their laſt Retreat, have been obliged to deſtroy many of their principal Magazines, to prevent their becoming a Prey to the Allies, they are at preſent employed in eſtabliſhing new Ones; for which Purpoſe they have received within theſe few Days, by the Rhine, ſeveral Boats laden with Grain, Hay, &c.*

Schweinberg, March 15. *After all the Boaſting of the Enemy, and their Inſinuations in Holland, that M. Broglio had with great Addreſs got the Allies between two Fires, we ſhall bid fair to give a deciſive Blow at the Entrance of the Campaign. The Garriſon of Gottingen is again blocked up; the ſecond Parallel is actually finiſhed before Caſſel, and that Place will fall in a few Days. Our Troops have again taken Poſt in the Suburbs of Ziegenhayn; and a Bombardment of* 48 *Hours will infallibly reduce it.*

This Morning we had Advice, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has made a great Impreſſion on the Army of the Empire, and will ſpeedily open the Campaign with the Siege of Dreſden.

We are ſo poſted that the Enemy may fight if they pleaſe, but it muſt be in a Plain, which to them is no favourable Situation.

Frankfort, March 17. *The Head Quarters of Marſhal Broglio are at Butzbach. Count Broglio made a vigorous Sally from Caſſel on the 7th, in which he poſſeſſed himſelf of four Haubitzers, and nailed ſix Pieces of Cannon. The Enemy ſuffered beſides the Loſs of* 5 *or* 600 *Men. It is, however, whiſpered here, that the Place cannot hold out beyond the* 19th, *unleſs the Marſhal hazards a Battle, for the Event of which it is probable he will not be willing to render himſelf reſponſible.*

It is ſaid that 700 *Men of the Army of the Empire have been made Priſoners by the Pruſſians in the Neighbourhood of Wurtzbourg.*

L O N D O N.

March 24. According to our laſt Letters from Madrid, they look upon the Meaſures concerted in Italy to be ſo happily planned, as to carry their new Syſtem into Execution in the Space of a Summer, in which they count upon the Acquieſcence of France, and the Imbecility of another great Power.

On Saturday Evening, about 10 o'Clock, a Party of Horſe Guards went for Portſmouth, with 150,000 l. moſtly in Foreign Silver, for the Uſe of the Forces going on the intended Expedition; and Yeſterday Morning Charles Bambridge, Eſq; the Deputy Paymaſter, ſet off for the ſame Place.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, March 13.

"Letters juſt received from Germany prepare us for the News of Marſhal Broglio's marching either to the Relief of Caſſel, or to attack the Enemies, if they ſhould chuſe to ſtand their Ground."

March 26. General Hodgſon ſet out Yeſterday for Portſmouth, to take on him the Command of the Forces going on the Expedition.

Orders have been iſſued for expediting the Embarkation of the Troops going for Germany; in Conſequence, it is ſaid, of a late Expreſs from Prince Ferdinand and the Marquis of Granby. And

The Tranſports are ſailed down the River to Graveſend, in order to receive them on board.

The Comete Frigate, of 32 Guns (who took the Marquis of Granby, Scott, from Briſtol for Liſbon) was cruiſing at or near the Mouth of Briſtol Channel, in Company with two French Men of War, one of 74, and another of 64 Guns, who had taken five Prizes, and the 74 Gun Ship was gone with them for France.

Private Letters by the laſt Mail ſay, that a few Days ago ſailed from Breſt two of the King's Frigates, which are lent to the Merchants, and by them fitted out; one of them mounts 32 Guns, the other 22; they were ſoon after they ſailed joined by another of 16 Guns from St. Maloes, and are to cruize in Conſort, in order to intercept ſome of our outward bound Ships.

By a Letter from Rotterdam we are informed, That there were ſeveral French Priſoners on board the Eaſt India Ship the Ajax, taken by the Prothee, a French Man of War of 64 Guns, and carried into Breſt, among whom was the famous Monſ. de Buſſy, accounted the richeſt Subject of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, and the Colonel of Lally's Regiment.

'Tis ſtrongly reported that the Prothee French Ship of War, which took the Ajax Indiaman, has alſo taken an Advice-boat, which was diſpatched with an Account of the Surrender of Pondicherry; and that Monſ. d'Apche, with ſix Ships of War, was returned from the Iſle of Bourbon to France.

Letters from Cadiz, by To-day's Mail, ſay the King of Spain had given repeated Orders for his Squadron to be ready by the 1ſt of April; in Conſequence of which they were working Night and Day in that Port, as well as in thoſe of Carthagena and Ferrol.

March 28. Abſolute Orders are gone down to Portſmouth for the ſailing of the Expedition Fleet as ſoon as the Wind permits.

It was reported at St. James's Yeſterday, that the King of Sardinia had declared War againſt the Queen of Hungary.

Some People pretend that General Yorke's Errand to England was not only to take Care of his Election; they remark that the Count d'Affry was, by the laſt Letters from Holland, ſetting out to make a Tour to Verſailles; that the Price of Stocks, notwithſtanding ſo briſk Preparations for ſending the Expedition Fleet to Sea, continues high; and in ſhort that Terms of Peace have been propoſed by France leſs inadmiſſible than any yet offered.

Private Letters by the Flanders Mail ſay, that Marſhal Duke de Broglio had received an Expreſs from the King his Maſter, to give Prince Ferdinand Battle at all Events. Theſe Letters further ſay, they hourly expected to hear of a general Action.

The King of Pruſſia has augmented his Army with 50,000 new Recruits.

The Court of Sweden has come to a Reſolution not to raiſe any more Men for carrying on the War.

This Morning died at his Houſe adjoining to the Tabernacle, Moorfields, the Rev. Mr. WHITEFIELD, the noted Preacher.

It is ſaid, that the Box of Diamonds on board the Ajax Indiaman, was the Property of Monſ. Buſſy, who propoſed to ſettle in England, the French Conſtitution not agreeing with his Circumſtances, as ſome Complaints were preferred againſt him long ſince; theſe, if at firſt ſmall, will, no doubt, be heightened now againſt him, eſpecially when we conſider the immenſe Riches M. de Buſſy is ſaid to be poſſeſſed of, and the preſent low State of the Finances of France.

Extract of a private Letter from Berlin, dated March 10.

"The Finances of our Sovereign ſeem as inexhauſtible as the Affections of his People, to whom, in ſpite of the Calamities of War, he acts as a Father; you, no doubt, heard lately that he had taken a Tour from his Camp for a few Days; one of them he dedicated to us, enquiring into the Circumſtances of ſome Widows and Orphans, the Huſbands or Fathers of whom had fallen in his Service, among whom he ordered 100,000 Florins to be divided in Proportion to their Diſtreſſes. Recruits march thro' here every Day to join his Army; they appear in high Spirits, and there is no want of Money; his Magazines are every where full, and as the Seaſon opens, we have ſome ſlight Skirmiſhes with the Enemy, in which they have generally the Diſadvantage. The Ruſſian Army is ſtill in the Neighbourhood of Cuſtrin, but they remain almoſt inactive, except when they deſert to the King, which they do in Droves; and as faſt as they come in, they are incorporated with the Pruſſian Regiments. We have been furniſhed with ſome Poliſh Cavalry by one of the Lenſinſki Family, whom the King has made a Colonel; in my Life I never ſaw finer Troops; they amount to 800 Men. A Party of them had, a few Days ſince, a ſmart Action with a Body of Auſtrians, ſuperior to them, whom, after an obſtinate Reſiſtance, they entirely defeated, making 200 Priſoners, among whom were Gen. Zucaw, another Field Officer, and ten Subalterns. The Enemy left 150 Men dead upon the Field. Every thing as yet goes well, and we are not without Hopes this Campaign of turning the Deſigns of the two Queens, and the ambitious Intentions of France upon themſelves, and cruſhing all their ambitious Views.

Extract of a Letter from Francfort, dated March 19, 1761.

"M. de Broglio has his Head-Quarters ſtill at Butzbach. Yeſterday a ſmall Affair happened at Grimberg to the Advantage of the Allies. It will be very difficult for the French to raiſe the Siege of Ziegenhayn or Caſſel, Proviſions and Forage being very ſcarce. There has been, and ſtill is a Rebellion in Tranſilvania, encouraged (as 'tis ſaid) by the Grand Signior; which Event is greatly in Favour of the King of Pruſſia."

Admiralty-Office, March 26. His Majeſty's Ships the Magnanime, Chicheſter, and Niger, being on a Cruize, at the Mouth of the Channel, gave Chace to a ſmall French Privateer Snow, which they ſaw in the Morning of the 10th Inſtant, and in the Evening the Niger took her. She is called the Marquis de la Chartres, of St. Maloes, of 6 Guns, and 76 Men; had been out but two Days, and had not taken any Thing.

March 27. His Majeſty's Ship the Vengeance, of 28 Guns (Nine and Four Pounders) and 200 Men, commanded by Captain Nightingale, is arrived at Plymouth with two Prizes; one named the Entreprenant, pierced for 44, but now carrying only 26 Guns (Twelve and Six Pounders) 203 Men, being equipped for War and Merchandize, and loaded with various Kinds of Goods for St. Domingo, with which ſhe ſailed from Bourdeaux on the 8th Inſtant: The other a ſmall Privateer of St. Maloes, carrying four Carriage and four Swivel Guns, with 45 Men, commanded by Joſeph Merven, which the Vengeance fell in with off the Lizard on the 23d Inſtant: She came from Abbrevrak the 21ſt, and had not taken any Thing. Captain Nightingale gives the following Relation of his Engagement with the Entreprenant; that he got up cloſe along ſide of her at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon of the 13th, when the Action immediately began, and continued for three Quarters of an Hour, in which Time the Vengeance was five Times on Fire (twice, it was imagined, from the Enemy's Wads ſetting Fire to the main Rigging;) That the Vengeance's Rigging and Sails being then ſo much ſhattered, that the Ship was not under Command, the Enemy ran his Boltſprit under her Taffarel for boarding: That he was therein prevented, and the Vengeance ſheer'd off, to repair her Rigging and Sails. As ſoon as the Ship was in Condition, Captain Nightingale got up again cloſe to the Enemy, when the Engagement was renewed for an Hour, when the Entreprenant ſheered off, and bore away: That the Vengeance being a ſecond Time diſabled in her Maſts and Rigging, was ſome Time in wearing: That at length ſhe wore, and Captain Nightingale got again within Piſtol Shot of the Enemy, and renewed the Engagement, which continued for an Hour and an Half, when the Enemy called for Quarter. The Entreprenant had 15 Men killed, and 24 wounded. The Vengeance had 6 killed, and 27 wounded, moſt of them dangerouſly; and two of them are ſince dead.

His Majeſty's Ship the Bedford, of 64 Guns, commanded by Captain Deane, has taken and ſent into Plymouth the Comete French Frigate of War, of 32 Guns, and 250 Men, which the Bedford fell in with on the 16th Inſtant, 30 Leagues S. W. from Uſhant, and after a Chace of nine Hours took her. She ſailed from Breſt on the 9th Inſt.

St. JAGO DE LA VEGA (Jamaica) March 28.

On Monday was ſent in by his Majeſty's Ship Boreas, a Dutch Ship, having a large Quantity of Claret and other Goods on board, taken going into Hiſpaniola.

The ſame Day arrived the Brig Lady Ann, Fenningly, chartered from London to Guadaloupe, in her Paſſage from whence, off the Iſle of Aſh, ſhe was attacked in the Night by a French Privateer of Force, which run up cloſe, and poured a Broad-ſide into her, and then, in very good Engliſh, called out to her to ſtrike, or they would ſink her immediately. This rouſed Capt. Fenningly and his Men, who quickly returned the Fire, and a ſmart Engagement enſued, which laſted four Hours, off and on, when the Frenchman (ſuppoſed to be Palanqui) having enough of it, bore away.

KINGSTON *(in Jamaica) April* 11.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Henry Brown, Commander of the Brigantine Hawke Privateer, to his Owners in Kingſton, dated Morant, April 8, 1761.

"On the 29th of March, being off the Grand Kymettas, ſent in my Tender and Yawl, which the next Day returned, and gave an Account, that they had diſcovered, lying at Anchor, 2 very large Sloops, 1 of 10 Carriage Guns, 4 Pounders, and 64 Men; the other of 12 Carriage Guns, 6 Pounders, and 75 Men. The next Morning, having a fine Wind, we ſtood in, and about 12 o'Clock came in Sight of them; they immediately got under Way, and ſtood from us, but finding we had the Heels of them, brought to, in order to engage us, with Dutch Colours flying. We then hail'd them, to which they anſwered, they were coming on board. They then got out their Stink Pots, and the Engagement began very briſk on both Sides; our People fired very well, ſeldom miſſing their Hulls, but the Enemy fired high, in order to damage our Rigging, which was ſo well executed, that their firſt Broad-ſide carried away our Foretopmaſt, and moſt of our Fore Rigging, on which we immediately boarded the weather-moſt Sloop Sword in Hand, when enſued a very bloody Battle, but my brave Officers and Seamen ſoon beat them from their Quarters, and obliged 30 of them to jump overboard, and the Remainder were all either killed or dangerouſly wounded. During this Action the largeſt Sloop, being under our Stern, raked us, but we ſoon got clear, and began to fire at her, on which ſhe made the beſt of her Way off. They were 2 Sloops from Port au Prince, bound for St. Euſtatia."

B O S T O N, May 18.

Laſt Thurſday a Veſſel arrived at Marblehead in a ſhort Paſſage from Liſbon, by whom we have Advice, that on the 31ſt of March, at 10 o'Clock in the Morning, they had there a terrible Shock of an Earthquake, ſaid to be little inferior to that which happened in November 1755. It ſhook down the Priſon, and many other Buildings, by which the Priſoners got at Liberty, and made off; among whom were many Jeſuits, who were confined on Account of the late Conſpiracy, ſome of which had been again taken and ſecured; and it was thought an Embargo would be laid on the Shipping, in order to prevent others from eſcaping: At St. Ubes (a flouriſhing Town, 21 Miles South of Liſbon) the Earthquake was more ſevere than any ever known there, by which the Town was nearly deſtroyed, and many Lives loſt, both there and at Liſbon, but as yet we have no Particulars, though a more circumſtantial Account is hourly expected.

We learn from Portſmouth, that laſt Week arrived there Captain Goodnin in the Brig Deborah from Salter-tuda, who informs, that on his Paſſage from that Place, he was taken by a French Frigate, in Company with the Captains Hooker and Guppy, both of Piſcataqua, the Day after they parted with the Man of War who was their Convoy; the whole Fleet was in Sight when they were taken, but by Cover of the Night they got clear. It coſt 13001. Sterling to ranſom theſe three Veſſels.

N E W-P O R T, May 19.

In Lat. 32, to the Weſtward of Bermuda, the Beginning of this Month, George Hopkins, in a Brig from Barbados to Providence, was taken and ranſomed by a French Privateer Brig of Force, well manned. She had before taken a Ship from Philadelphia, a Sloop bound to this Port, and ſeveral other Veſſels. Theſe are all the Particulars we could learn.

N E W - Y O R K, May 25.

On Monday laſt arrived here the Sloop Dolphin, Capt. James Hoyt, in 15 Days from New-Providence, by whom we hear, that about the 20th of April Captain Palmer, in a Privateer Schooner of 10 Guns, belonging to that Place, had brought in there a Letter of Marque French Brig, which he had taken coming from the Cape, bound to Bourdeaux; her Loading conſiſted of 22000 lb. of Indigo, and Sugars: That on Sunday the 3d Inſtant, a Privateer Ship of 22 Guns, belonging to Philadelphia, Captain M'Pherſon Commander, arrived at Salt Key (about two Leagues to Windward of Providence) with 5 French and Dutch Sloops, Prizes from Cape Francois: That ſeveral Veſſels had lately been condemned at Providence, viz. the Brig Katherine, Captain Henſhaw, taken by Captain Koffler; a Sloop, Captain Wilſon, and a ſmall Sloop, Captain Caldwell; which laſt, after Condemnation, was given to the Captain, and ſailed for New-York two Days before Captain Hoyt. The Weather on this Coaſt had been for ſome Time remarkably thick and hazy, and on Monday, off Cape-May, in about 12 Fathom Water, Captain Hoyt ſaw a Top-maſt with ſome Rigging on it, and ſundry broken Pieces of Trunks, &c. and he took up a Caſk of Currants, which had not been long in the Wa-

ter, being not much damaged, mark'd S. G. on the Head; he saw no Vessels on the Coast.

Last Wednesday Night was sent in a Prize Tartan, from the Granades to Old France, with Coffee, Sugar, &c. taken by the Privateer Brig Mars, belonging to Antigua, Captain Anson, who was left in Chace of another large Vessel.

By a Letter from the Coast of Africa, dated February 27, we learn the Arrival on that Coast of the Schooner Little Betsy, Capt. Richards; Brig Polly, Aaron King; a Schooner, Captain Shaw; Sloop -------, Captain Molton; Brig -------, Captain Nicholls, all of New-York.---- Captain Stanton, in a Brig; Capt. Gwin, in a Schooner, of Boston.-----Captain Elliot, of Rhode-Island.-----A Schooner, from New-London.----A Ship from Philadelphia, and a Sloop from Antigua: And several others on the Coast.--------Captain Shaw was taken, and ransomed for 100 Guineas.

We hear from Montreal, that the Vicar General of all Canada, residing at Montreal, hath wrote a pressing Invitation to the Rev. Mr. Udang, Chaplain of a Regiment at Quebec, to return to the Romish Religion, with a Promise of great Preferment in the Church; which Mr. Udang put into the Hands of General Murray, who sent it inclosed to General Gage, who, upon the Receipt of it, sent a Guard to take him into Custody. What will be the Issue is not known.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.

On Saturday last the public *Commencement* was held in the College of this City, before a vast Concourse of People of all Ranks. Besides the usual Exercises (which gave great Satisfaction to the Audience) there was performed in the Forenoon an elegant *Anthem*, composed by JAMES LYONS, A. M. of New-Jersey College; and, in the Afternoon an ODE, sacred to the Memory of our late gracious Sovereign GEORGE II. written and set to Music, in a very grand and masterly Taste, by FRANCIS HOPKINSON, Esq; A. M. of the College of this City. A Sett of Ladies and Gentlemen, in order to do Honour to the Entertainment of the Day, were kindly pleased to perform a Part both of the *Anthem* and *Ode*, accompanied by the Organ, which made the Music a very compleat and agreeable Entertainment to all present.

Besides the Degrees conferred on the Students, the Rev. Mr. ISAAC EATON, and the Rev. Mr. SAMUEL STILLMAN were admitted to the *honorary* Degree of Master of Arts.

On Sunday last the Captains Budden and Hammit arrived here from London. They left Portsmouth the 31st of March, so bring no later Advices, than those brought by Captain Taylor from Belfast--The Grand Expedition Fleet sailed the Day before them, but where destined uncertain; it is said there are on board about 14,000 Land Forces.

Captain Greenway of this Port, but last from South-Carolina, is arrived at Bristol; as is Captain Moore, from this Harbour, at Senegal.

From the Antigua Papers by Captain Porter we have the following Advices, viz. That a new Lumber loaded Ship, from Piscataqua, was run ashore at Barbuda, having been first taken by the French, who got ashore, but the Vessel, and the greatest Part of her Cargoe, was intirely lost: That Captain Middleton, of His Majesty's Ship Emerald, had taken a French Privateer Brig of ten Guns: That Captain Taylor, in the Griffin Man of War, had sent two French Privateers to Guadaloupe, of 8 and 10 Guns: That two French Privateer Schooners, taken by the Antigua, ran foul of each other, and were both lost: That two Piscataqua Ships had been taken, but retaken by the Echo and Bienfaisant Men of War: And that Captain Barton, of the Ship Christian, from Bristol, fell in with 7 Privateers to Windward of Antigua, but that none of them made a close Attack but one, which he soon obliged to sheer off, in the best Manner she could.

Captain Porter informs us, that the Captains Irwin and Todd, from Maryland to Antigua, were both taken; but that the first was retaken, and sent to Guadaloupe; the latter ransomed for 1000 Dollars. He further advises, that the Captains Cooper and Hatton, both from Virginia to Antigua, were taken by a deep loaded French Frigate, homeward bound, and ransomed; the first for 260, the last for 450 Pounds Sterling: And that the same Frigate had also taken two Boston Men, and a Schooner belonging here; their Names not known.

Arrived at Antigua, the Captains Phœnix and Smith, from this Place.

*** *The Drawing of the Second* St. PAUL'S CHURCH LOTTERY *will begin on Monday next, at the Store, on Captain Goodman's Wharff, where the first Lottery for that Church was drawn. What Tickets remain unsold, may be had of the Managers, at their respective Dwelling-houses, and of William Bradford, William Dunlap, and David Hall.*

*** *The Drawing of the* ACADEMY LOTTERY *will certainly begin the 15th of next Month.*

*** The Managers of the GERMANTOWN SCHOOL LOTTERY are rolling up the Numbers, Blanks and Prizes, to put them into the Wheels, and will certainly draw at Philadelphia on the 8th of next Month; having received Advice of the Fate of their Tickets sent abroad for Sale, and not many Tickets on Hand, which may be had at the respective Managers before the Time of Drawing, and of Messrs. William Bradford and David Hall.

*** The Person who drew the 400 Dollar Prize in Mr. DUNLAP'S Lottery (Ticket No. 305) is desired to send for the same.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Rachel, T. Rodgers, from Barbados. Sloop Greyhound, J. Gibson, and Brig Miriam and Ann, W. Hazelton, Jamaica. Sloop Friendship, J. Young, Bermuda and Turks-Island. Schooner Good Intent, J. Philips, and Schooner Charming Polly, A. Noble, Boston. Ship Syren, T. Crisp, Yarmouth. Snow Industry, J. Cannan, Madeira and Teneriffe. Ship Joseph and Nancy, J. Taylor, Belfast. Ship Rachel, D. Smith, Lisbon. Sloop Nancy, W. Sacker James, Virginia. Ship Dragon, F. Hammit, and Ship Philadelphia Packet, R. Budden, London. Snow Gordon, F. Bowd, Bristol. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, and Snow Boscawen, J. Taylor, New-York. Schooner Elizabeth, J. Hurst, and Sloop Union, W. Weston, from N. Carolina.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Molly, J. Bottomly, for Leghorn. Schooner Peggy, T. A. Shudlock, N. Carolina. Sloop Charming Betsey, R. Simmons, R. Island, Sloop Robinhood, P. Hatton, Guadaloupe. Sloop Dove, J. Brownlow, Antigua. Sloop Ann, D. Greatbach, St. Christophers.

CLEARED. Sloop America, J. Horton, Schooner Saunders, T. Staniford, and Sloop Ann, C. Gardner, to Boston. Brig Two Sisters, G. Smith, Newfoundland. Ship William and Mary, C. Nicholson, Barbados. Ship Willey, J. M'Connell, Cork. Brig Nancy, A. Dyer, and Schooner Squirrel, J. Brown, Jamaica. Schooner Triton, W. Marshall. Sloop Unity, W. Stanley, and Sloop Charming Betsey, R. Simmons, Rhode-Island. Sloop New King, J. Murray, N. Providence. Brig Hannah, G. Noarth S. Carolina.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Spencer Trotter, deceased, are requested to pay; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to send in their Accounts to MARGARET TROTTER, Administratrix. ¶

STRAYED, or was stolen from the Subscriber's Pasture, on the 15th Instant, A dark bay Horse, eight Years old, well made, about 14 Hands high, Trots and Paces, has been lately trimmed, his Mane hangs on both Sides his Neck, short Tail, some white Hairs where the Crupper has galled his Buttock, Brand, if any, unknown. Whoever will bring him Home, shall receive fifteen Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges.

† ENOCH STORY.

Imported in the last Vessels from London, and to be sold by

JOHN ORD,

At his Store in Front-street (having removed from the Corner of Market-street to his House, where the Widow Grant lately lived) next Door to Mr. William Ball's, and opposite Mr. John Bell's Store,

A LARGE Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable for the Season. He has also to sell, choice Lisbon Wine, by the Quarter Cask, and Raisins of the Sun.

DAVID FRANKS

Has removed from Water-street to Second-street, between the Church and Baptist Meeting, where he has for Sale, imported in the last Ships from England,

VARIETY OF INDIA AND EUROPEAN GOODS. 3 Mo.

Just imported in the last Ships from London, &c. and to be sold by

FRANCIS and RELEE,

At their Store in Front-street, the Corner of Chestnut-street,

A LARGE and neat Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable for the Season.

JAMES RIVINGTON,

BOOKSELLER and STATIONER, from LONDON,

Begs Leave to acquaint the PUBLIC,

THAT he has removed his Store from between Chestnut and Walnut-streets, to the House lately possessed by Mr. Bickley, at the Corner of Market and Front-streets, and facing the London Coffee-House; where may be had Books on every Art, Science, and Faculty. Also Stationary Wares, Maps, Prints, Globes, Quadrants, Mathematical Instruments, Prospect Glasses, Letter Cases with neat Silver and Steel Locks, Penknives, and a large Variety of other Articles by Wholesale and Retail, at very reasonable Rates.

Lately imported, and to be sold very reasonable, for ready money, by

ANN THORNTON,

In Arch-street, betwen Front and Second-streets, three doors below Daniel Benezet, Esq; the following goods, viz.

AN assortment of Irish linens, sheeting, diaper tablecloths, pieces and patches of cambrick and clear lawn, long and pistol ditto, printed calicoes, linens and cottons, striped bordered handkerchiefs, check and printed ditto, Barcelona and white, black and coloured gauze ditto, Cyprus gauze, black English taffety, a variety of plain and figured ribbons, ferrits, quality bindings, nonsopretties, garterings, baladine silk, ferrit and thread laces, mens and womens worsted hose, womens thread ditto, womens thread gloves and mitts, coloured lamb and sattin ditto, mens coloured gloves, womens and girls damask shoes, venetian poplins, Scotch and long dozen threads, holland and thread tapes, bobbins, shirt buttons, &c.

RICHARD and PETER FOOTMAN,

In WATER-STREET,

Have just imported in the Dragon, Captain Hammit, from London; and the Gordon, Captain Bowd, from Bristol,

A NEAT Assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the Season, amongst which are a Variety of English and India Silks, such as Mantuas, Ducapes, Sattins, striped and figured Lute-strings, Persians, Serge Desoys, Paduasoys and Taffeties, Hair Grograms, double and single Allopeens, Messinets, &c. &c.

PETER FOOTMAN intending for England soon, desires all Persons indebted to them to make speedy Payment. Tf.

THEOPHILACT *and* RICHARD BACHE

Have imported, in the last Vessels from London, Liverpool and Bristol, and will sell at the most reasonable Rates, for Cash or short Credit, at their Store, a few Doors below Messieurs Baynton and Wharton's, in Water-street,

A NEAT Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable for the Season. Among which, a Quantity of Loaf Sugar.

Just imported in the last Ships from England, and to be sold by

MORDECAI YARNALL,

At the Sign of the HAND-SAW, in Second-street, nearly opposite Stretch's Corner,

A NEAT Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable for the Season. ¶ 5 S. Tf.

Just imported in the Dragon, Capt. Hammit, from London, and to be sold by

THOMAS WEST,

In Market-street, two Doors above the London Coffee-House,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of SPRING GOODS.

To be SOLD by

JOHN HUGHES,

At his Store in Fourth-street, a little above Market-street, at reasonable Rates,

A LARGE Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable for the Season.

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in Kent County, on Delaware, an English Convict Servant Man, named Joseph Burroh, aged 21 Years, five Feet eight Inches high, or thereabouts, fair Hair, somewhat Pock-marked; had on a white Lincey Jacket, new Homespun Shirt, old Trowsers, Leather Breeches, new Shoes, old blue clouded Yarn Stockings, old felt Hat; his Right Arm somewhat withered, and stiff in the Elbow Joint, by being formerly broke. Whoever secures the said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall have Twenty-five Shillings Reward, more than the Law allows, and reasonable Charges, paid by me

¶ MICHAEL FURBEE.

Just imported by the Captains Budden and Hammit, from London, and to be sold by

USHER and *MITCHELL*,

At their Store in Water-street, near Walnut-street, on the lowest Terms possible, for ready Money or short credit,

A VERY Large Assortment of European and East-India Goods, amongst which are a Variety of coarse and middling priced Broadcloths, Ozenbrigs, Checks, Irish Linens, Thicksets, Jeans and Fustians, a Variety of Stuffs, Calicoes and Cottons, Cambricks and Lawns, Ironmongery, Cutlery, Hosiery, Haberdashery, Pepper, Pewter, Shot, double and single F Gunpowder, Wool-cards, Frying-pans, Writing-paper, Steel Scythes, Sickles, 8 by 10 Window-glass, Madder, and sundry other Goods.

N. B. All Persons indebted to them above six Months, are again desired to pay.

The MEMBERS of the

St. ANDREW's SOCIETY,

ARE desired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, at the *Lodge*, in *Lodge-Alley*, *Second-street*, on *Monday*, the First Day of *June* next, at Six o' Clock in the Evening. WILLIAM MILLER, *Secretary*.

Just imported in the Gordon, Captain Bowd, from Bristol, &c. and to be sold by

WOODHAM and YOUNG,

At their Store in Front-street, near Walnut-street,

AN assortment of cutlery, ironmongery, and sadlery, amongst which are 10, 12 and 20d nails, smiths anvils with and without horns, bright smiths anvils, frying pans, scythes, sickles, iron and brass wire, all sorts of locks, bolts, thumb latches, nob latches, shoemakers tools, fish hooks, cloak pins, snuff boxes, curry combs, H and HL and dove-tail hinges, shovels and tongs, hand saws, half inch to inch and half augres, gimblets, carpenters tools, iron and brass candlesticks, pistol tinder boxes, snuffers, floodgate box irons, japan waiters and bread baskets, files from 7 to 14 inches, tobacco boxes, coffee mills, cork screws, ink pots, fountain pens, pen knives, buck, cutteau and pistol capt knives, knives and forks, buckles, watch keys, two foot and yard box rules, horse cloths, all sorts of saddlery web, orris, &c. 3 mo.

To be SOLD by

JOHN JONES,

Living in Front-street, opposite Benjamin Shoemaker, Esq;

BURLINGTON Pork in Barrels and Half Barrels, dried Beef, Neats Tongues, Saltpetre Gammons, and others. Tf.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Doctor John Watson, late of Buckingham, in Bucks County, deceased, are desired to pay; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, to bring in their Accounts, and if just, will be paid by

¶ THOMAS WATSON, Executor.

LEFT at the Subscriber's, the 8th Day of April, a middle sized Mare, with a white Mane and Tail, branded on the near Buttock O. The Owner is requested to pay the Charges, otherwise she will be sold for the same, by CHARLES JENKINS, at the Sign of the Conestogoe Waggon, in Market-street. ¶

Philadelphia, May 26, 1761.

STRAYED the 15th of this Month, from a Pasture near Philadelphia, a likely dark brown Gelding, three Years old, 14 Hands high, or more, shod before, his Feet chafed with wearing Hobbles, a short Tail, but no other Mark, nor any white Spots about him, paces and trotts. Whoever secures him, or brings him to the Tanyard next Masters's Bridge, near the Fork of Germantown and Frankford Roads, and next Door to the Sign of the Wheat-Sheaf, shall receive Ten Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, of THOMAS PRESTON.

WANTED,

ABOUT a Thousand Feet of two or three Inch best CURLED MAPLE. Any Person having it to dispose of, may hear of a Purchaser at RICHARD and PETER FOOTMAN'S Store, in Water-street.

RUN away from Nathaniel Ring, of Newgarden Township, Chester County, a Servant Man named Edward M'Soverly, about five Feet three Inches high, a well-set Fellow, has travelled a good Deal: Had on a Tow Shirt and Trowsers, and took with him one Check Shirt, an old dark-coloured Jacket, with a Patch on the Back of it, and a Pair of Shoes tied with Strings. Whoever takes up said Servant, and secures him in any Goal, or so that his Master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, paid by NATHANIEL RING. ¶

BY ORDER of the COMMISSIONERS for Indian Affairs, will be sold, by public Vendue, on Wednesday, the 3d of June next, at Two o' Clock in the Afternoon, in the Meal Market, A Quantity of Deer-skins, Bear-skins and Fur, with a Cask or two of Deers Tallow; also a Saddle Horse, belonging to the Province. JOSIAH DAVENPORT, Clerk.

New-Castle, May 17, 1761.

BROKE out of the Goal of this County, last Night, the following Prisoners, viz. a certain George Long, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, a lusty fat Fellow, fresh Complexion; had on and took with him, when he made his Escape, a dark drab strait Coat, white flannel Jacket, old check Shirt, old Leather Breeches, old Stockings and Shoes. Also a certain David Anderson, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, fair Hair, and fair Complexion; had on when made his Escape a Bearskin grey Coat, old check Shirt, old Leather Breeches, old Shoes and Stockings, they were both tried lately for criminal Causes. Also a certain Mulatto Fellow, named John Miller, who made his Escape some Time ago from said Goal; he is remarkable, one Leg being stiffer and shorter than the other, and appears when he walks to have one Side foremost; had on and took with him two blue Jackets, old check Shirt, Leather Breeches, black Stockings, and Pumps with large Brass Buckles. Whoever apprehends the said Fellows, and brings them to the Subscriber, shall have Ten Pounds Reward, or Three Pounds for each, and reasonable Charges, paid by SWEN COLESBERRY, Goaler.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forbid to carry them off at their Peril. §

Philadelphia, May 6, 1761.

THE Members of the UNION LIBRARY COMPANY of Philadelphia, are desired to meet at the Court-House, on the 18th Day of June next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, to acknowledge a Deed granted by said Company to David Evans.

¶ By Order of the Directors.

To be *SOLD*,

A LIKELY NEGROE GIRL, about 15 Years of Age, has had the Small-Pox, and is fit for Town or Country Business. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office. ¶

Philadelphia, May 28, 1761.

RUN away Yesterday the 11th Instant, from Ludwig Meckelbourg, Skinner, in Vine-street, near Second-street, a German Apprentice Lad, named Casper Reel, nineteen Years of Age, five Feet and some Inches high, well-set, full-fac'd and fresh-colour'd, with light straight Hair. Had on when he went away, a fine Hat, a light-grey Coat, a strip'd Cotton Waistcoat, another strip'd Jacket without Sleeves, Check Shirt, Buckskin Breeches, Thread Stockings; speaks better English than German. He ran away once before, viz. in the Night from the 6th to the 7th Instant, and had been taken up and secur'd a few Days ago, but upon fair Promises had been set at Liberty. Whoever retakes and secures the said Apprentice, so that his Master may have him again, shall have FOUR POUNDS Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

LUDWIG MECKELBOURG.

N. B. All Persons are forewarned not to harbour him; and all Masters of Vessels are desir'd not to carry him off; as they will answer it at their Peril. ¶

At GIBSON'*s Ribbon Warehouse*,

At Captain Henderson's, in Front-street, over the Drawbridge, and next Door to Mr. Samuel M'Call's, for Cash or short Credit,

PLAIN and figured ribbons of all sorts, ferrits, Bristol and baladine laces, scarlet cloth cloaks, scarlet cloth cardinals trimmed, duffil do. figured mode cardinals trimmed, white figured mode flights, polanees, plain sattin hats, trimmed mode do. trimmed sattin do. trimmed persian do. sattin bonnets trimmed, mantua do. coloured sattin Brunswick do. flounced paper hats, sattin and velvet muffs, squirrel muffs and tippets mixed, all squirrel do. sorted colours, silk mitts trimmed, black lace, blond do. coloured garland do. sewing silks, mens black and white silk stockings, double laced ruffles, treble do. laced handkerchiefs, ditto with blond, flounced silk do. setts of stomachers and knots, rich compleat do. egrets, dressed caps, fly do. ditto with lappets, cambricks, lawns, minionets. Also a variety of printed cottons and calicoes. Tbtf.

in whom any of the Premiles are veſted in Truſt for the Partnerſhip.

This Act ſhall be deemed a public Act, and be judicially taken Notice of, as ſuch, by all Judges, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

Philadelphia, April 23, 1761.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given, that the Sale, by way of Auction, or public Vendue, as ordered by Act of Parliament, of the Eſtate of the Pennſylvania Land Company in London, will begin at the Old Ferry-houſe, kept by Iſaac Millnor, in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, in this City, on the 23d Day of October next; at which Time and Place, at Eight o'Clock in the Morning, will be expoſed to Sale, to the higheſt Bidders,

The following Tracts of Land, in the Province of Weſt New-Jerſey, viz.

One Tract of 6252 Acres, ſituate on Paulin's-kiln River, in Suſſex County. One other Tract of 2865 Acres, ſituate in Morris County, and the ſaid County of Suſſex, on both Sides of Muſkenekunk River. One other Tract of 2712 Acres, ſituate in the ſaid County of Suſſex, at the Foot of Pehaqualong Mountain. And one other Tract, ſituate in the County of Salem, in Brand Neck, containing 2460 Acres; which ſaid Tracts will be divided into ſmall Parcels before the Time of Sale, in order to accommodate the Purchaſers. Alſo their unlocated Rights to Lands, and all other their Eſtate and Intereſt in Weſt New-Jerſey.

On the 24th of the ſame Month, at Five o'Clock in the Evening, will be ſold at the ſame Place, the Water and Bank Lots in this City, conſiſting of one Water Lot, 55 Feet in Breadth; and three Bank Lots, oppoſite the ſame, 22 Feet each in Breadth, ſituate between Market and Arch-ſtreets. Alſo League-Iſland.

On the 26th of the ſame Month, at the ſame Place, at Eight o'Clock in the Morning, will begin the Sale of the following Tracts of Land, viz.

179 Acres and a Quarter, in Roxborough Townſhip, Philadelphia County, ſituate on the Wiſſahiccon Road, about nine Miles from this City, bounded by ſaid Road, by Land of Samuel Powell, by the Line of Germantown Townſhip, and by ---------- Wilſon's Land. There are about 40 Acres cleared, and a Houſe, Barn and other Improvements upon it, and is now in the Poſſeſſion of Thomas Daves.

730 Acres, beſides Allowance, of unimproved Land, ſituate in Oley Townſhip, Berks County, about 50 Miles diſtant from this City, bounded by Land of Samuel Gouldin, Anthony Hunter, Peter and Jonathan Harbine, Martin Shankle, Doctor Moyer, and by Land late of Caſpar Wiſtar, deceaſed, now of Iſaac Greenleafe, and is intended to be ſold in two or three Diviſions.

184 Acres, in Warrington Townſhip, Bucks County, now in the Poſſeſſion of William Reed, and William Thompſon, bounded by the Line of Philadelphia County, by ſaid Reed's Land, and Land formerly of Samuel Carpenter, deceaſed.

The Tract in New-Providence Townſhip, Philadelphia County, diſtant about 22 Miles from this City, containing near 4000 Acres, which was Part of the Proprietaries Manor of Gilberts, and is bounded by Norrington Townſhip, by Land of Henry Pawling, James Morgan, and others. Alſo by the River Schuylkill, and Perkioming Creek; the Tract conſiſts of about 22 Plantations, from 70 to near 300 Acres each, which are now poſſeſſed by John Edward, Thomas Francis, Thomas Roſiter, Peter and James Skeen, Thomas Gahagan, John Taney, Nathan Davey, Arnold Fox, Samuel Bell, Benjamin Cheſtnut, Daniel Steygar, Daniel Rees, James Morgan, John Chayne, Peter Miſſit, Jacob Woollam, Nicholas Gatchlick, Valentine Shambarck, Chriſtian Recups, and Barnaby Paulin; which are all intended to be put up and ſold ſeparately.

708 Acres in Limerick Townſhip, Philadelphia County, bounded by Land now or late of George and David Evans, William Davis, John Smith, and others, and by the River Schuylkill, conſiſting of five Plantations, from 102 to 202 Acres, now poſſeſſed by Jacob Hoven, Edward Bolton, John Jordan, and Harman Stahl, and are alſo intended to be ſold ſeparately.

212 Acres in ſaid Townſhip and County, near the foregoing, now in the Poſſeſſion of Michael Siwal, bounded by the River Schuylkill, by Land of Enoch Davis, William Brookes, Henry Dininger, and of the ſaidSiwal.

On the 29th of the ſame Month, at the ſame Place and Hour, will begin the Sale of the Tract in Makefield Townſhip, Bucks County, containing about 4000 Acres, which was Part of the Proprietaries Manor of Highlands, diſtant about 30 Miles from this City; bounded by Land of Iſrael Pemberton, Robert Whitaker, the Line of Wright's Townſhip, by Land of Zebulon Heſton, John Beaumont, and others, thence by ſaid River, then by Land of John and Joſeph Knowles, and Henry Baker; it conſiſts of between 25 and 30 Plantations and Parcels of Land, from 50 to 260 Acres, now in the Poſſeſſion of Joſeph Tomlinſon, James Croſs, William Lee, Jonathan Cooper, Thomas and Samuel Merrick, Iſrael Doane, William Keith, William and Thomas Smith, James and William Dillon, Henry Baker, Samuel and James M'Nair, Joſeph Hampton, Ezekiel and Chriſtopher Atkinſon, David Lewis, Bezaliel Wiggins, Charles Stuart, and others, which are alſo intended to be ſold ſeparately.

On the 2d of November next, at the ſame Place and Hour, will begin the Sale of 7500 Acres, beſides Allowance, in Tinicum Townſhip, Bucks County, about 36 Miles from this City, extending near five Miles along the River Delaware, and partly on Tinicum Creek, and on both Sides the Durham Road, and bounded chiefly by Streper's Tract, and other Land of the Proprietaries. There are upwards of 40 Plantations and Settlements upon it, now in the Poſſeſſion of David Newman, Robert James, and Nicholas Patterſon, the late Widow Marſhall, Eliſabeth and James Bayly, John Vratz, Tillman Culp, Robert Steward, John Kelly, James Kennedy, Henry M'Intire, James Wallace, Henry Newton, John Howey, Robert Wilſon, William Richards, Henry Cops, and others; and will be ſold in as many Parcels.

On the 5th of the ſame Month, at the ſame Place and Hour, will begin the Sale of the Company's two Tracts in Lancaſter County; one whereof is ſituate in Lampeter and Manheim Townſhips, and partly on Coneſtogoe Creek, and on the Road from this City to Lancaſter, conſiſting of upwards of 2500 Acres, laid out in Plantations, now in the Poſſeſſion of John Kirk, David Crawford, Andrew Barſinger, James Patterſon, John Rorer, Chriſtian Stover, Widow M'Filly, Joſt Moſſer, ------- Rudiſhal, and others, and is bounded by Land of Sebaſtian Grove, Michael Immall deceaſed, Melchior Sneyder, Leonard Bendar, John and William Baird, Jacob Hartman, Dorus Buckwalter, and others; and is intended to be ſold in Parcels like the foregoing.

The other Tract is ſituate in Straſburgh Townſhip, on a Branch of Pequea, containing 1874 Acres, bounded by Land of John and Iſaac Ferree, John M'Auley, John Elliot, John Huſton, Matthias Slavermaker, and others; it now conſiſts of 5 Plantations, in the Poſſeſſion of Matthias, Daniel, and Henry Slavermaker, Robert Smith, John Huſton, William White, Iſaac Taylor, and others; and is intended to be ſold in as many Parcels.

On the 9th of the ſame Month, at the ſame Place and Hour, will begin the Sale of the Company's large Tract in London-Grove, New-London, London-Britain, and Eaſt-Nottingham Townſhips, in Cheſter County, and extending into New-Caſtle County and Maryland. Alſo what other Land of ſaid Company remains unſold in New-Caſtle County.

On the 19th of the ſame Month, at the ſame Place and Hour, will begin the Sale of a Tract of Land, in the County of Kent on Delaware, ſituate between two navigable Creeks, viz. Murtherkill and Miſpillion, containing 11,000 Acres. Alſo the unlocated Pennſylvania Rights, and all other Intereſt and Eſtate veſted in the Truſtees of the ſaid Company, in and by Virtue of the ſaid recited Act of Parliament.

The Plantations will be numbered in the Maps, and No. 1 be put up firſt, and then the following Numbers; and if the whole ſhould not be ſold on the Day appointed for each Tract, the Sale will continue the ſucceeding Day or Days, till it is finiſhed.

The Truſtees require One Third Part of the Conſideration Money to be paid down; another Third in nine Months after (ſix Months of which is to be without Intereſt) and the other Third in nine Months after that. Thoſe who pay all the Money down, will have ſix Months Intereſt of the two Thirds diſcounted or abated them.

Perſons deſiring further Information reſpecting the Premiſes, are deſired to apply to the Subſcribers, in this City,

FRANCIS RAWLE, and JACOB COOPER,
Attornies of the Truſtees.

N. B. The Advertiſement of April 9, of the Sale of the London Company's Eſtate, being inſerted only in the Supplement to the Pennſylvania Gazette, it was afterwards apprehended that it might admit of a Diſpute, whether the Supplement would fully anſwer the Purpoſe, as the Act requir.d it ſhould be inſerted in the Gazette aforeſaid; therefore, to remove all Objections, it was thought beſt to have it inſerted anew in the Gazette itſelf, which, of Courſe, makes an Alteration in the Days of Sale; and it was alſo ſince thought proper to endeavour to finiſh the Sales of the whole Intereſt this Fall, which, the Public may perceive by the above Advertiſement, is intended to be done in November next.

STRAYED or ſtolen, the 19th of May inſtant, from Edward Brooks, Merchant, in Bordentown, Burlington County, a lightiſh roan Mare, but when her old Coat is off will appear more darkiſh, with a little Caſt on the red Roan; has a brown Noſe, about 14 Hands high, between four and five Years old, a natural Pacer, ſhod before, never been trimmed about the Footlocks, her Mane and Tail well grown when ſtolen, the Outſide of her Tail, cloſe to her Buttock, is more on a lightiſh grey than the reſt of it, has a black Spot on each Shoulder, occaſioned by the Collar, paces faſt, and eaſy Travel, and of good Courage, her Mane hangs on the off Side, and has been lately trimmed on the Foretop. Whoever takes up ſaid Mare, and brings her to the Owner in Bordentown, or to Abraham Carlile, Houſe-carpenter, in Philadelphia, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ EDWARD BROOKS.

WILLIAM BALL,

Intending for England next fall, deſires all perſons whoſe accounts are ſix months ſtanding, to make immediate payment; and thoſe that have any demands againſt him, to bring them in for payment. He has imported in the laſt veſſels from England, an aſſortment of the following goods, which he will ſell very cheap for caſh or three months credit, at his ſtore on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, viz.

SUperfine and coarſe broadcloths, ſhaloons, durants, tammies, camblets, white and dyed jeans, fuſtians, white and black ruſſels, buckrams, ſewing ſilk and thread, variety of mohair, horn, gilt and white metal buttons, ſilk handkerchiefs, cheek and kenting ditto, variety of ribbons, laces, worſted bindings, ſky and black pelongs, black paduaſoy, taffeties, modes, alopeen, ſtock and wriſt band tapes, bed bunts, chints and calicoes, printed linens and cottons, Iriſh linen, tandems, princes linen, piſtol and long lawns, cambricks, muſlins, table cloths, clouting diaper, cotton gowns, ſtriped hollands, 7-8ths and yd. wd. checks, London ſhoes, pins and needles, writing paper, chip hats, variety of mens and womens ſtockings, of worſted, thread and ſilk, felt hats, garters, fans, ſmall ſconce looking-glaſſes, hand bellows, neſts of gilt leather trunks, halfthicks, duffils, plains and kerſeys, Manchester velvet, hair and worſted pluſhes, worſted damaſks, figured worſted ſtuffs, mens and womens fine gloves and mitts, wool cards, flat-irons, box-irons, ſnuff and tobacco boxes, braſs wire, iron binding ditto, japanned waiters, trays and bread baſkets, ink-holders, awl-blades, ſhoemakers knives, carpenters rules and compaſſes, gimblets, neſts of braſs ſkillets, block-tin, braſs, ſteel and whitemetal ſhoe and knee buckles, braſs and ſtone ſleeve buttons and ſtuds, black lead pencils, fleams and lancets, table knives and forks, variety of cutteau knives, penknives, razors and ſciſſars, taylors ſhears, files and raſps, red lead, vermillion, pruſſian blue, beſt velvet and common corks, fowling pieces, flints, F and FF gunpowder, ſhot and lead, variety of watch ſeals, keys, chains and ſilk ſtrings, watch hooks, main-ſprings, inſide chains, verges, chryſtals, &c. ſilver watches, fine French paſte ſollitairs ſet in ſilver, ear-rings ditto, ſhoe, knee, ſtock and boſom buckles ditto, ſleeve buttons, ſtone finger rings ſet in gold, plated ſpurs and buckles, ſmelling-bottles, true French Paper ſnuff-boxes, ſteel ſhoe and knee chapes and tongues for ſilver buckles, money ſcales and weights, ſundry articles for goldſmiths, jewellers, watchmakers, &c. &c. Tbctf.

N. B. Said William Ball ſtill continues the goldſmith's buſineſs as uſual, where all perſons may be well ſupplied, at the cheapeſt rates.

To be LETT, for a Term of Years,

A HOUSE and Lot, with Firewood, ſituate in the Great Valley, near the White-Horſe, Cheſter County, commodiouſly ſeated by the Great Coneſtogoe Road, leading to Philadelphia, where the Buſineſs of a Taylor has been carried on for ſeveral Years paſt; being an extraordinary good Place for a Man of that Trade. Whoever inclines to rent the ſame, may apply to the Owner, living adjacent thereto. ¶ RICHARD RICHISON.

TO be ſold at the upper End of Germantown, over againſt the Lutheran Church, at the Comb Shop, Catherine Diemer's excellent Ointment for the Cure of Scald Heads, without Smart, Pain or Loſs of Time; it may be depended on as a certain Cure, if of 30 or 40 Years ſtanding; the Succeſs of this Ointment has been experienced upwards of twenty Years, on many Hundreds in this and the neighbouring Provinces. Several Children of a Year old have been cured, and many, after they had been at great Expence under the Hands of the moſt ſkillful Doctors. Likewiſe ſeveral in the Army, who muſt otherwiſe have been diſcharged, have been cured by this Ointment. It is to be had only at the above mentioned Place, with proper Directions to uſe it, for any Part of his Majeſty's Dominions, at reaſonable Rates.----We likewiſe take Perſons, who deſire it, into the Houſe till cured.

¶ JOHN and ELIZABETH BELLIN.

Alſo may be had, Deimer's Pills, for the Gravel, or Pain in the Back, which give preſent Eaſe.

To be SOLD, *and entered on immediately,*

A LOT of GROUND, ſituate in the Middle of Germantown, adjoining the Houſe of Thomas Roſe, and oppoſite Simon Siron's, containing 36 Perches of Land, being 59 Feet front on the main Street: There is on the Premiſes a Stone Houſe two Stories high, 28 Feet front by 31 deep, a Cellar under the Whole: The Premiſes is either fit for a Shopkeeper, or any other public Buſineſs. For further Particulars enquire of the Subſcriber, on the Premiſes. JOSEPH ASHMEAD.

N. B. The Subſcriber has alſo 112 Perches of Land, with a convenient Tanyard thereon erected, adjoining the above, which he will rent for a Term of Years. †

CAME to the Plantation of Matthew M'Min, in Warwick Townſhip, Bucks County, about the 8th or 9th of this inſtant May, a Deer coloured Mare, or a dunniſh Colour, no Brand that is to be ſeen, about 6 or 7 Years old. The Owner is deſired to come and prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. ¶

Juſt imported in the Fanny, Captain Lane, from London, and the Johnſon, from Liverpool, and to be ſold cheap by

WILLIAM and JOSEPH TRIMBLE,

At their Store in Wilmington,

AN Aſſortment of European and India Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon.

THE Town of Joppa is ſituate in Baltimore County, in the Province of Maryland, on a navigable River, where ſmall Sea Veſſels may load, and within four or five Miles where Ships of conſiderable Burthen may load, in View of ſaid Town; alſo where ſeveral Roads center, that lead from the northweſtermoſt Part of ſaid Province, and from the weſtermoſt Part of the Province of Pennſylvania, and is as convenient, if not the moſt convenient Landing to the ſaid Weſtern Inhabitants.

Theſe are to certify to the Public, or any it may concern, That as the Subſcriber has been requeſted, by ſundry Perſons, to lay out a Parcel of Land in Lots adjoining the ſaid Town, on Groundrent, for the Uſe of ſuch Perſons as incline to remove there, from any Part of this Province, or from the neighbouring Governments, that he has laid out about 32 Acres in Half-acre Lots, being ſo much one with the other, including the Streets, which are taken out of the whole, making 64 Lots; all which Lots (except one, which is deſigned for a private Burying-ground) to be lett out on Groundrent for ever, as hereafter mentioned; that is, eight Front Lots, with the Advantage of the Water fronting them, at Fifteen Shillings Sterling per Year, the remaining 56 at Ten Shillings Sterling a Year. And in order to prevent the Subſcriber's Farm from being ſpoiled more than is neceſſary, the Method propoſed to be purſued in taking up the ſaid Lots, is as followeth; the firſt 8 Lots next adjoining the Town (N. B. one of them is the Burying-ground) and then the next eight adjoining them, until the whole are taken; but no one Perſon to hold more than one Lot. All Perſons inclining to have Lots, are deſired to ſend their Names and Place of Abode, to Mr. Robert Biſhop, of ſaid Town (where a Plan may be ſeen at all Times) on or before the laſt Day of June next, as the Beginning to make Leaſes will be about the laſt of Auguſt next. The Subſcriber further advertiſes, That if any Lot or Lots be not built on, and inhabited within three Years after leaſed, and Rents paid, that ſuch Lot or Lots return to the Proprietor or Owner of ſaid Lands. And on Failure of paying one whole Year after it becomes due, at any Time after the ſaid Lot or Lots ſhall be built on, ſuch Lot or Lots alſo to be forfeited, and return to the Owner or Proprietor. ¶ JOHN HALL.

CAME to the Plantation of Chriſtian Warner, in Germantown, Philadelphia County, the 17th of this inſtant May, a brown Horſe Colt, about 14 Hands high, no Brand nor Ear-mark, ſhod before, and paces and trotts well. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away. ¶

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Arthur M'Can, late of Upper-Merion, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate, are deſired to ſend in their Accompts to

GEORGE INGELS, Adminiſtrator.

NOTICE is hereby given, by us the Subſcribers, That we gave a Bond of Thirty-five Pounds unto Barbara Davis, for which ſhe has ſince been paid: Theſe are to forewarn all Perſons not to take any Aſſignment on ſaid Bond, for we will not pay any Part thereof. As witneſſed the 19th Day of May, 1761.

¶ GEORGE ENGELS, JOSEPH ENGELS.

To be LETT, by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Kent County, on Delaware, near Dover,

A DWELLING-HOUSE and LOT, with a good Fulling-Mill, Preſs, Shears, Dye-Kettle, and all other Utenſils neceſſary for carrying on that Buſineſs, being fixed on a good Stream, and well ſupplied with conſtant Cuſtom. Any Perſon inclining to take the ſame, may have them either on a reaſonable yearly Rent, or for a longer Term; or, on being well recommended, work her on Shares, or be paid good Wages for tending her, by THOMAS NIXON. ¶ 4 W.

To be Lett, and entered on immediately,

A GOOD two Story Brick Houſe and Kitchen, with four Rooms on a Floor, with a Stable, Garden, &c. belonging thereto; alſo a Lot of about 3 Acres of Paſture land, with ſome Apple Trees thereon, about Half a Mile from the ſaid Houſe; likewiſe a Water Lot, very ſuitable for building ſmall Veſſels, lying near the ſaid Houſe; and about ten Acres of drained Meadow Land, within good Bank; the whole lying in and near the Town of Newport, on Chriſtiana Creek, New-Caſtle County. The Houſe is pleaſantly ſituated in the moſt public Part of the ſaid Town, and has been a well accuſtomed Tavern for ſome Years paſt, and is ſuitable for any other Kind of public Buſineſs. For Terms, enquire of Joſeph Thomas, living in Newport, or of the Subſcriber, living at James Pearſon's, in Jones's Alley (commonly called Pewter-Platter-Alley) Philadelphia, JOHN MARSHALL. ¶

BY Virtue of his Majeſty's Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to publick Sale, on the Premiſes, on the Fifth Day of June next, about one o'Clock in the Afternoon, A valuable Tract of Pine Land, ſituate in the Townſhip of Greenwich, in the County of Glouceſter, containing by Survey 1068 Acres of good Pine Land, on which has been a Saw-Mill, on a conſtant Stream of Water, about four Miles from a Landing, the Property of William Gerrard, and ſubject to a Mortgage to the Eſtate of Iſaac Stevens, deceaſed. Taken in Execution at the Suit of Charles Weſt, by THOMAS DENNY, Sheriff.

STRAYED away from Rees Morgan, in Earl Townſhip, Lancaſter County, about the Middle of March, two Horſes, the one a bay Horſe, about 12 Hands high, paces a Travel, ſhod before, his Mane trimmed, about 10 Years old; the other a grey Horſe, 7 Years old, 13 Hands high, natural Trotter, ſhod all round, trimmed cloſe under the Bridle, they both have ſhort Tails, and branded C P on the near Buttock. Whoever takes up ſaid Horſes, and brings them to the Owner, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by REES MORGAN. ‡

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Baltimore County, Maryland, on the Fifth Day of April laſt, a Country born Negroe Man, named Shadwell, a well made Fellow, about 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, about 40 Years of Age, he is bald upon the Head, has loſt his upper fore Teeth, has a Scar on one of his Eyelids; had on when he went away, an old grey fearnothing Jacket, without Sleeves, a Cotton Jacket, and Breeches, and coarſe Yarn Stockings, all of them dyed yellow, a felt Hat about Half worn, a coarſe Shirt, and old Shoes, but it is likely he may ſteal other Clothes. It is ſuppoſed he will, or has made for the back Parts of Pennſylvania, or for the Ohio, or the upper Parts of Virginia, he has run away before, and has been at Conegocheague, at Chambers's Fort. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Negroe Man, and brings him Home, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, if taken in this Province, and if out of the Province, and within the South Mountain, Three Pounds; if over the South Mountain Four Pounds; and if over the North Mountain, or in Virginia, Five Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges allowed; or if ſecured in any Goal out of the Province, ſo as he may be had again, Forty Shillings, paid by THOMAS COCKEY. ¶

N. B. He has run away ſeveral times before, and almoſt always changes his Name, and denies his Maſter.

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